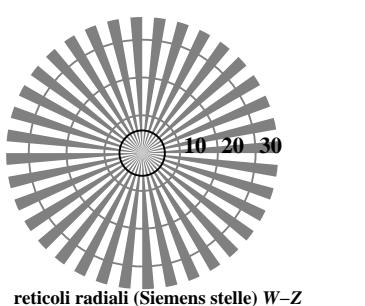
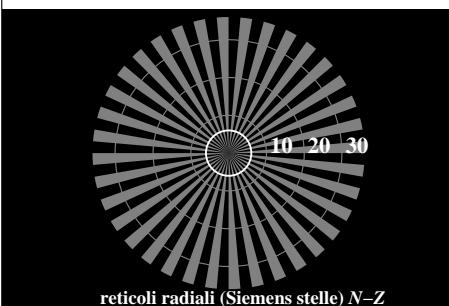
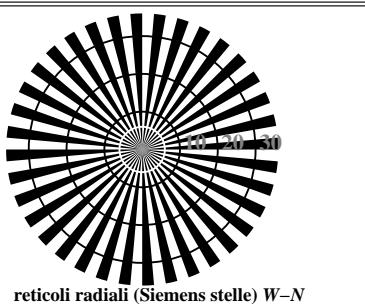
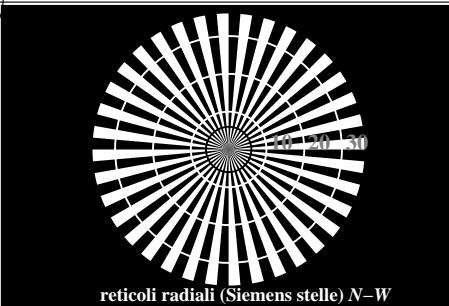
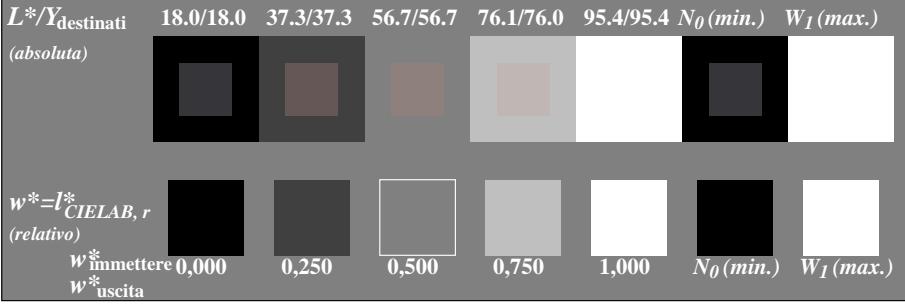
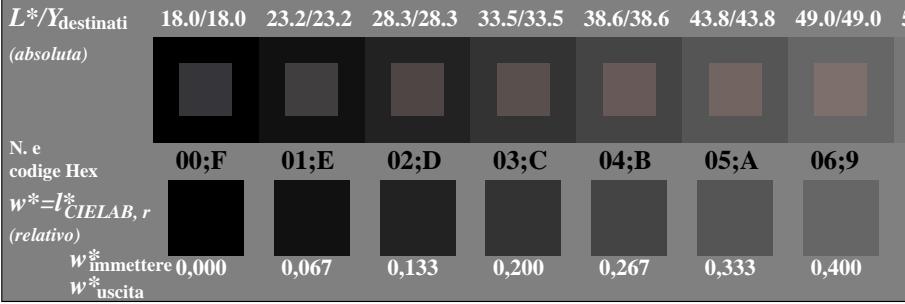
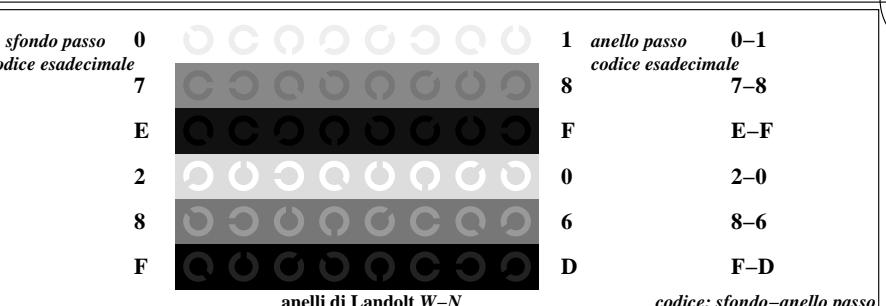
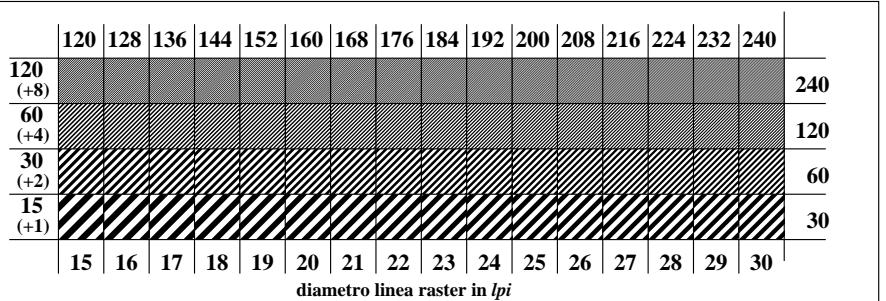
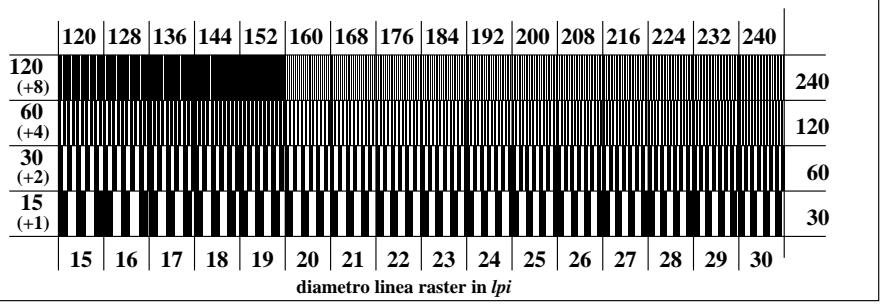
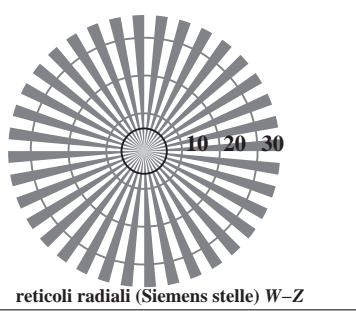
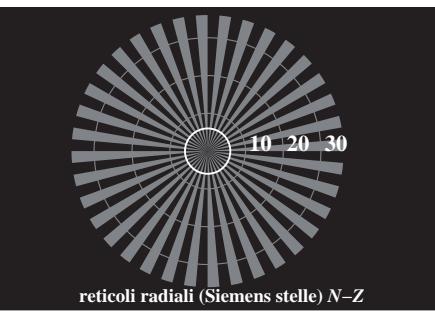
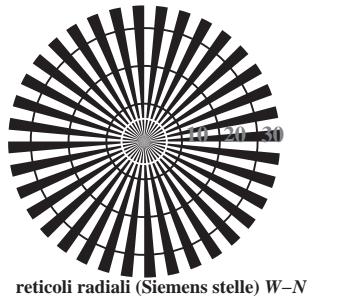
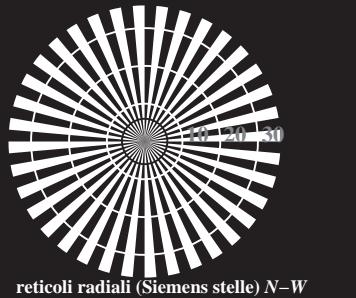


vedi file simili: <http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI75/TI75L0FP.PDF/.PS>
 informazioni tecniche: <http://www.ps.bam.de> o <http://130.149.60.45/~farbm>

