

# Equations: colorimetric data transfer from $rgb_d$ to $nce^*_d$ data and $LCH^*_d$ data

Given:  $rgb_d$  device colour data of any colour  $rgb_d = lab * rgb_d$  and of 48 step colour circle  $j=0$  to 47

$rgb_{Md,j}$  and CIELAB data  $L^*_{Md,j}$ ,  $C^*_{ab,Md,j}$ ,  $h_{ab,Md,j} = LCH^*_{Md,j}$

Aim: calculate  $nce^*_d$  with ( $0 \leq n^*_d$ ,  $c^*_d$ ,  $e^*_d \leq 1$ ) (similar to NCS data) and  $LCH^*_{a,d}$  data of the device colour

Data of a given device (d) colour

relative chroma of the device colour  $c^*_d = \max [ rgb_d ] - \min [ rgb_d ]$  (1)

relative blackness of the device colour  $n^*_d = 1 - \max [ rgb_d ]$  (2)

relative triangle lightness of the device colour  $t^*_d = 1 - n^*_d - 0,5 c^*_d$  (3)

relative red-green chroma in 6x60 degree system s  $a^*_{rs,d} = r_d \cos(30) + g_d \cos(150)$  (4)

relative yellow-blue chroma in 6x60 degree system s  $b^*_{rs,d} = r_d \sin(30) + g_d \sin(150) + b_d \sin(270)$  (5)

hue angle in 6x60 degree system s  $h_{ab,s,d} = \arctan[ b^*_{rs,d} / a^*_{rs,d} ]$  ( $0 \leq h_{ab,s,d} \leq 360$ ) (6)

hue number in 6x60 degree system s  $e^*_d = h_{ab,s,d} / 360$  ( $0 \leq e^*_d \leq 1$ ) (7)

CIELAB hue angle in device system  $h_{ab,d} = \text{function} [ h_{ab,s,d} ]$  (with table/equations) (8)

adapted CIELAB  $LCH^*_d$  data of maximum colour  $M_d$   $L^*_{Md} = \text{function} [ h_{ab,d} ]$  (with table/equations) (9)

$C^*_{ab,Md} = \text{function} [ h_{ab,d} ]$  (with table/equations) (10)

$h_{ab,Md} = h_{ab,d}$  (11)

relative lightness of maximum colour  $M_d$   $l^*_{Md} = [ L^*_{Md} - L^*_{Nd} ] / [ L^*_{Wd} - L^*_{Nd} ]$  (12)

relative lightness of the device colour  $l^*_d = t^*_d + l^*_{Md} c^*_d + 0,5 c^*_d$  (13)

CIELAB  $LCH^*_d$  data of the device colour  $L^*_d = l^*_d [ L^*_{Wd} - L^*_{Nd} ] + L^*_{Nd}$  (14)

$C^*_{ab,d} = c^*_d C^*_{ab,Md}$  (15)