

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz- $\bullet L_g=630\text{cd/m}^2$
 renzschwelle

02 0,1s R 630cd/m²; hyp3

$$\Delta L = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot A_3 \cdot L^t / (L^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1=85.07$$

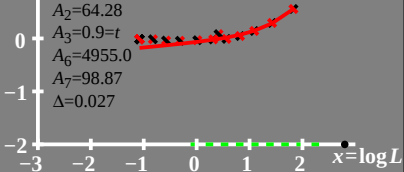
$$A_2=64.28$$

$$A_3=0.9=t$$

$$A_6=4955.0$$

$$A_7=98.87$$

$$\Delta=0.027$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

02 0,1s R 630cd/m²; hyp3

$$\log(L/\Delta L) = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot t \cdot L / (L^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1 = 85.07$$

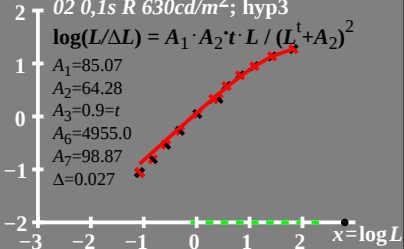
$$A_2 = 64.28$$

$$A_3 = 0.9 = t$$

$$A_6 = 4955.0$$

$$A_7 = 98.87$$

$$\Delta = 0.027$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

02 0,1s R 630cd/m²; hyp3

$$L/\Delta L = A_1 \cdot A_2 \cdot t \cdot L / (L^t + A_2)^2$$

$$A_1 = 85.07$$

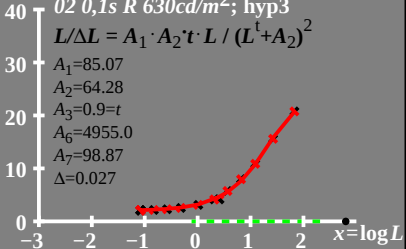
$$A_2 = 64.28$$

$$A_3 = 0.9 = t$$

$$A_6 = 4955.0$$

$$A_7 = 98.87$$

$$\Delta = 0.027$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 0,1s R 630cd/m²; hyp3

$$T^* = A_1 \cdot L^t / (L^t + A_2)$$

$$A_1 = 85.07$$

$$A_2 = 64.28$$

$$A_3 = 0.9 = t$$

$$A_6 = 4955.0$$

$$A_7 = 98.87$$

$$\Delta = 0.027$$

