

Application of colour in daily life or in Information Technology (IT):

Design, architecture, art, industrial products
Measured for CIE standard illuminant D65
colour order system: name and coordinates

RAL Design System (CIELAB):

*LCH**, lightness, chroma, hue

Munsell Colour System:

*VCH**, lightness (Value), Chroma, Hue

Natural Colour System (NCS):

*nce**: blackness, chromaticness, elementary hue

New: Application connection by coordinates *olv, *cmv**, *tce**, ... und linear relation to *LAB****

CIELAB: *LAB** : lightness, red-green and yellow-blue chroma; *LCH** : lightness, chroma, hue

Definition of device coordinates similar to coordinates of colour order systems

*lch**: relative lightness, chromaticness, hue

*tch**, *tce**: triangle lightness, chromaticness, hue or elementary hue

*nce**: blackness, chromaticness, elementary hue

Information technology of printers
Measured for CIE "other" illuminant D50

Device system name and coordinates:

Printer system (illuminant D50):

cmv, content of "cyan", "magenta", "yellow"

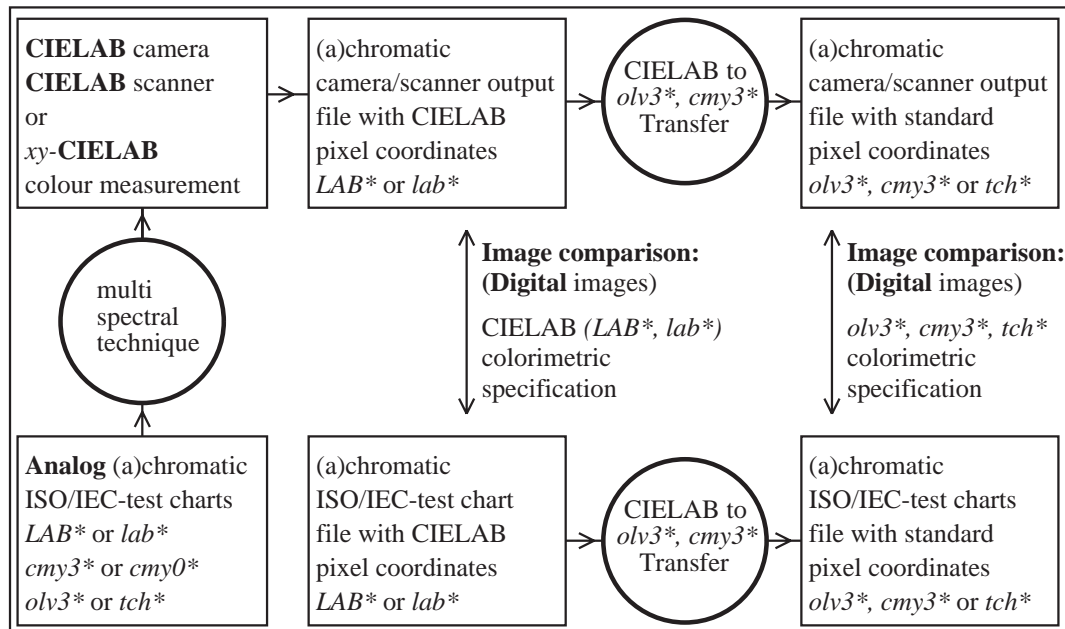
Display system (standard illuminant D65):

rgb/sRGB, content of "red", "green", "blue"

IT colour coordinates confuse the users!

Nearly no connection to colour order systems!

LE430-3, Application connection with coordinates *olv**, *cmv**, *tch**, *tce**, *nce**, ... and linear relationship to *LAB**



LE430-7, Transfer from device independent data *LAB** to device dependent data *olv3**, *cmv3** and *tch**

BAM-test chart no. LE43; IT und CIELAB cameras

Colour order systems and device coordinates *olv**, *cmv**, *tch**

input: *cmv0* setcmvcolor*

output: no change compared to input