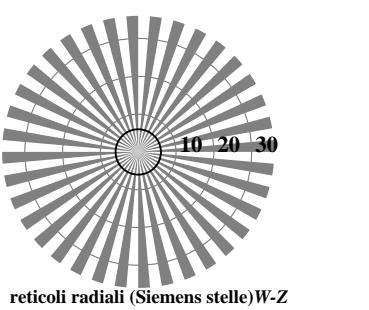
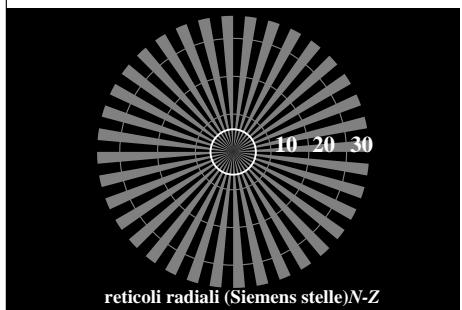
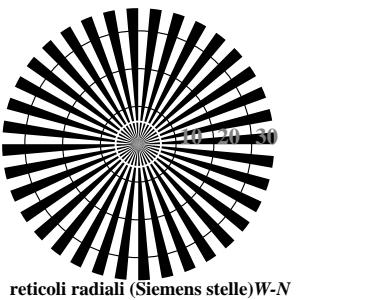
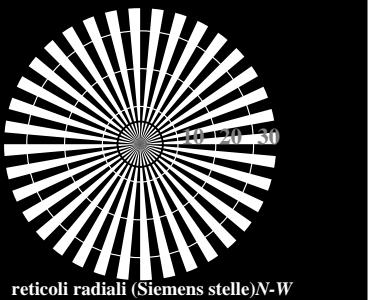
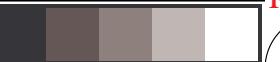
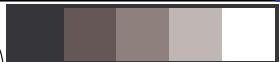


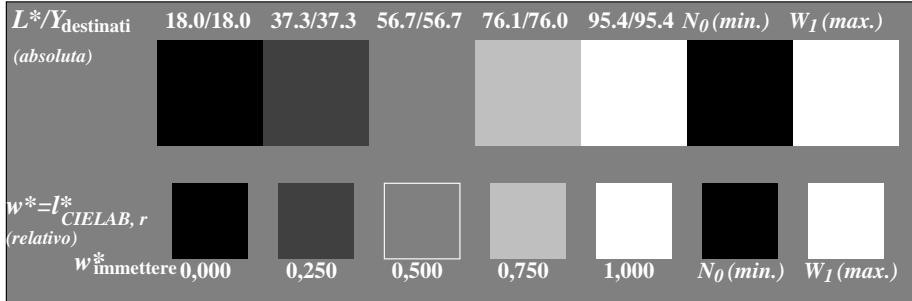
TUB iscrizione: 20150901-RI98/RI98L0FP.PDF/.PS
la domanda per la misura uscita nella stampa di offset

TUB materiale: code=rha4ta

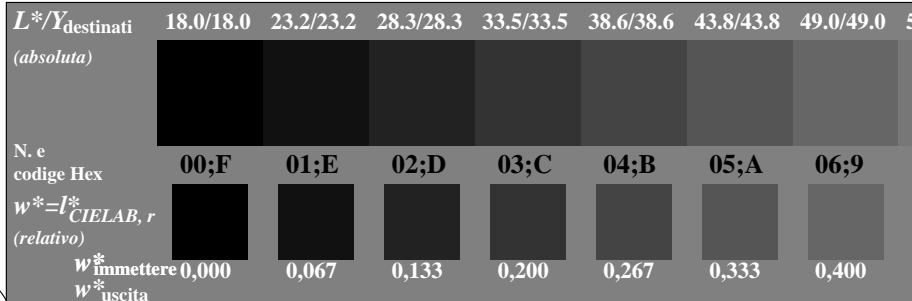
v L o Y M C http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik/RI98/RI98L0FP.PDF/.PS; cominciare l'uscita
F: 3D-linearizzazione RI98/RI98LI30FP.DAT nel file (F), pagina 1/2



