

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz- $\bullet L_g=63\text{cd/m}^2$
 renzschwelle

02 0,1s Y 63cd/m²; hyp2

$$\Delta L = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot A_3 \cdot L^t / (L^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1=109.8$$

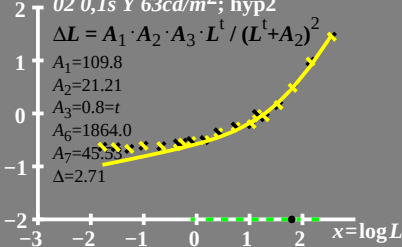
$$A_2=21.21$$

$$A_3=0.8=t$$

$$A_6=1864.0$$

$$A_7=45.55$$

$$\Delta=2.71$$



log(L/ΔL) Leuchtdichte-Kontrast
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

02 0,1s Y 63cd/m²; hyp2

$$\log(L/\Delta L) = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot t \cdot L / (J^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1 = 109.8$$

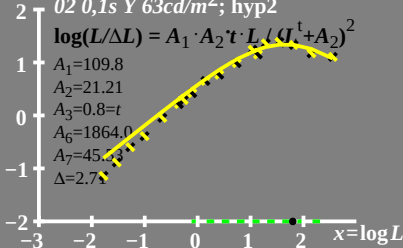
$$A_2 = 21.21$$

$$A_3 = 0.8 = t$$

$$A_6 = 1864.0$$

$$A_7 = 45.53$$

$$\Delta = 2.71$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 63 \text{cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle g

02 0,1s Y 63cd/m²; hyp2

$$L/\Delta L = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot t \cdot L / (L^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1 = 109.8$$

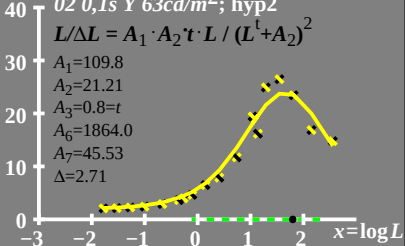
$$A_2 = 21.21$$

$$A_3 = 0.8 = t$$

$$A_6 = 1864.0$$

$$A_7 = 45.53$$

$$\Delta = 2.71$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

02 0,1s Y 63cd/m²; hyp2

$$T^* = A_1 \cdot L^t / (L^t + A_2)$$

$$A_1 = 109.8$$

$$A_2 = 21.21$$

$$A_3 = 0.8 = t$$

$$A_6 = 1864.0$$

$$A_7 = 45.53$$

$$\Delta = 2.71$$

● $L_g = 63 \text{cd/m}^2$