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http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI75/TI75L0FP.PDF/.PS; inizio dell'output
 F: linearizzazione 3D TI75/TI75LI30FP.DAT nel file (F), pagine 1/22


 TI750-3, Fig. C1W-: Elemento A: reticolli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

 TI750-5, Fig. C2W-: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

 TI750-7, Fig. C3W-: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

 TI751-1, Fig. C4W-: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

 TI751-3, Fig. C5W-: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

 TI751-5, Fig. C6W-: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*


TI750-3, Fig. C1Wde: Elemento A: reticolli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z e W-Z; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$ (<i>assoluta</i>)	18.0/18.0	37.3/37.3	56.7/56.7	76.1/76.0	95.4/95.4	N_0 (min.)	W_I (max.)
$w^* = l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$ (<i>relativo</i>)	[black]	[dark gray]	[white]	[white]	[black]	[white]	[white]
$w^*_\text{immettere}$ 0,000	0,250	0,500	0,750	1,000	N_0 (min.)	W_I (max.)	
w^*_uscita							

TI750-5, Fig. C2Wde: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_I ; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$ (<i>assoluta</i>)	18.0/18.0	23.2/23.2	28.3/28.3	33.5/33.5	38.6/38.6	43.8/43.8	49.0/49.0	54.1/54.1	59.3/59.3	64.4/64.4	69.6/69.6	74.8/74.8	79.9/79.9	85.1/85.1	90.2/90.2	95.4/95.4
N_e codice Hex	00;F	01;E	02;D	03;C	04;B	05;A	06;9	07;8	08;7	09;6	10;5	11;4	12;3	13;2	14;1	15;0
$w^* = l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$ (<i>relativo</i>)	[black]	[0,067]	[0,133]	[0,200]	[0,267]	[0,333]	[0,400]	[0,467]	[0,533]	[0,600]	[0,667]	[0,733]	[0,800]	[0,867]	[0,933]	[1,000]
$w^*_\text{immettere}$ 0,000																
w^*_uscita																

TI750-7, Fig. C3Wde: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

<i>lo sfondo passo</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>codice esadecimale</i>	7	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
E	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
2	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
8	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
F	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C

anelli di Landolt W-N

codice: sfondo-anello passo

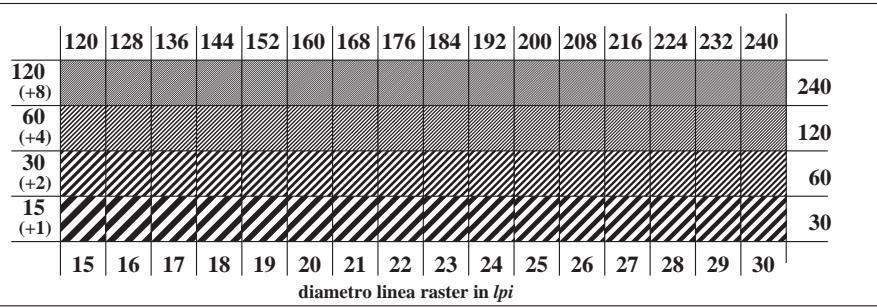
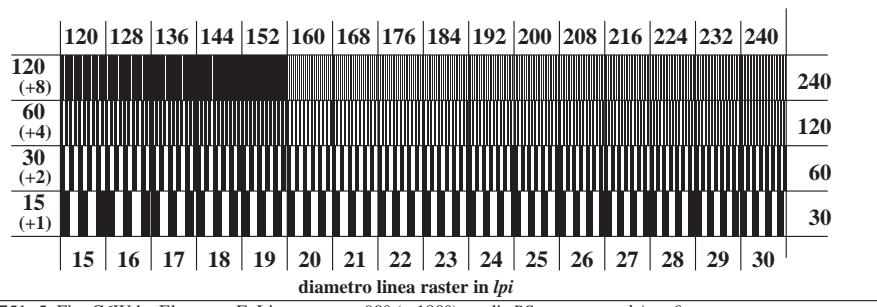
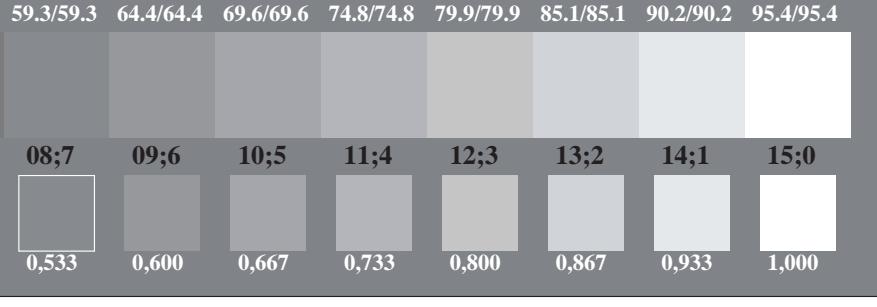
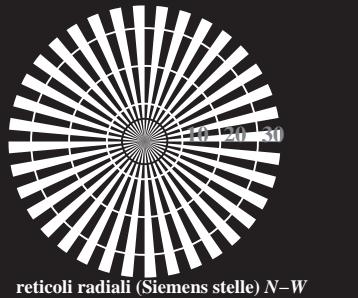
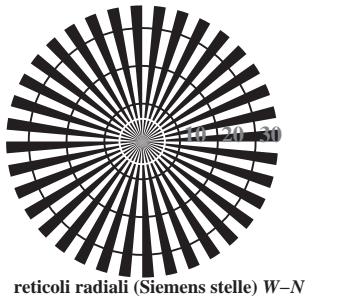
TI751-1, Fig. C4Wde: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*TI751-3, Fig. C5Wde: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*TI751-5, Fig. C6Wde: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*
 TUB materiale: code=rha4ta
 TUB separazione cmyn6* (CMYK)

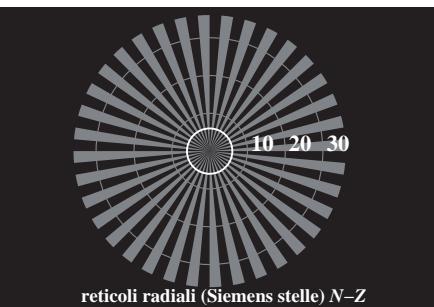
 Grafico TUB-TI75; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
 Input: *rgb/cmyk* → *rgb_{de}*
 Output: linearizzazione 3D a *cmyk_{de}*



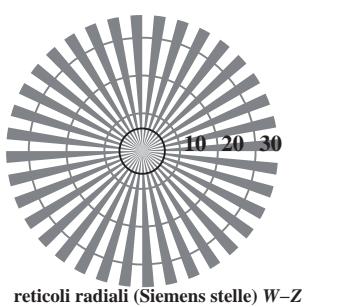
reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle) N-W



reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle) W-N



reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle) N-Z



reticolli radiali (Siemens stelle) W-Z

TI750-3, Fig. C1Wde: Elemento A: reticolli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z e W-Z; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$ (<i>assoluta</i>)	18.0/18.0	37.3/37.3	56.7/56.7	76.1/76.0	95.4/95.4	N_0 (min.)	W_I (max.)
$w^* = l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$ (<i>relativo</i>)	[black]	[dark gray]	[white]	[light gray]	[black]	[white]	
$w^*_{\text{immettere}} 0,000$	0,250	0,500	0,750	1,000	N_0 (min.)	W_I (max.)	
w^*_{uscita}							