RI980-3, Fig. A1W-: Elemento A: reticolli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: $w^* setgray$



RI980-5, Fig. A2W-: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_I ; PS operator: $w^* setgray$



RI980-7, Fig. A3W-: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: $w^* setgray$

grafico RI98; ME16(ISO 9241-306), 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
prova acromatica grafico N

lo sfondo passo 0
codice esadecimale

7

E

2

8

F

anelli di Landolt W-N

codice: sfondo passo-anello passo

1 anello passo 0-1
codice esadecimale

8

F

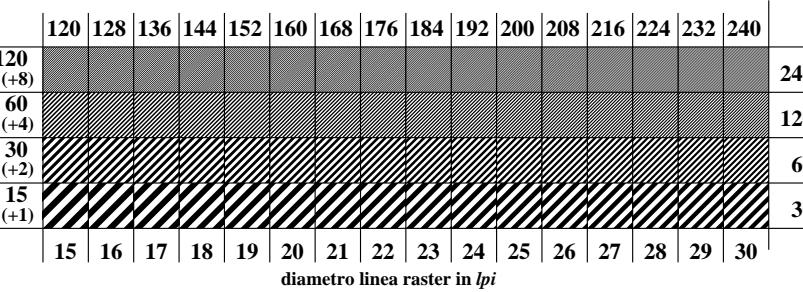
0

6

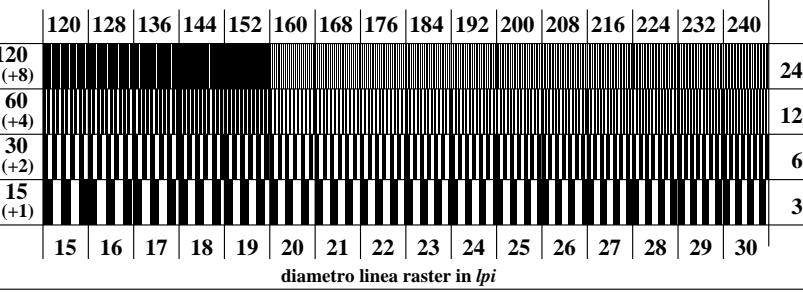
D

7-8
E-F
2-0
8-6
F-D

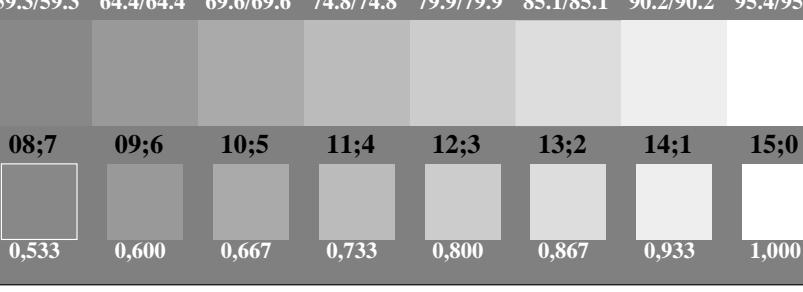
RI981-1, Fig. A4W-: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: $w^* setgray$



RI981-3, Fig. A5W-: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: $w^* setgray$

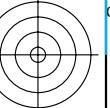
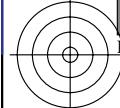


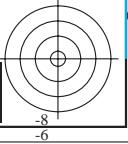
RI981-5, Fig. A6W-: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: $w^* setgray$



immettree: $rgb/cmky \rightarrow rgb/cmky$
uscita: nessun cambiamento

vedere dei file simili: <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik/RI98/RI98.htm>
informazioni tecniche: <http://www.ps.bam.de> o <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik>

