

logarithmic U'' -saturation

$$U'' = (P'' \times D'')^{0,5} \quad P'' = 1,06(P + 0,05T) \quad T = 1,06(T + 0,00P)$$

$$\ln U'' = (\ln P'' + \ln D'') / 2 \quad D'' = 1,06(D + 0,00P)$$

$\log[(P''/U''), (D''/U'')]$ adaptation: $u = 0$