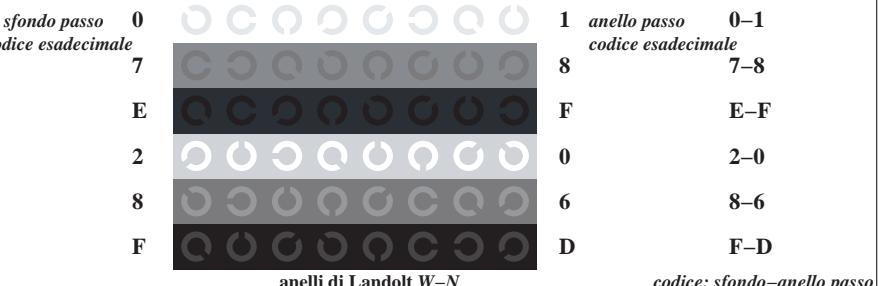
TI750-5, Fig. C2Wde: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_I ; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$ (<i>assoluta</i>)	18.0/18.0	23.2/23.2	28.3/28.3	33.5/33.5	38.6/38.6	43.8/43.8	49.0/49.0	54.1/54.1	59.3/59.3	64.4/64.4	69.6/69.6	74.8/74.8	79.9/79.9	85.1/85.1	90.2/90.2	95.4/95.4
N_e codice Hex	00;F	01;E	02;D	03;C	04;B	05;A	06;9	07;8	08;7	09;6	10;5	11;4	12;3	13;2	14;1	15;0
$w^* = l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$ (<i>relativo</i>)	[black]	[0,067]	[0,133]	[0,200]	[0,267]	[0,333]	[0,400]	[0,467]	[0,533]	[0,600]	[0,667]	[0,733]	[0,800]	[0,867]	[0,933]	[1,000]
$w^*_{\text{immettere}} 0,000$																
w^*_{uscita}																

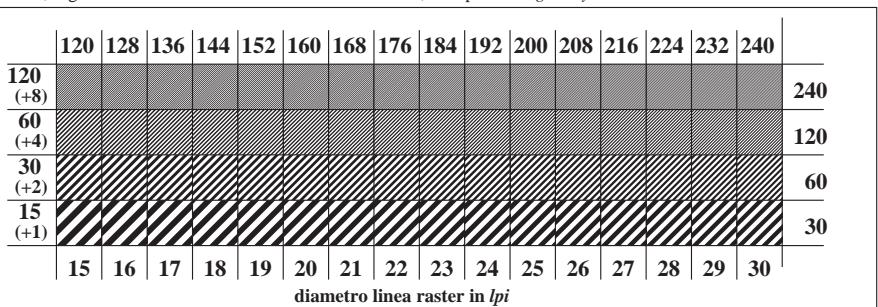
TI750-7, Fig. C3Wde: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



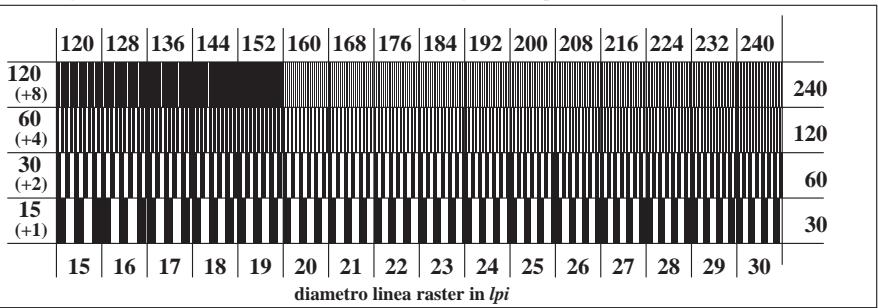
Grafico TUB-TI75; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
 Tavola dei colori acromatici N, 3D=1, de=1, *cmyk**