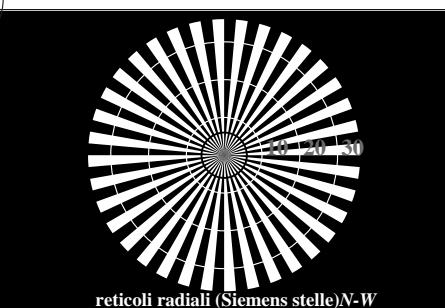




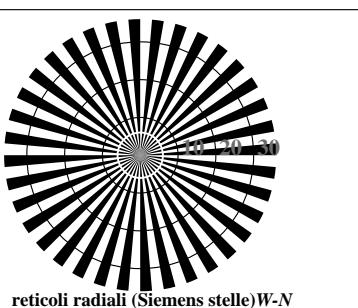
v http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik/RI98/RI98L0FP.PDF/.PS; 3D-linearizzazone
F: 3D-linearizzazone RI98/RI98LI30FP.DAT nel file (F), pagina 2/2
vedere dei file simili: http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik/RI98/RI98.HTML
informazioni tecniche: http://www.ps.bam.de o http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik



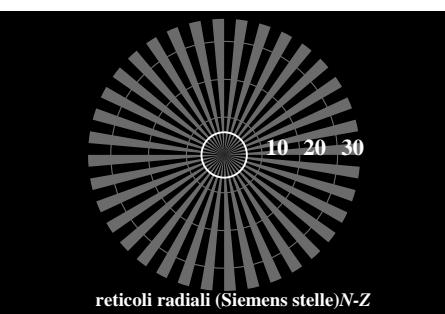
v http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik/RI98/RI98L0FP.PDF/.PS; 3D-linearizzazone
F: 3D-linearizzazone RI98/RI98LI30FP.DAT nel file (F), pagina 2/2



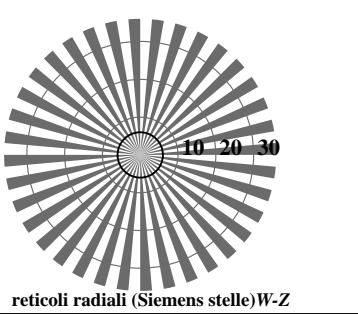
reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle)N-W



reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle)W-N

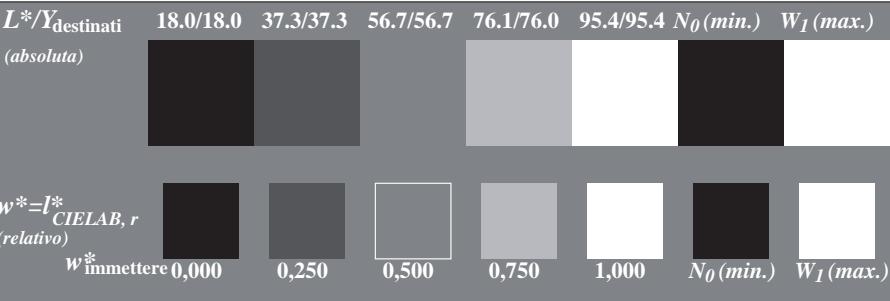


reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle)N-Z

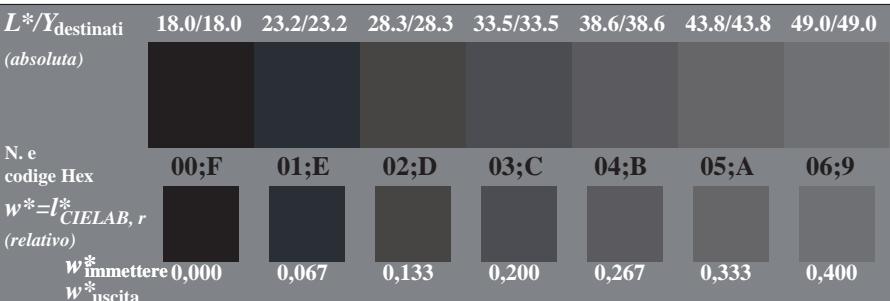


reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle)W-Z

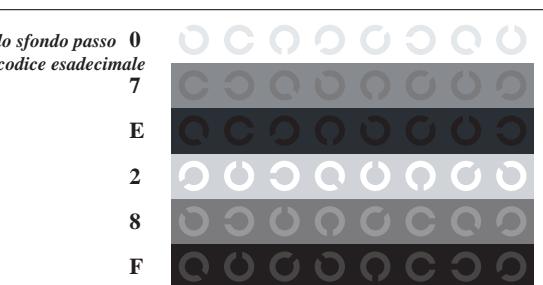
RI980-3, Fig. A1Wdd: Elemento A: reticolli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: w* setgray



