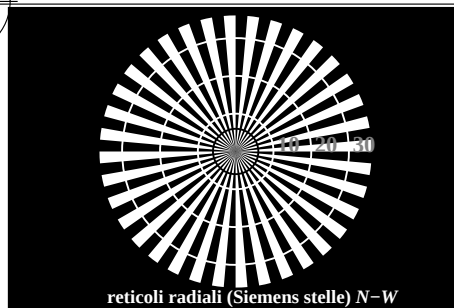
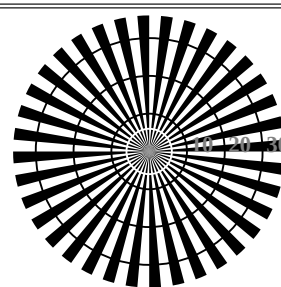
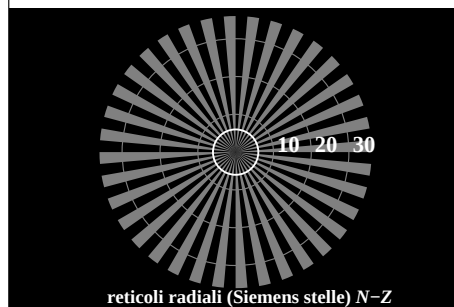




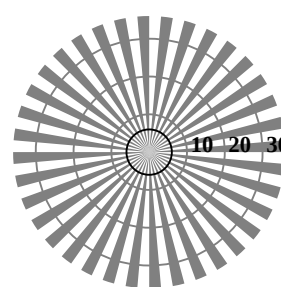
reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) N-W



reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) W-N



reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) N-Z



reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) W-Z

TI760-3, Fig. C1W-: Elemento A: reticoli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$	18.0/18.0	37.3/37.3	56.7/56.7	76.1/76.0	95.4/95.4	N_0 (min.)	W_1 (max.)
(assoluta)							
$w^*=l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$							
(relativo)							
$w^*_{\text{immettere}}$	0,000	0,250	0,500	0,750	1,000	N_0 (min.)	W_1 (max.)
w^*_{uscita}							

TI760-5, Fig. C2W-: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$	18.0/18.0	23.2/23.2	28.3/28.3	33.5/33.5	38.6/38.6	43.8/43.8	49.0/49.0	54.1/54.1	59.3/59.3	64.4/64.4	69.6/69.6	74.8/74.8	79.9/79.9	85.1/85.1	90.2/90.2	95.4/95.4
(assoluta)																
N. e codice Hex	00;F	01;E	02;D	03;C	04;B	05;A	06;9	07;8	08;7	09;6	10;5	11;4	12;3	13;2	14;1	15;0
$w^*=l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$																
(relativo)																
$w^*_{\text{immettere}}$	0,000	0,067	0,133	0,200	0,267	0,333	0,400	0,467	0,533	0,600	0,667	0,733	0,800	0,867	0,933	1,000
w^*_{uscita}																

TI760-7, Fig. C3W-: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



Grafico TUB-TI76; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
Tavola dei colori acromatici N

Input: *rgb/cmyk* -> *rgb/cmyk*
Output: nessun cambiamento



lo sfondo passo codice esadecimale	0		1	anello passo codice esadecimale	0-1
	7		8		7-8
	E		F		E-F
	2		0		2-0
	8		6		8-6
	F		D		F-D
anelli di Landolt W-N					
codice: sfondo-anello passo					

anelli di Landolt W-N

codice: sfondo-anello passo

TI761-1, Fig. C4W-: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

	120	128	136	144	152	160	168	176	184	192	200	208	216	224	232	240	
120 (+8)																	240
60 (+4)																	120
30 (+2)																	60
15 (+1)																	30
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	

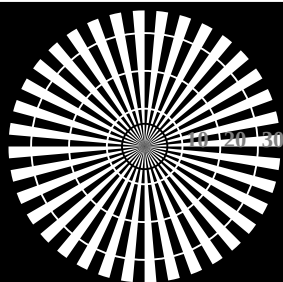
diametro linea raster in lpi

TI761-3, Fig. C5W-: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

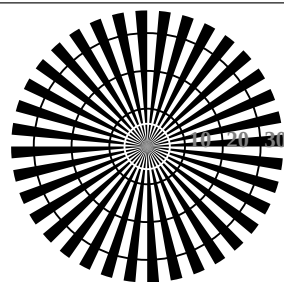
	120	128	136	144	152	160	168	176	184	192	200	208	216	224	232	240	
120 (+8)																	240
60 (+4)																	120
30 (+2)																	60
15 (+1)																	30
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	

diametro linea raster in lpi

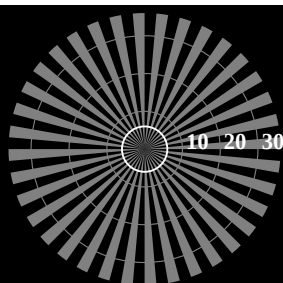
TI761-5, Fig. C6W-: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