TI751-1, Fig. C4Wde: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



TI751-3, Fig. C5Wde: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



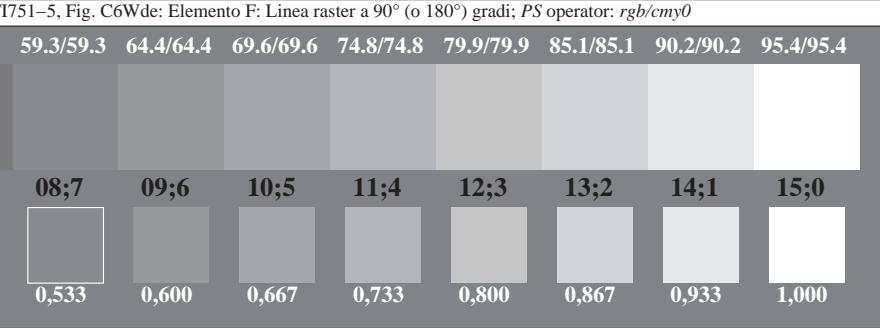
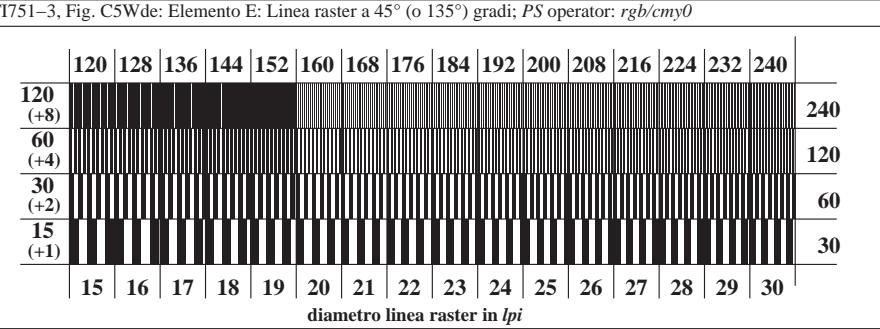
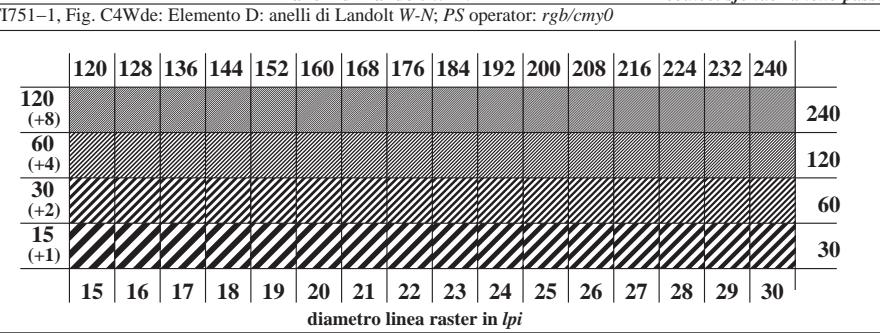
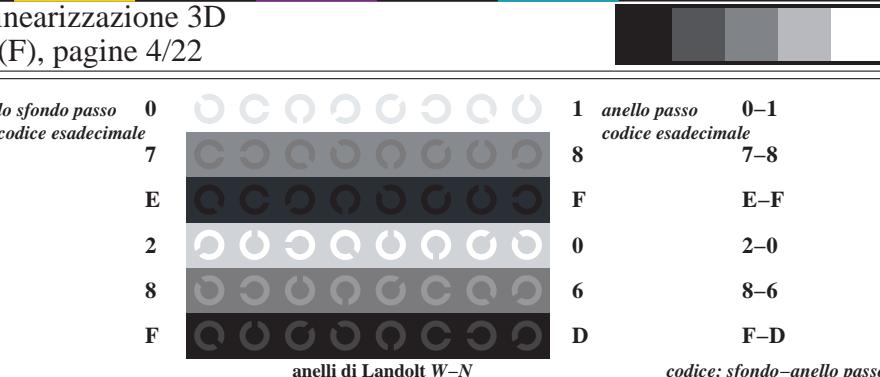
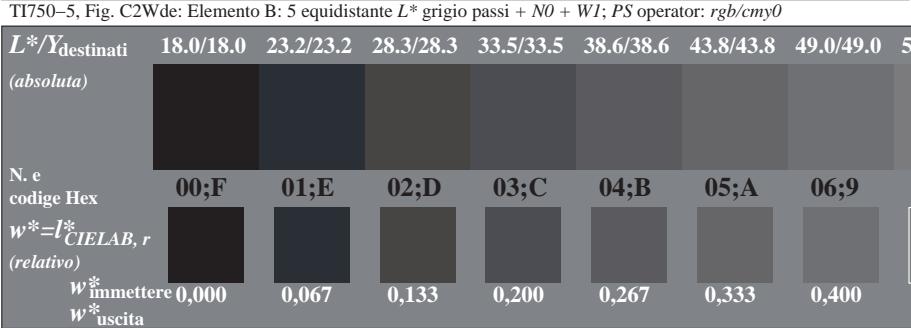
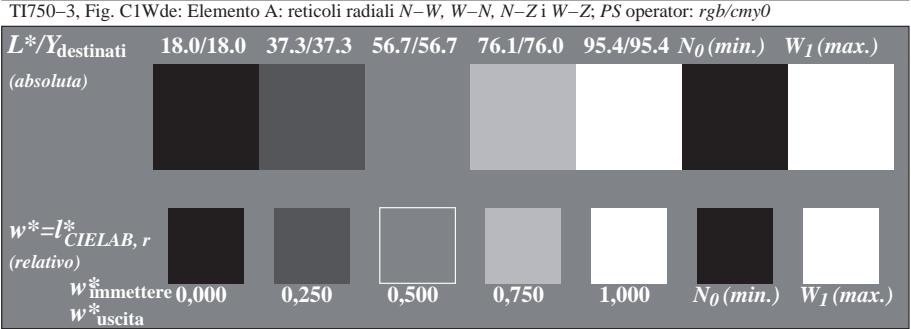
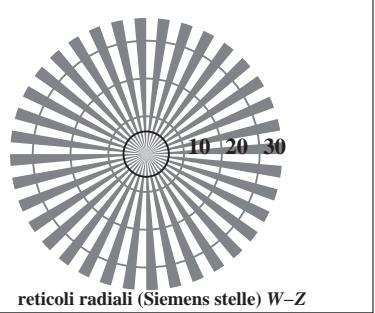
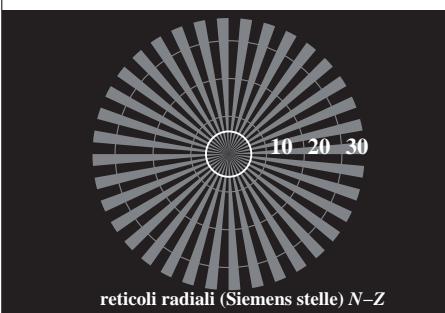
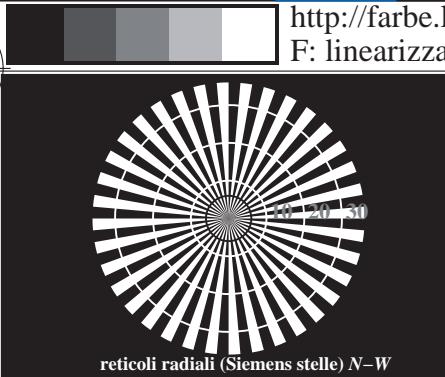
TI751-5, Fig. C6Wde: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

iscrizione TUB: 20160501-TI75/TI75L0FP.PDF/.PS
 Application per la misura dell'output offset, separazione cmyn6* (CMYK)

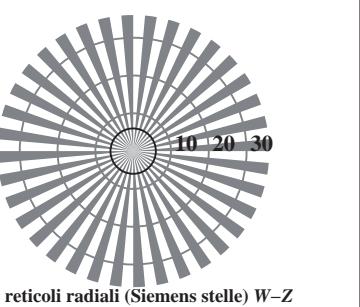
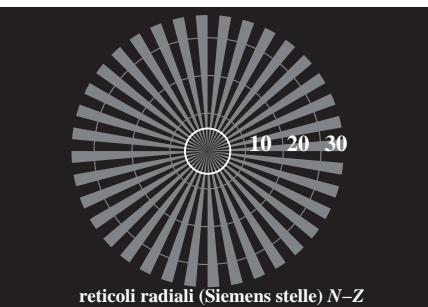
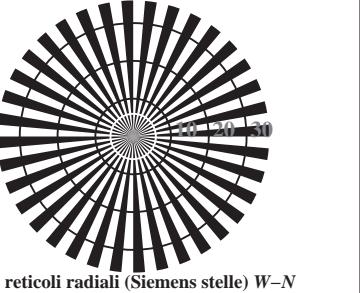
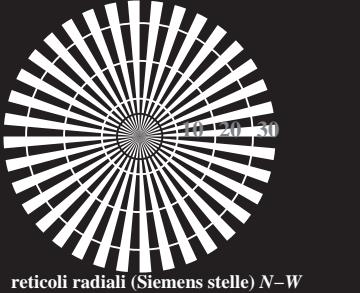
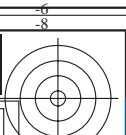
TUB materiale: code=rha4ta
 Tavola dei colori acromatici N, 3D=1, de=1, *cmyk**



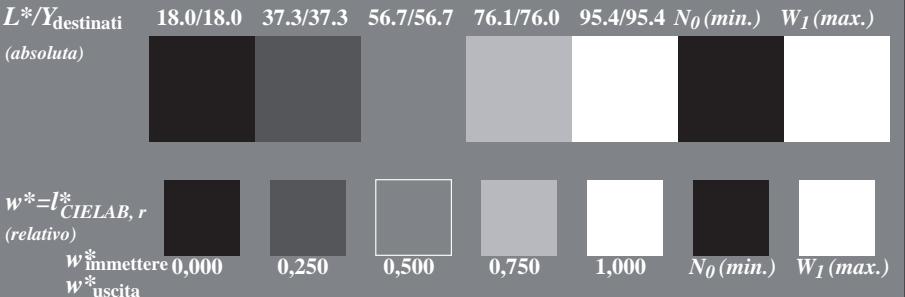
vedi file simili: <http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI75/TI75.HTML>
 informazioni tecniche: <http://www.ps.bam.de> o <http://130.149.60.45/~farbm>