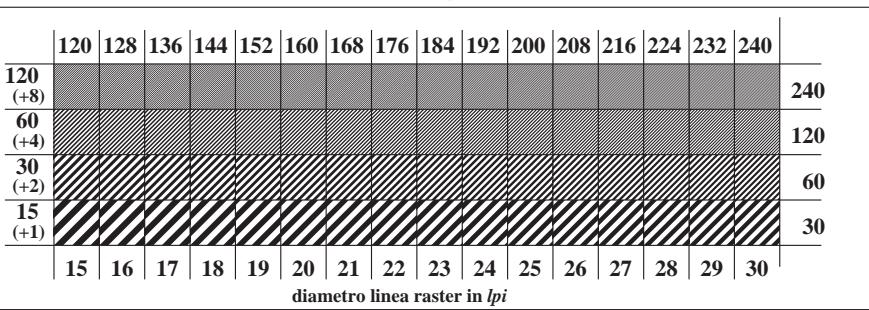
RI980-5, Fig. A2Wdd: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_I ; PS operator: w* setgray



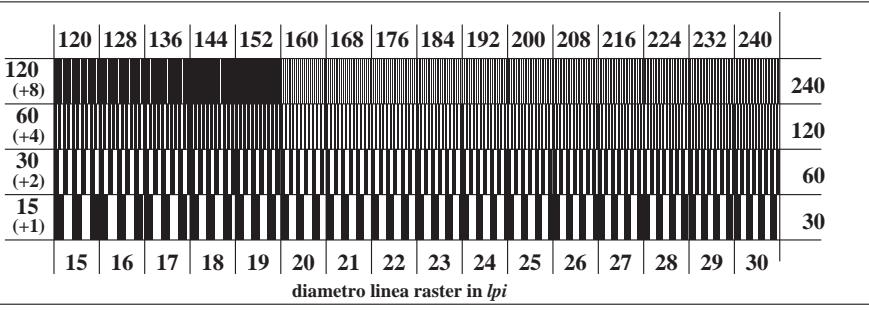
RI980-7, Fig. A3Wdd: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: w* setgray



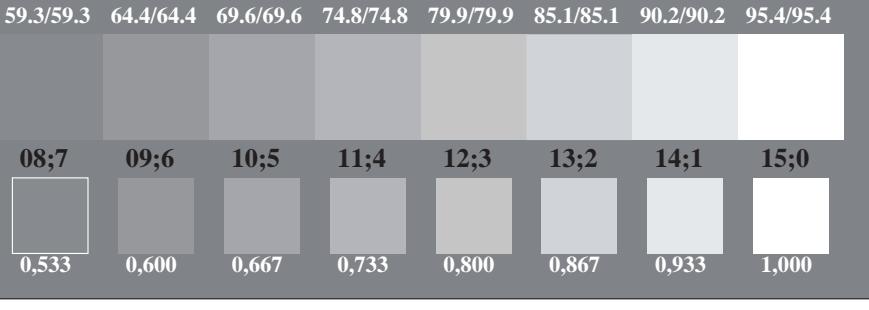
RI981-1, Fig. A4Wdd: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: w* setgray



RI981-3, Fig. A5Wdd: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: w* setgray



