-8		V 1	0/10L/L39E00NA.PS/.T	Y M C -8	\equiv
	_	±		(F), Startup (S) or Device (D)	1/
$((\oplus))$	Colour data in file, use		: Equally spaced device or	User specification of the output with rgb data interpretation as olv*	<i>}</i>
	output needs:		entary hue output?	Equally spaced output, equal output, chroma change, smoothing	
Se		User choice no. 1	Device 1 uses the data		ŭ
e f		of colour data for output:	rgb'_1 for output.	device hue colour output olv* for six device hue planes OYLCVM	Ź
or or			1 Is the device output	Colour Code: rgb cmy0 000k w LAB* LCH* nch* nce*	
sin		as device data	equally spaced	5 steps: O O O O O B 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	₫.
inf inf		and output transformation rgb to rgb' ₁ for device 1	for any of the six device hues <i>OYLCVM</i> ?	Lether start in the smith and the start in the	7
orr f		rgo to rgo for device i	device flues OTECVIVI:	Is the output visually equal for equivalent colour data as input? device hue colour output olv* for six device hue planes OYLCVM	Ĭ .
ïle nat	Colour data file with	User choice no. 2	Device 2 uses the data	Colour Code: rgb, cmy0 rgbw rgbLCH* rgbnce*	ڋ
s: 1	input data <i>rgb</i> as <i>undefined</i> colour data	of colour data for output:	rgb'2 for output.	5 steps: O O S S S	<u>ک</u>
n: J	rgb (->rgb)	Output interpretation as device data	Is the device output equally spaced	16 steps: O O O	2
lttt /:c	no special	and output transformation	for any of the six	Exists an option for a change of chroma for equally spaced input data?	9
] X	device colours	rgb to rgb ' ₂ for device 2	device hues OYLCVM?	device hue colour output olv* for six device hue planes OYLCVM Change option: no option less chromatic more chromatic achromatic	
¥ ¥		User choice no. 3	Device 1 uses the data	5 steps:	17
ww.		of colour data for output:	rgb''_1 for output.	16 steps: O O O O	2
.ba			3 Is the device output	Exists an option for colour smoothing for equally spaced input data?	<u> </u>
بر بخ القرار	Remark:	as elementary data	equally spaced	device hue colour output olv* for six device hue planes OYLCVM Smoothing option: no option No smoothing smoothing visual evaluation	≟
.de	For output linearisation	and output transformation rgb to rgb" ₁ for device 1	for any of the four elementary hues <i>RJGB</i> ?	5 steps: O O Smoothing Yes/No	7
de	see ISO/IEC TR 19797	780 to 780 That device i		Exists an option for colour smoothing for equally spaced input data? device hue colour output olv* for six device hue planes OYLCVM Smoothing option: no option No smoothing smoothing visual evaluation 5 steps: Smoothing Yes/No 16 steps: Smoothing Yes/No Smoothing Yes/No Smoothing Yes/No ZE391-3	Õ T
35	Colour data in file,	Test: More	or less chromatic device	User specification of the output with rgb data interpretation as rgb*	3
See for similar files: http://www.ps.bam.de/ZE39/; www.ps.bam.de/ZE.HTM Technical information: http://www.ps.bam.de Version 2.1, io=1,1	user chroma change		tary hue output?	Is the output visually equally spaced for equally spaced colour data as input? device hue colour output olv* for six device hue planes OYLCVM Colour Code: rgb cmy0 000k w LAB* LCH* nch* nce* 5 steps:	Z
CSic	user interpretation		Device uses lookup table	Is the output visually equally spaced for equally spaced colour data as input?	D
ĭÿ	and output needs:		olv* – rgb' for output.	elementary hue colour output rgb^* for four elementary hue planes RJGB	2
ps. 2.1		TT (1)	1 Is the device output	Colour Code: rgb cmy0 000k w LAB* LCH* nch* nce*	×
ba , ic		User: Change of chroma and interpretation	more chromatic	5 steps: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-}
<u>`</u>		1 More chromatic by	for any of the six device hues <i>OYLCVM</i> ?	Is the output riguelly equal for equivalent colour data as input?	
de/ ,1		$c^{*'} = c^{*^{1/2}} (new \ rgb),$		elementary hue colour output rgb^* for four elementary hue planes RJGB	RAM
	Colour data file with input data <i>rgb</i> as	output interpretation as <i>device</i> data	Device uses lookup table	Colour Code: rgb, cmy0 rgbw rgbLCH* rgbnce*	Š
.H	undefined colour data		2 olv* – rgb' for output. Is the device output	5 steps: O O O	3
	rgb (->rgb)	$ c^* = c^* (new \ rgb), $	less chromatic	16 steps: O O O	material:
1 –	no special	output interpretation	for any of the six	Exists an option for a change of chroma for equally spaced input data? elementary hue colour output rgb^* for four elementary hue planes RJGB	<u>2</u> .
	device colours	as device data	device hues OYLCVM?	Change ention: no ention less shromatic more chromatic achievantic	
		2. More chromatic by $c^* = c^* \frac{1}{2} (new \ rgb),$	Device uses lookup table	5 steps: 0 0 0 0 6	<u>3</u>
		output interpretation	$rgb^* - rgb''$ for output.	16 steps: O O C Exists an option for colour smoothing for equally spaced input data?	1
		as <i>elementary</i> data	Is the device output more chromatic	elementary hue colour output rgb^* for four elementary hue planes RJGB	بر ج
	Remark:		for any of the four	Smoothing option: no option No smoothing smoothing visual evaluation	code=rha4ta
	For output linearisation see ISO/IEC TR 19797		elementary hues <i>RJGB</i> ?	5 steps: O O Smoothing Yes/No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	
	See 150/11 TR 19/9/		ZE390-7	To steps. O Simothing Tes/140	7)
					$\overline{}$
		BAM-test chart ZE39;			7/
-8		BAM-test chart ZE39; User input, output choi		input: rgb (-> $olv*/rbg*$) $setrgbcolor$ output: no change compared to input	4