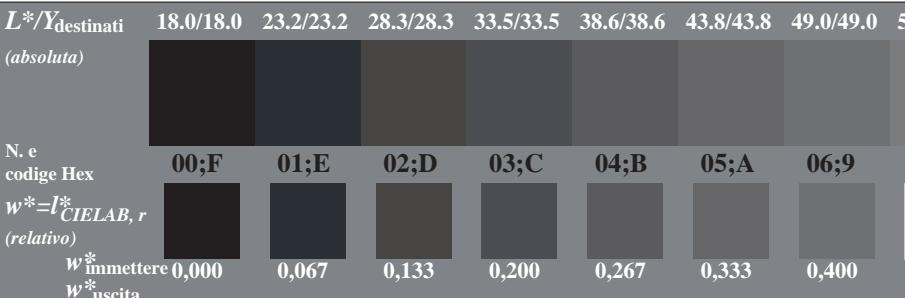
iscrizione TUB: 20160501-TI75/TI75L0FP.PDF/.PS
 Application per la misura dell'output offset, separazione cmyn6* (CMYK)
 TI751-1, Fig. C4Wde: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: $rgb/cmy0$



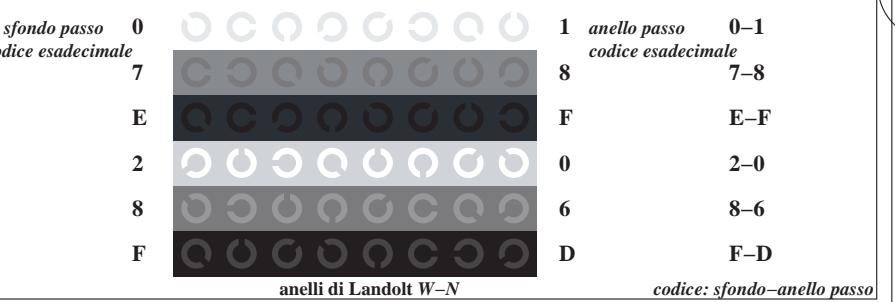
TI750-3, Fig. C1Wde: Elemento A: reticolli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z e W-Z; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



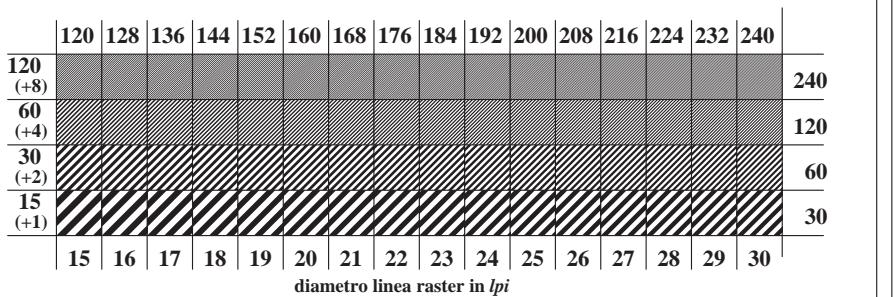
TI750-5, Fig. C2Wde: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + $N_0 + W_I$; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



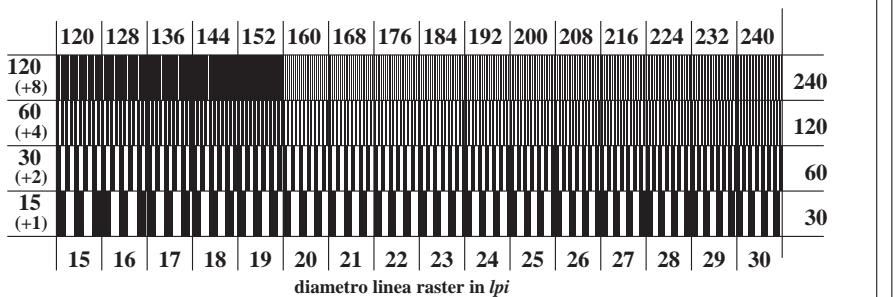
TI750-7, Fig. C3Wde: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



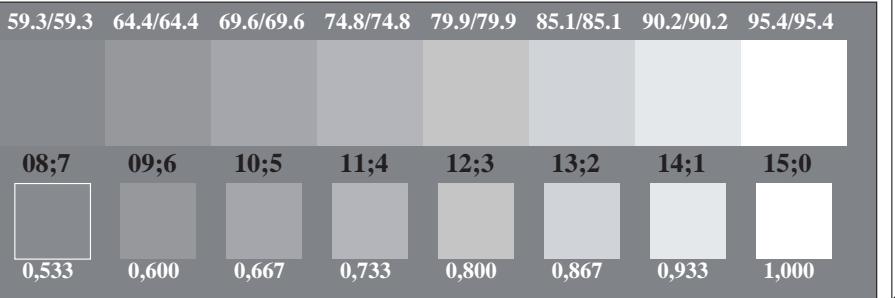
TI751-1, Fig. C4Wde: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*
codice: sfondo-anello passo



TI751-3, Fig. C5Wde: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



TI751-5, Fig. C6Wde: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



TUB materiale: code=rha4ta
Applicazione per la misura dell'output offset, separazione cmyn6* (CMYK)
TI750-1, Fig. C7Wde: Elemento G: Linea raster a 0° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*
TI750-7, Fig. C3Wde: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

Grafico TUB-TI75; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
Input: *rgb/cmyk* → *rgb_{de}*
Tavola dei colori acromatici N, 3D=1, de=1, *cmyk**

Output: linearizzazione 3D a *cmyk**





c

vedi file simili: http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI75/TI75.HTML

informazioni tecniche: http://www.ps.bam.de o http://130.149.60.45/~farbm

M

Y

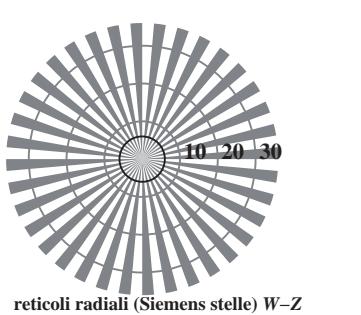
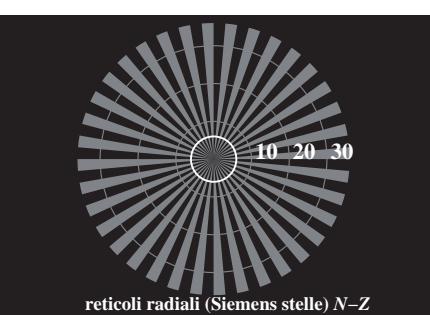
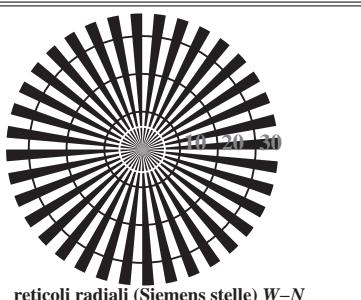
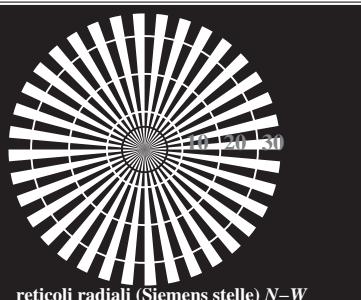
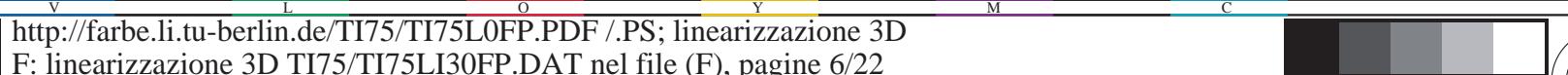
O