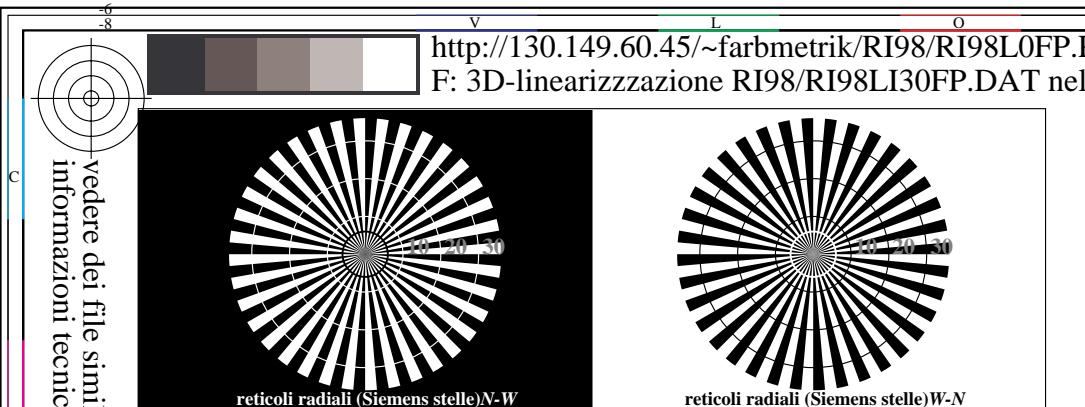
RI981-5, Fig. A6Wdd: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: w* setgray



immettree: $rgb/cmymk \rightarrow rgb_{dd}$
uscita: 3D-linearizzazione a $cmymk^*_{dd}$



4-103130-F0 C M Y O L V



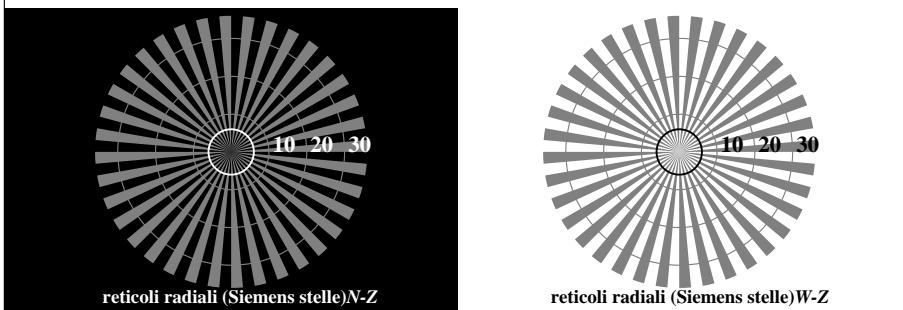
<http://130.149.60.45/~farbmeftrik/RI98/RI98L0FP.PDF> /PS; cominciare l'uscita F: 3D-linearizzzazione RI98/RI98LI30FP.DAT nel file (F), pagina 1/2

RI98S0L

TUB iscrizione: 20150901-RI98/RI98L0FP.PDF /PS
la domanda per la misura uscita nella stampa di offset

TUB materiale: code=rha4ta

) vedere dei file simili: <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrik/R198/R198.HTM>
informazioni tecniche: <http://www.ps.bam.de> o <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrik>



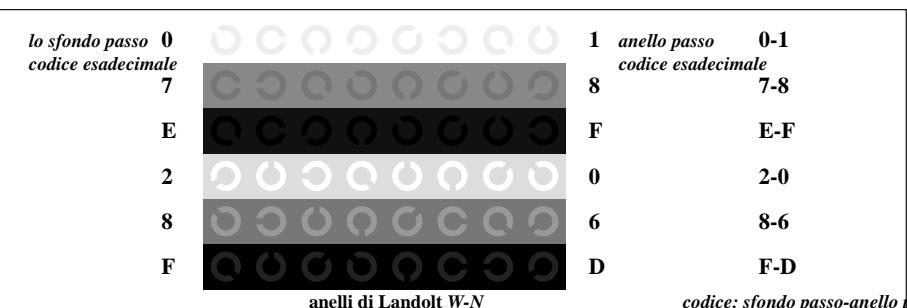
RI980-3, Fig. A1W: Elemento A: reticoli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z e W-Z; PS operator: w^* setgray

RI980-5, Fig. A2W-: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + NO + WI; PS operator: w^* setgray

