For adjacent surface colours in the range 3,6 < Y < 90 or the digital range 100/255 = 0,39 < Y < 100 it is valid:  $L^*_{JND} = a \ (Y/Y_n)^k \qquad [1] \quad a = 572; \ Y_n = 100; \ k = 0,14 = 1/7,2$  $= b \ (Y/Y_u)^k \qquad [2] \quad b = a(Y_u/Y_n)^k = 450; \ Y_u = 18$ 

Lightness L\*<sub>IND</sub> for the Just Noticeable Difference (JND)

Derivation of equation [2] gives with 1-k=0.86:  $\delta(L^*_{1ND})/\delta Y = c \ (Y/Y_u)^{1-k} \quad [3] \quad c = (b \ k)/Y_u = 63/18 = 3.5$  or for the treshold  $\delta(L^*_{1ND})=1$ 

For  $Y=Y_n$  it is valid:  $L*_{IND_n}=450$ .

CEA11-4N

 $\delta Y = d (Y/Y_w)^{1-k}$  [4]  $d = Y_w(b \ k) = 18/63 = 0,29$ For the surround lightness  $L^*_{JNDu} = 450$  with  $Y = Y_u$  the threshold is:  $\delta Y_{JNDu} = 0,29$ . This threshold is independent of k.