L

V

TUB materiale: code=rha4ta

TI75-1, Fig. C4Wde: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



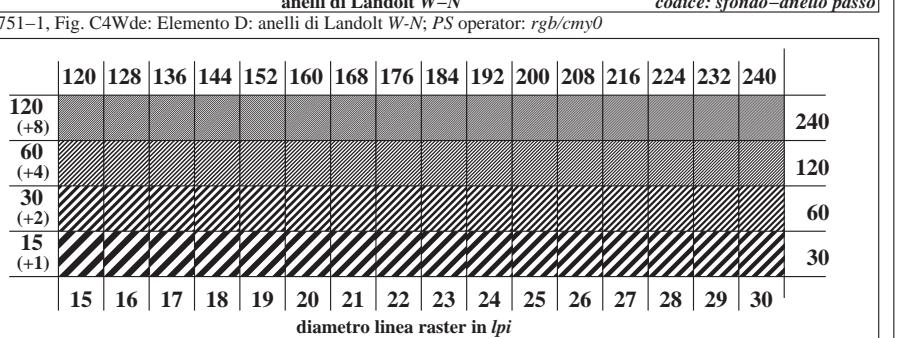
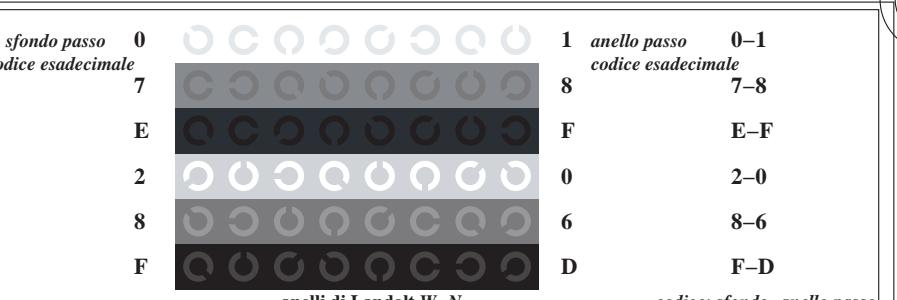
TI750-3, Fig. C1Wde: Elemento A: reticolli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z e W-Z; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$ (absoluta)	18.0/18.0	37.3/37.3	56.7/56.7	76.1/76.0	95.4/95.4	N_0 (min.)	W_I (max.)
$w^* = l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$ (relativo)	[black]	[dark gray]	[white]	[light gray]	[black]	[white]	
$w^*_\text{immettere}$ 0,000	0,250	0,500	0,750	1,000	N_0 (min.)	W_I (max.)	
w^*_uscita							

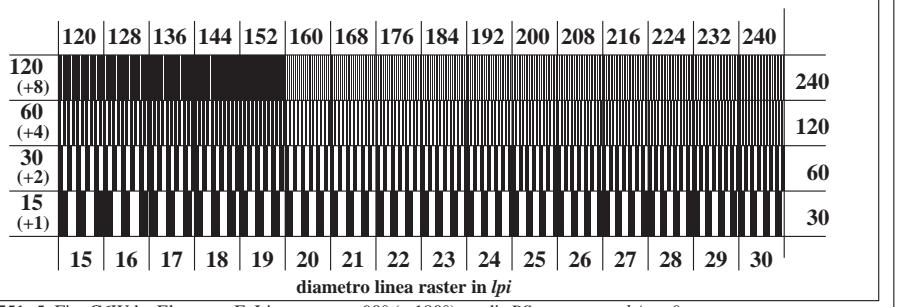
TI750-5, Fig. C2Wde: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_I ; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$ (absoluta)	18.0/18.0	23.2/23.2	28.3/28.3	33.5/33.5	38.6/38.6	43.8/43.8	49.0/49.0	54.1/54.1	59.3/59.3	64.4/64.4	69.6/69.6	74.8/74.8	79.9/79.9	85.1/85.1	90.2/90.2	95.4/95.4
N. e codice Hex	00;F	01;E	02;D	03;C	04;B	05;A	06;9	07;8	08;7	09;6	10;5	11;4	12;3	13;2	14;1	15;0
$w^* = l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$ (relativo)																
$w^*_\text{immettere}$ 0,000	0,067	0,133	0,200	0,267	0,333	0,400	0,467	0,533	0,600	0,667	0,733	0,800	0,867	0,933	1,000	
w^*_uscita																