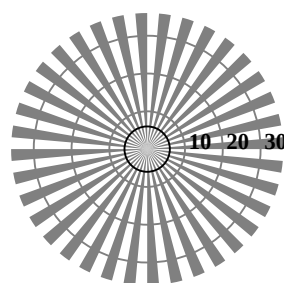
reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) N-W



reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) W-N



reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) N-Z



reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) W-Z

TI760-3, Fig. C1W-: Elemento A: reticoli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$	18.0/18.0	37.3/37.3	56.7/56.7	76.1/76.0	95.4/95.4	N_0 (min.)	W_1 (max.)
(assoluta)							
$w^*=l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$							
(relativo)							
$w^*_{\text{immettere}}$	0,000	0,250	0,500	0,750	1,000	N_0 (min.)	W_1 (max.)
w^*_{uscita}							

TI760-5, Fig. C2W-: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

$L^*/Y_{\text{destinati}}$	18.0/18.0	23.2/23.2	28.3/28.3	33.5/33.5	38.6/38.6	43.8/43.8	49.0/49.0	54.1/54.1	59.3/59.3	64.4/64.4	69.6/69.6	74.8/74.8	79.9/79.9	85.1/85.1	90.2/90.2	95.4/95.4
(assoluta)																
N. e codice Hex	00;F	01;E	02;D	03;C	04;B	05;A	06;9	07;8	08;7	09;6	10;5	11;4	12;3	13;2	14;1	15;0
$w^*=l^*_{\text{CIELAB}, r}$																
(relativo)																
$w^*_{\text{immettere}}$	0,000	0,067	0,133	0,200	0,267	0,333	0,400	0,467	0,533	0,600	0,667	0,733	0,800	0,867	0,933	1,000
w^*_{uscita}																

TI760-7, Fig. C3W-: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

Grafico TUB-TI76; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
Tavola dei colori acromatici N

Input: *rgb/cmyk* -> *rgb/cmyk*
Output: nessun cambiamento

lo sfondo passo	0		1	anello passo	0-1
codice esadecimale				codice esadecimale	
7			8		7-8
E			F		E-F
2			0		2-0
8			6		8-6
F			D		F-D

anelli di Landolt W-N

codice: sfondo-anello passo

anelli di Landolt W-N

codice: sfondo-anello passo

TI761-1, Fig. C4W-: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

	120	128	136	144	152	160	168	176	184	192	200	208	216	224	232	240	
120 (+8)																	240
60 (+4)																	120
30 (+2)																	60
15 (+1)																	30
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	

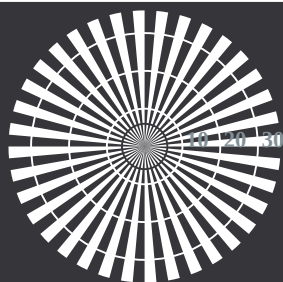
diametro linea raster in lpi

TI761-3, Fig. C5W-: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

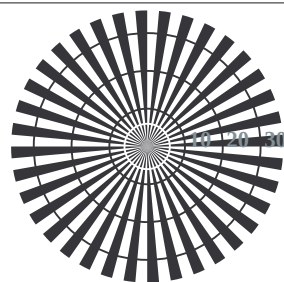
	120	128	136	144	152	160	168	176	184	192	200	208	216	224	232	240	
120 (+8)																	240
60 (+4)																	120
30 (+2)																	60
15 (+1)																	30
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	

diametro linea raster in lpi

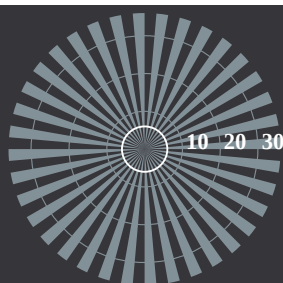
TI761-5, Fig. C6W-: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



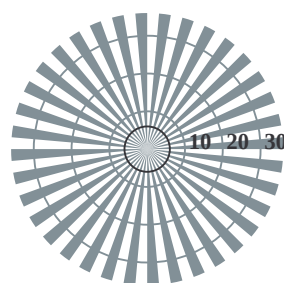
reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) N-W



reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) W-N

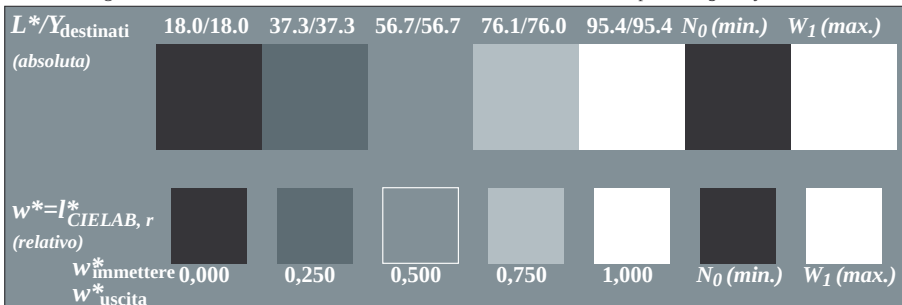


reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) N-Z

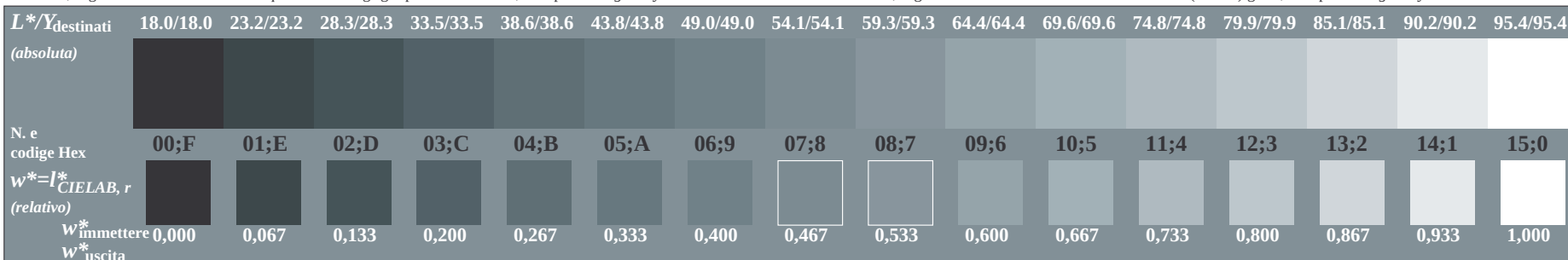


reticoli radiali (Siemens stelle) W-Z

TI760-3, Fig. C1Wde: Elemento A: reticoli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



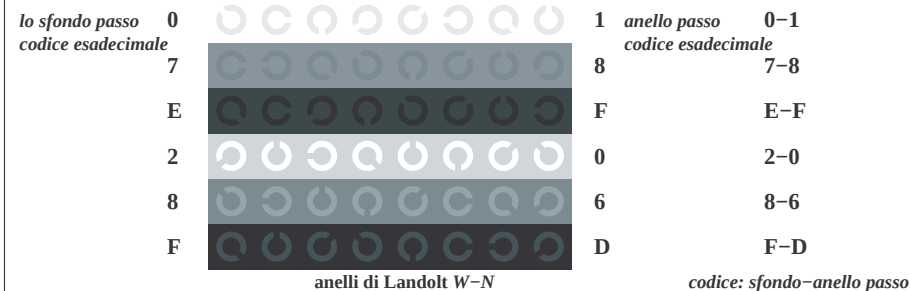
TI760-5, Fig. C2Wde: Elemento B: 5 equidistante L^* grigio passi + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



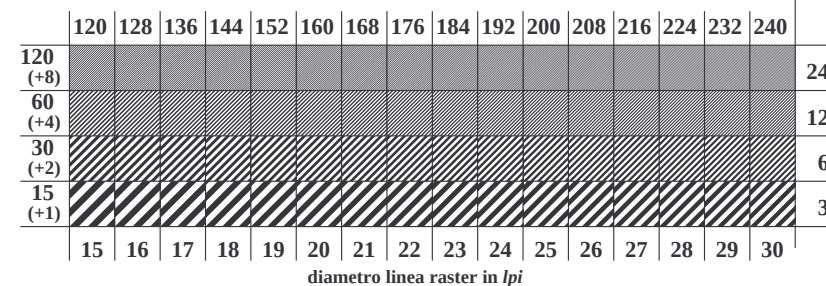
TI760-7, Fig. C3Wde: Elemento C: 16 equidistante L^* grigio passi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*

Grafico TUB-TI76; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
Tavola dei colori acromatici N, 3D=1, de=1, $cmy0^*$

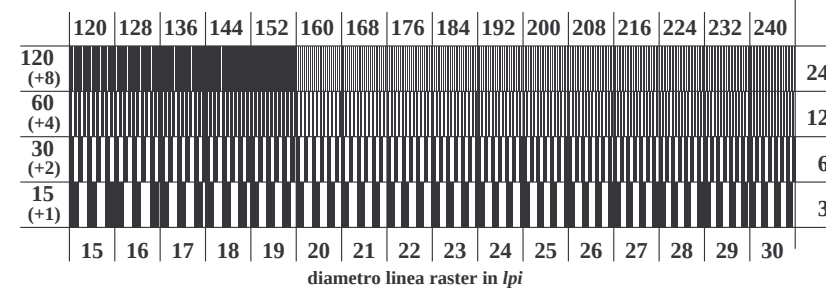
Input: *rgb/cmyk* -> rgb_{de}
Output: linearizzazione 3D a $cmy0^*$



TI761-1, Fig. C4Wde: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



TI761-3, Fig. C5Wde: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*



TI761-5, Fig. C6Wde: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: *rgb/cmy0*