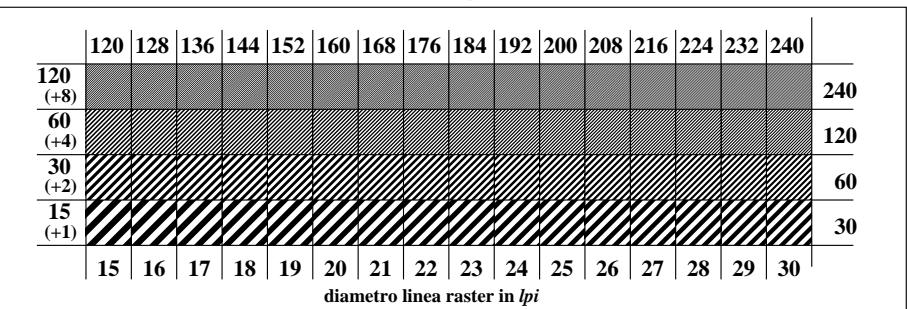
$L^*/Y_{\text{destinatario}}$ (assoluta)	18.0/18.0	23.2/23.2	28.3/28.3	33.5/33.5	38.6/38.6	43.8/43.8	49.0/49.0
N. e codice Hex	00;F	01;E	02;D	03;C	04;B	05;A	06;9
$w^* = l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$ (relativo)	0,000	0,067	0,133	0,200	0,267	0,333	0,400
$w^*_{\text{immettere}}$ $w^*_{\text{...}}$							

BJ980-7 Fig. A3W-: Elemento C: 16 equidistanti L^* grigio passi: PS operator: w^* setgray

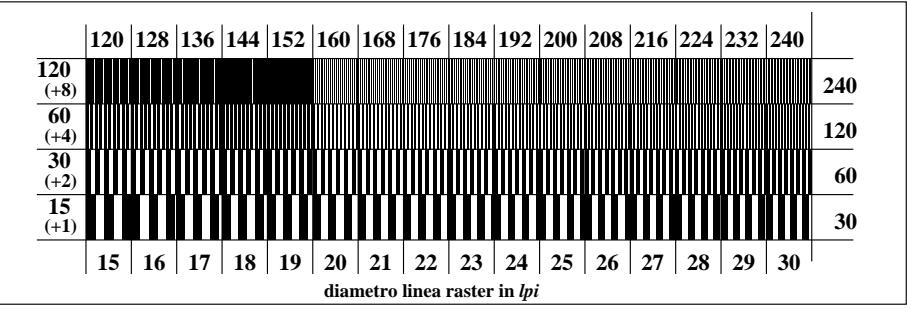
grafico RI98; ME16(ISO 9241-306), 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
prova acromatica grafico *N*



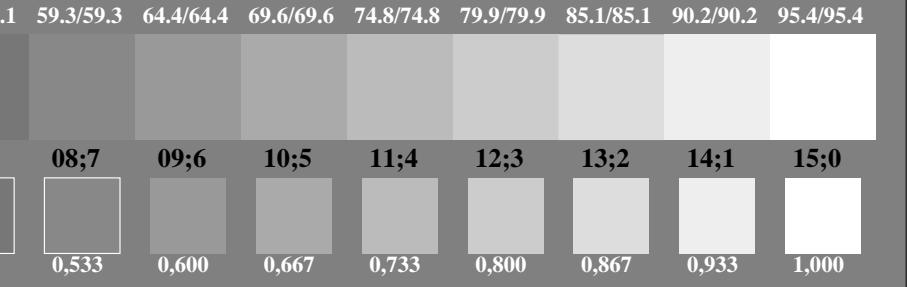
RI981-1, Fig. A4W-: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: $w^* setgray$



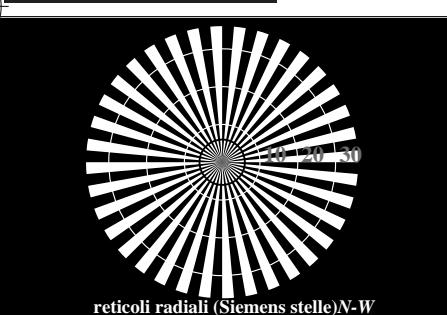
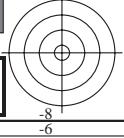
RI981-3, Fig. A5W-: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: w^* setgray