TI750-7, Fig. C3Wde: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



TI751-3, Fig. C5Wde: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



TI751-5, Fig. C6Wde: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

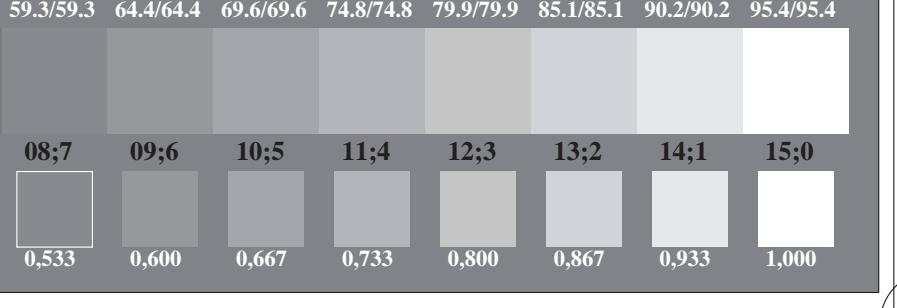
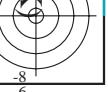
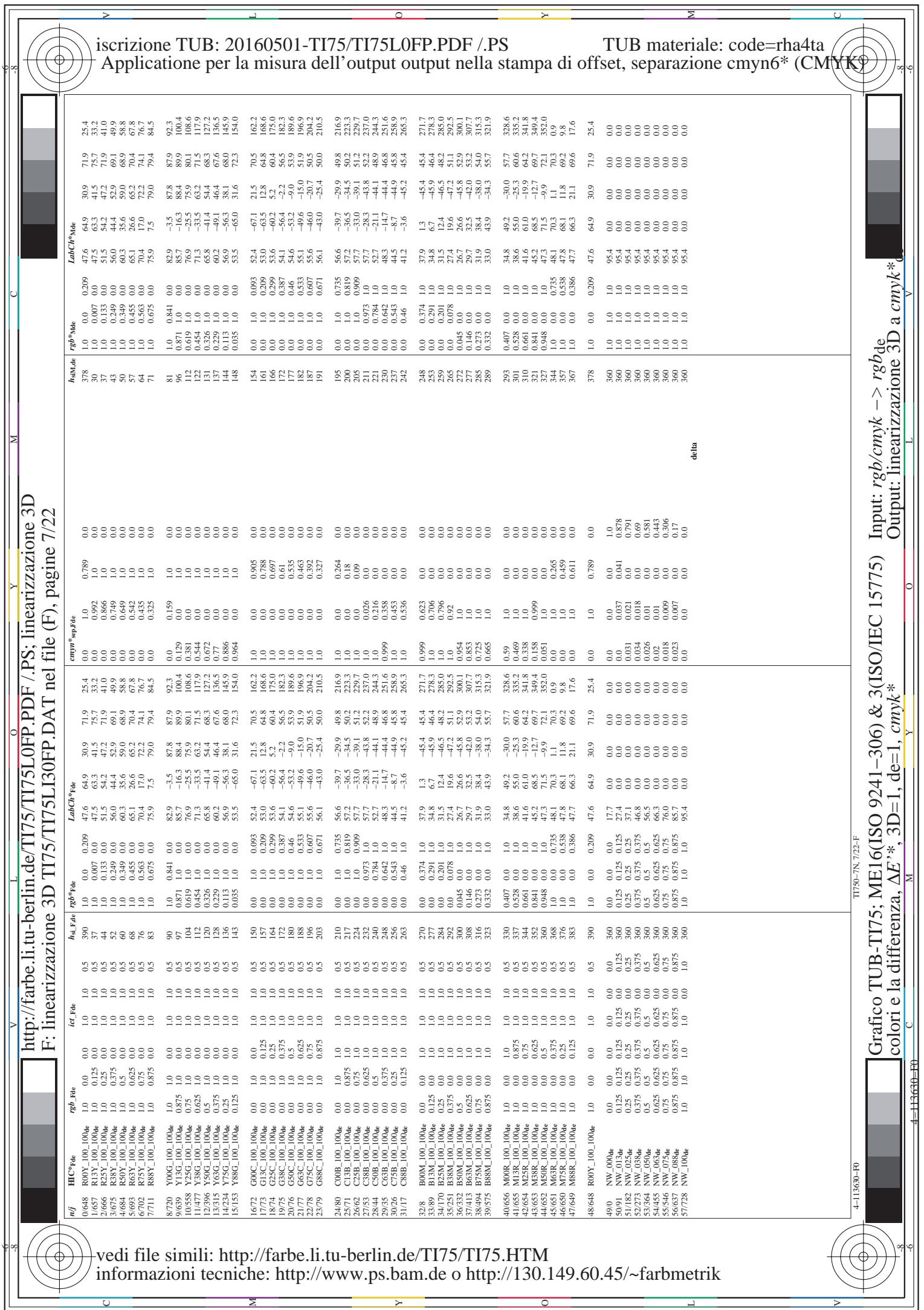
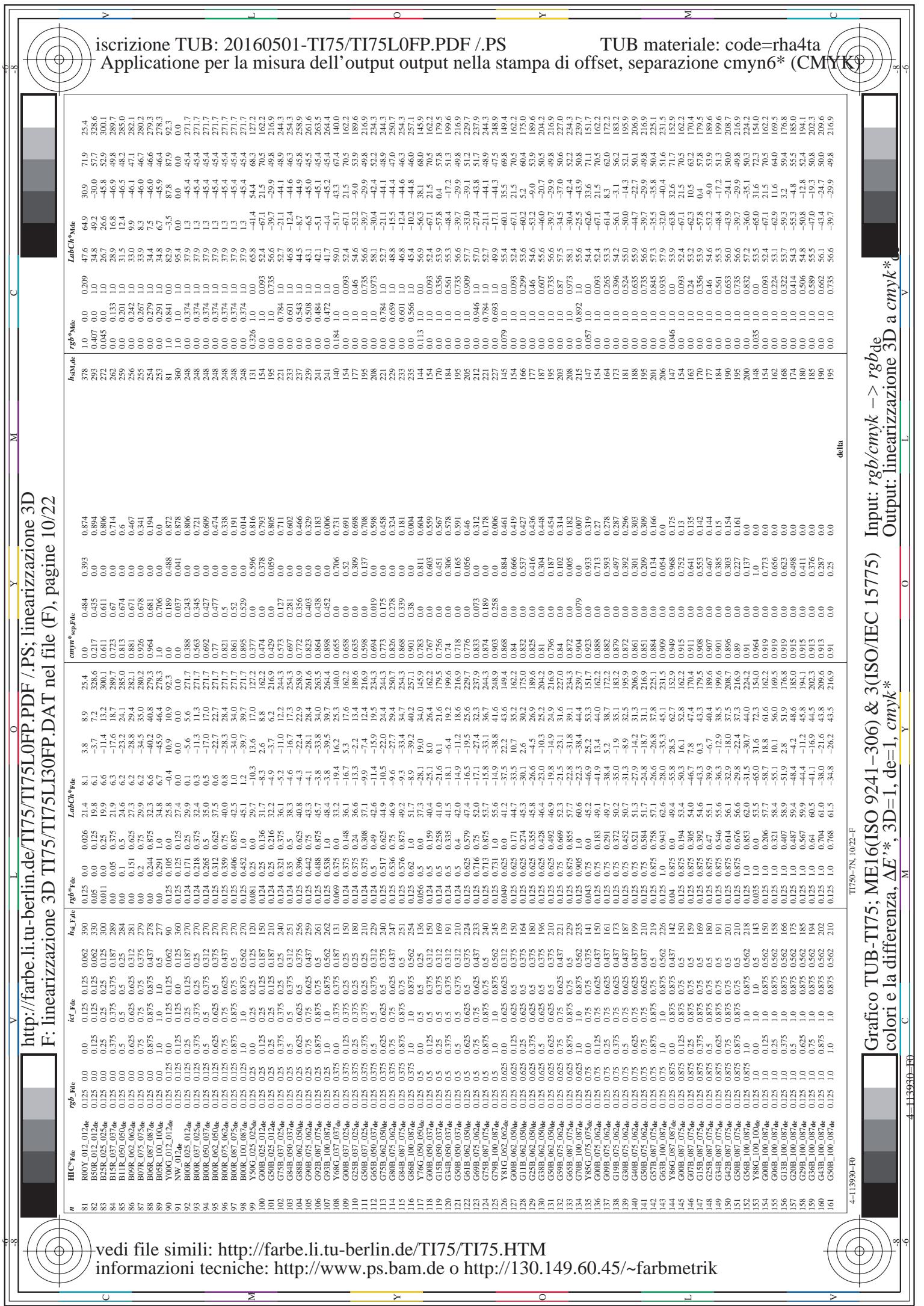
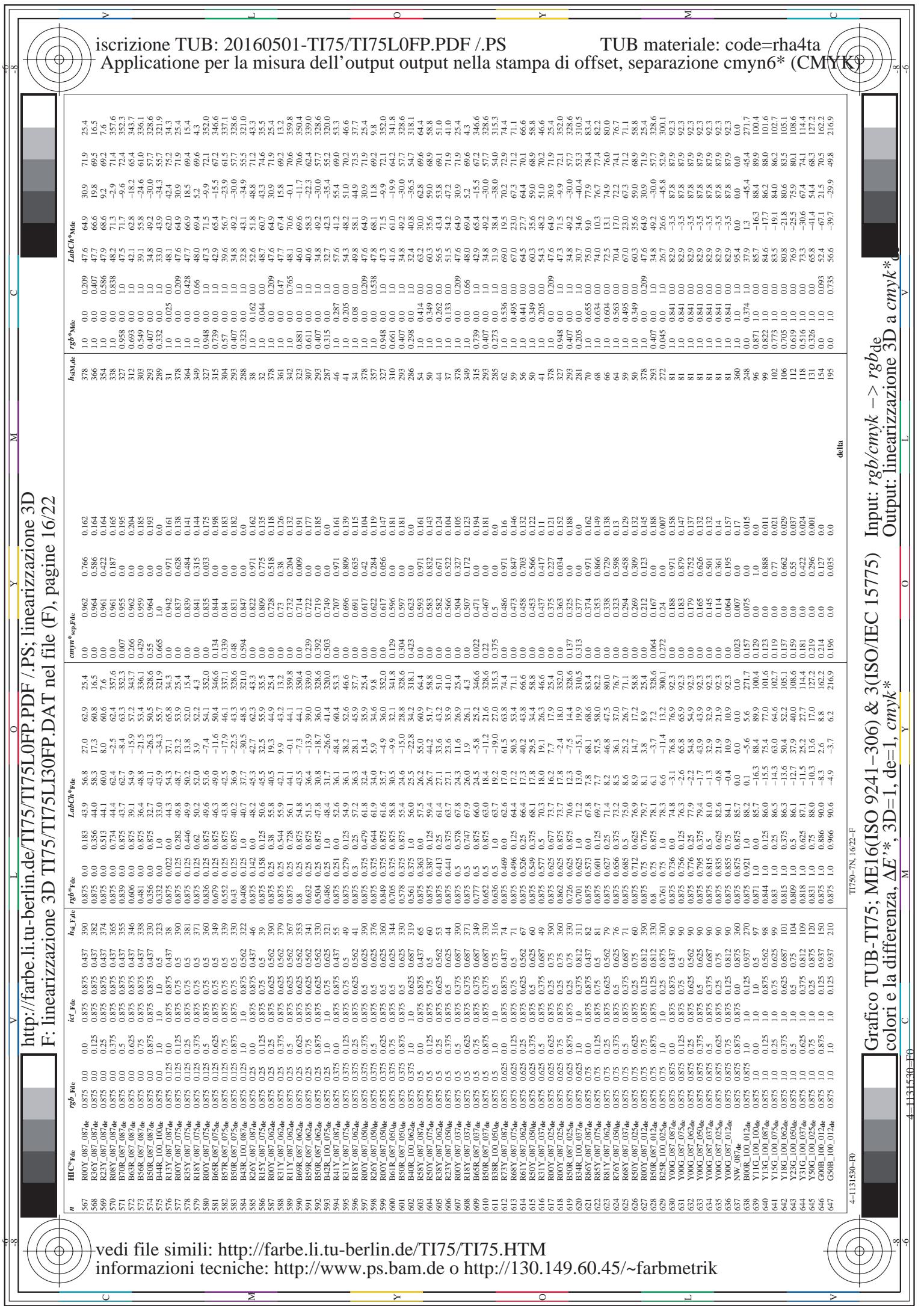


