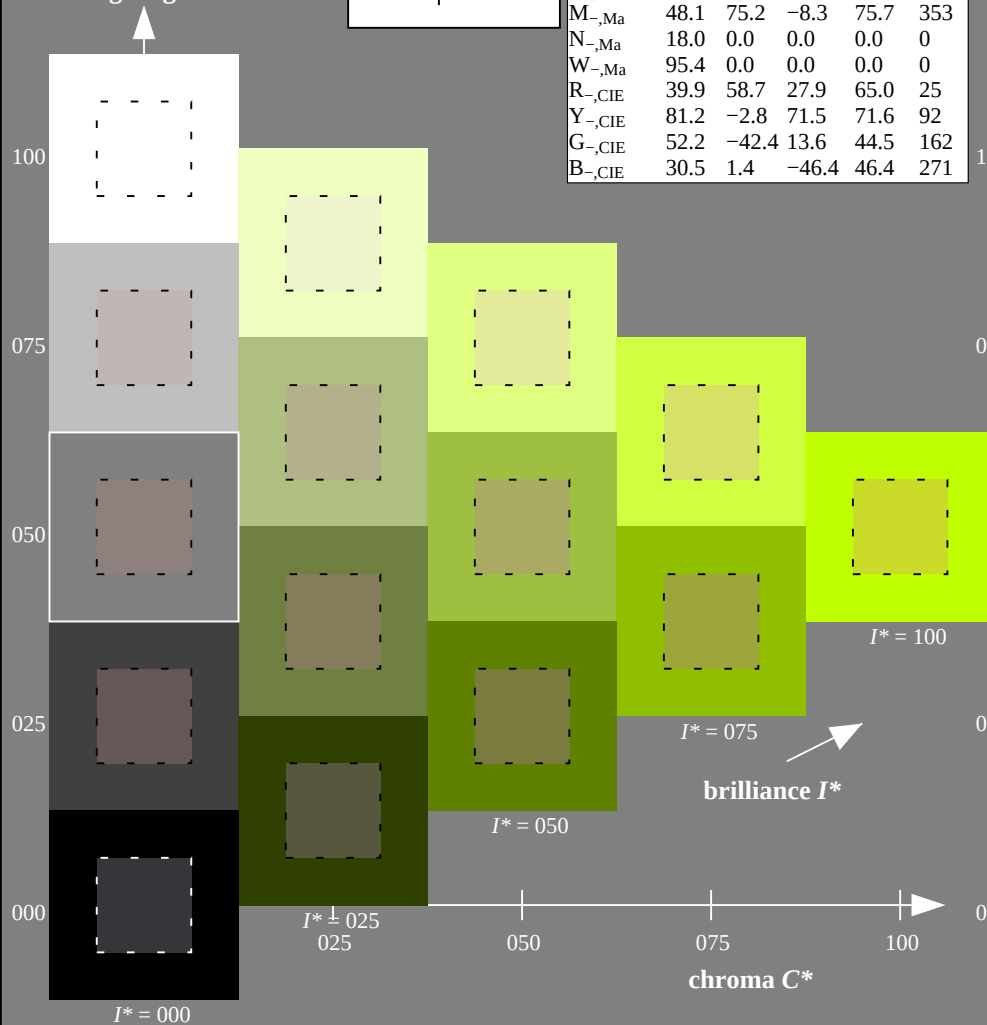


$$H^*_- = Y25G_-$$

A diagram of a hexagonal unit cell. The horizontal axis is labeled a^* and the vertical axis is labeled b^* . Six colored dots are placed at the vertices of the hexagon: green (top-left), red (top-right), cyan (bottom-left), magenta (bottom-right), blue (bottom), and yellow (top). A yellow dot is also shown at the center of the hexagon, with a yellow line connecting it to the top-left vertex.

name	$L^* = L_a^* a_a^*$	b_a^*	$C_{ab,a}^*$	$h_{ab,a}^*$	
R ₋ Ma	47.9	65.3	50.5	82.6	37
Y ₋ Ma	90.3	-10.2	91.7	92.3	96
G ₋ Ma	50.9	-62.8	34.9	71.9	150
C ₋ Ma	58.6	-30.3	-45.0	54.2	236
B ₋ Ma	25.7	31.0	-44.4	54.2	305
M ₋ Ma	48.1	75.2	-8.3	75.7	353
N ₋ Ma	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
W ₋ Ma	95.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
R ₋ CIE	39.9	58.7	27.9	65.0	25
Y ₋ CIE	81.2	-2.8	71.5	71.6	92
G ₋ CIE	52.2	-42.4	13.6	44.5	162
B ₋ CIE	30.5	1.4	-46.4	46.4	271



LabCh*_{-Ma}: 83 -18 79 81 102

*rqbic**_Ma:

triangle lightness T^*

0%

%Gamut

u*_{rel} = 92

%Regularity

$$g^*_{H,rel} = 57$$
$$g^*_{C,rel} = 58$$
