

logarithmic U -saturation

$$U = (P \times D)^{0,5}$$

$$\ln U = (\ln P + \ln D) / 2$$

$$\log [(P/U), (D/U)]$$

$$\ln P = [c \cdot \lambda - c \cdot 570]^2_2$$

$$\ln D = [c \cdot \lambda - c \cdot 545]^2_2$$

$$\text{adaptation: } u = 0$$