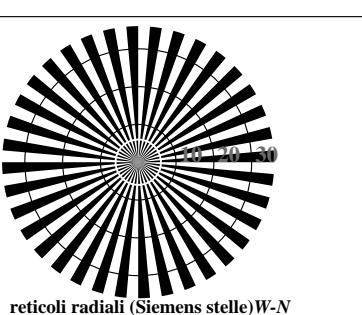
RI981-5, Fig. A6W-: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: $w^* setgray$



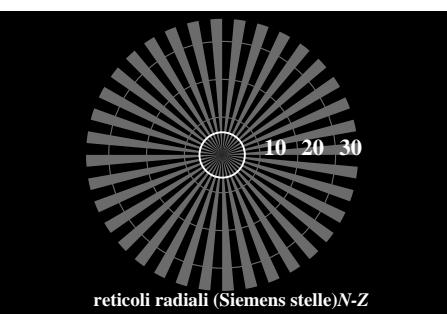
mmtree: $rgb/cmyk \rightarrow rgb/cmyk$
uscita: nessun cambiamento



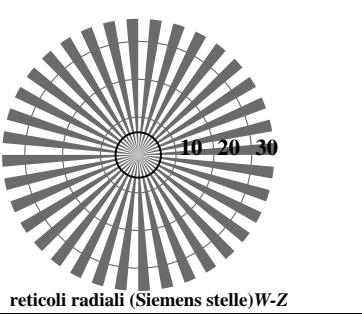
reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle)N-W