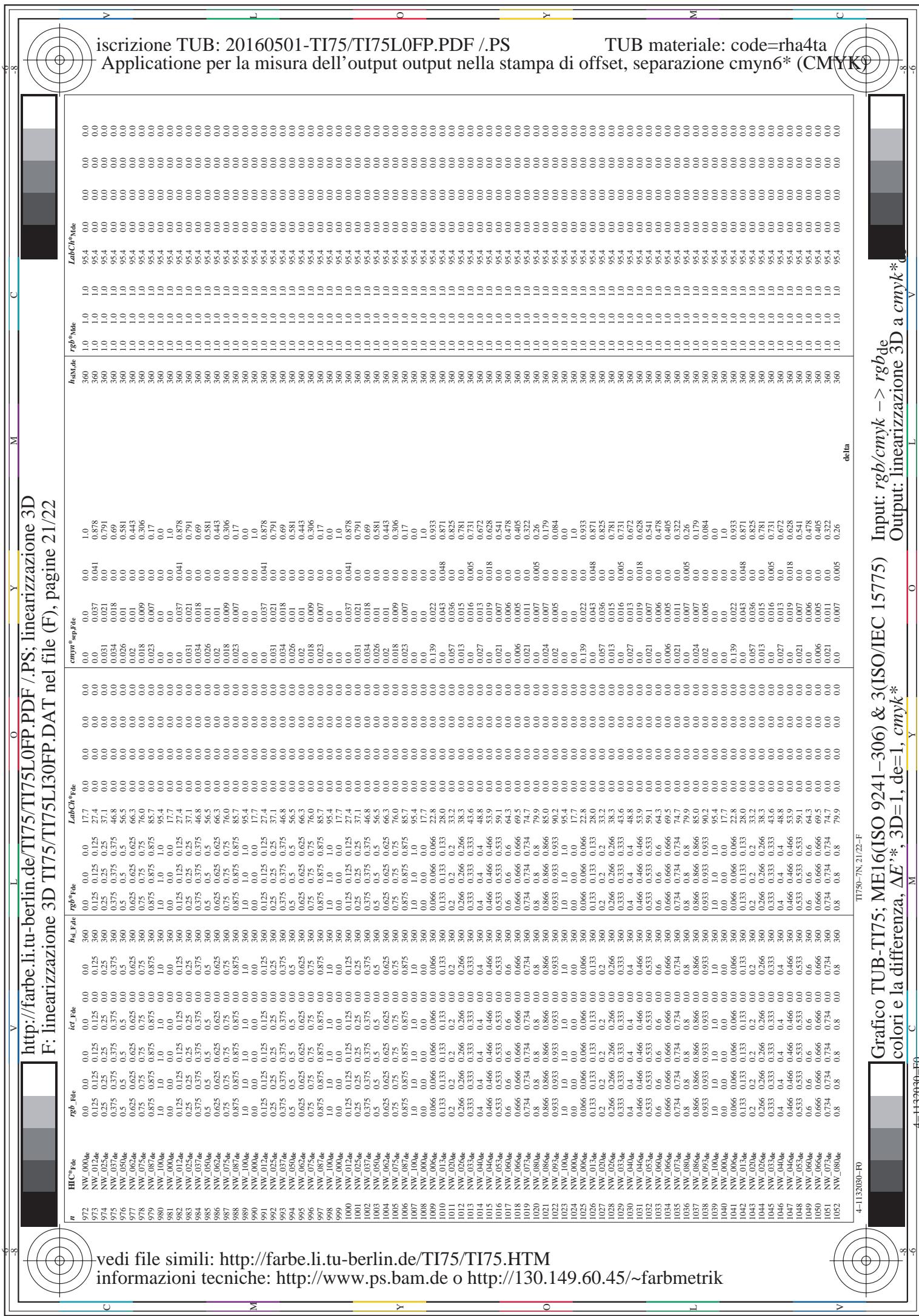
Grafico TUB-TI75; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
 Input: *rgb/cmyk* → *rgb_{de}*
 Output: linearizzazione 3D a *cmyk**



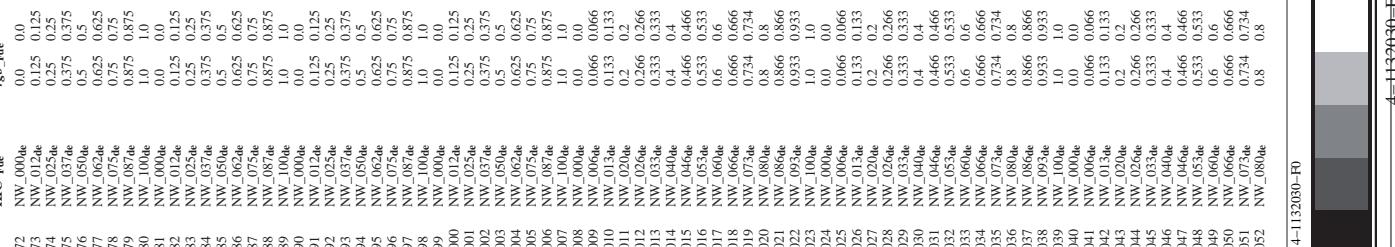








vedi file simili: <http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI75/TI75.HTM>
informazioni tecniche: <http://www.ps.bam.de o http://130.149.60.45/~farbmatrik>



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iscrizione TUB: 20160501-TI75/TI75L0FP.PDF /.PS
Application per la misura dell'output output nella stampa di offset, separazione cmyn6* (CMYK*)

TUB materiale: code=rha4ta
Input: rgb/cmkk > rgbdelta
Output: linearizzazione 3D a cmyk*

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