

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
 renzschwelle • $L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

04 26s A 63 cd/m^2 ; pot3

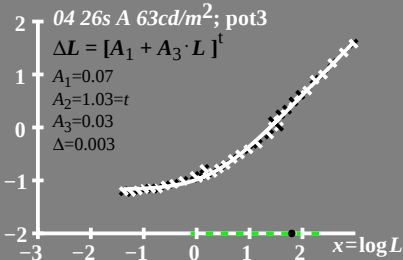
$$\Delta L = [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.07$$

$$A_2 = 1.03 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.03$$

$$\Delta = 0.003$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

04 26s A 63cd/m²; pot3

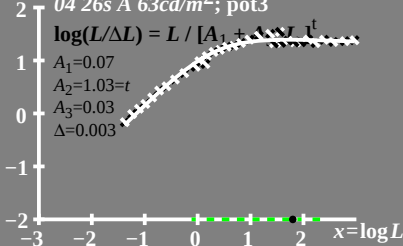
$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_1 + A_2 J_1^t]$$

$$A_1 = 0.07$$

$$A_2 = 1.03 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.03$$

$$\Delta = 0.003$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $\bullet L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

04 26s A 63 cd/m^2 ; pot3

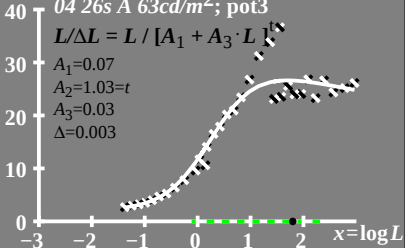
$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L^t]$$

$$A_1 = 0.07$$

$$A_2 = 1.03 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.03$$

$$\Delta = 0.003$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

● $L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

80 04 26s A 63 cd/m^2 ; pot3

$$T^* = [A_1 + A \cdot L]^t - 1$$

60 $A_1 = 0.07$

$A_2 = 1.03 = t$

40 $A_3 = 0.03$

$\Delta = 0.003$

20

0

-3

-2

-1

0

1

2

$x = \log L$