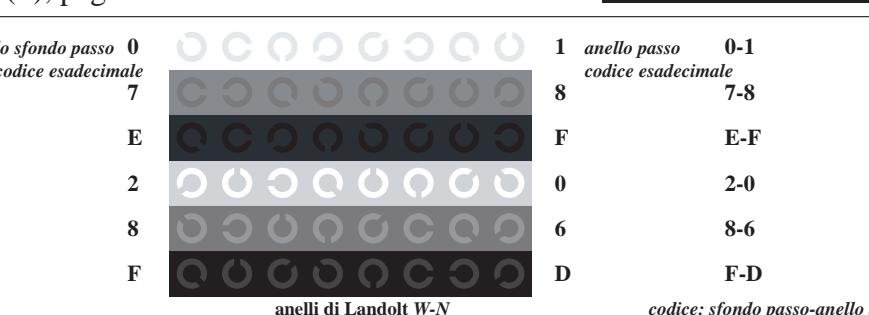
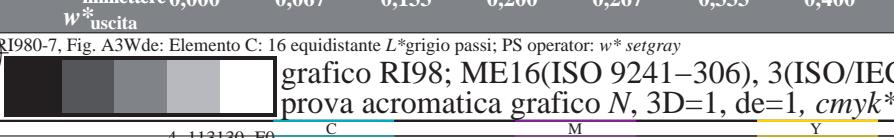
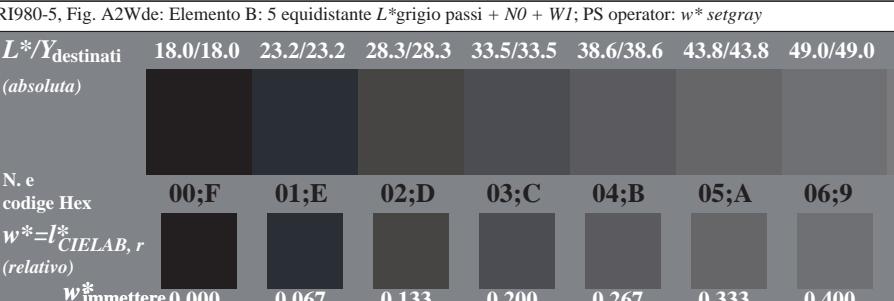
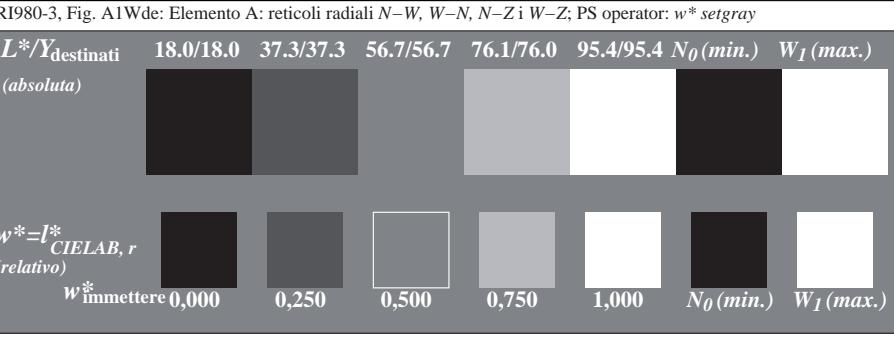
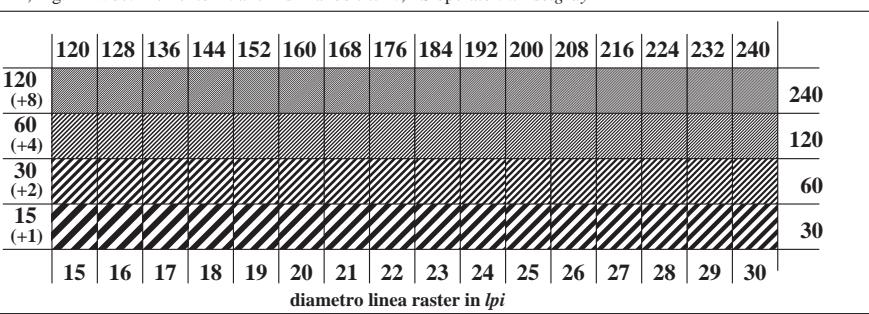
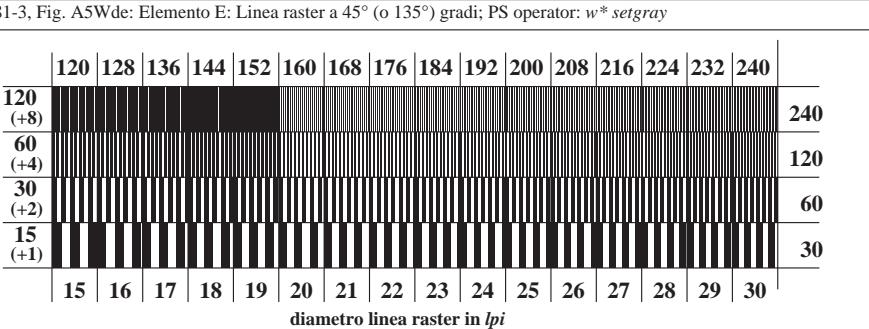
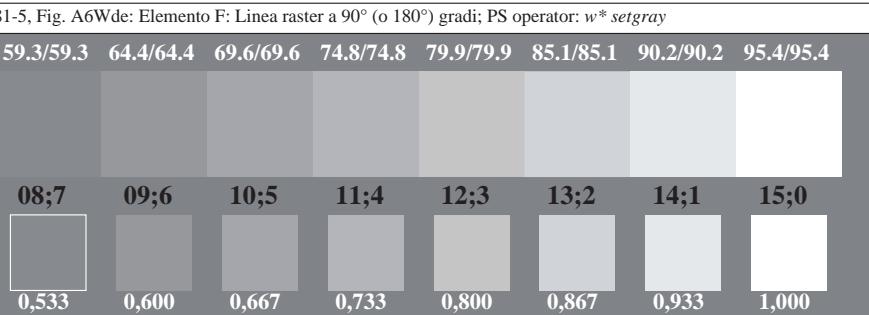
reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle)W-N



reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle)N-Z



reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle)W-Z

RI981-1, Fig. A4Wde: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: $w^* setgray$ RI981-3, Fig. A5Wde: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: $w^* setgray$ RI981-5, Fig. A6Wde: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: $w^* setgray$ 

immettree: $rgb/cmyk \rightarrow rgb_{de}$
uscita: 3D-linearizzazione a $cmyk^*_{de}$