

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz- $\bullet L_g=63\text{cd/m}^2$
 renzschwelle

AD 0,1s G 63cd/m²; hyp2

$$\Delta L = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot A_3 \cdot L^t / (L^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1=77.73$$

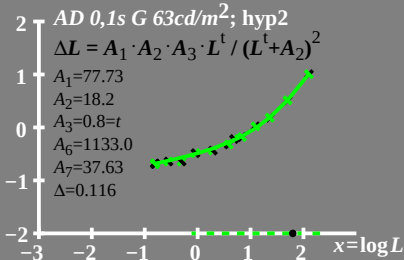
$$A_2=18.2$$

$$A_3=0.8=t$$

$$A_6=1133.0$$

$$A_7=37.63$$

$$\Delta=0.116$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

AD 0,1s G 63cd/m²; hyp2

$$\log(L/\Delta L) = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot t \cdot L / (L^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1 = 77.73$$

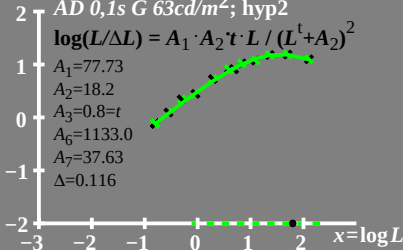
$$A_2 = 18.2$$

$$A_3 = 0.8 = t$$

$$A_6 = 1133.0$$

$$A_7 = 37.63$$

$$\Delta = 0.116$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle g

$AD\ 0,1s\ G\ 63 \text{ cd/m}^2; \text{hyp2}$

$$L/\Delta L = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot t \cdot L / (L^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1 = 77.73$$

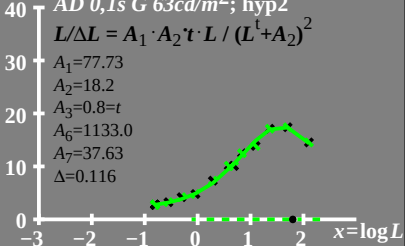
$$A_2 = 18.2$$

$$A_3 = 0.8 = t$$

$$A_6 = 1133.0$$

$$A_7 = 37.63$$

$$\Delta = 0.116$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

80 $AD\ 0,1s\ G\ 63 \text{ cd/m}^2; \text{hyp2}$

$$T^* = A_1 \cdot L^t / (L^t + A_2)$$

60 $A_1 = 77.73$

$A_2 = 18.2$

40 $A_3 = 0.8 = t$

$A_6 = 1133.0$

$A_7 = 37.63$

$\Delta = 0.116$

