

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
 renzschwelle • $L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

AD 26s G 63cd/m²; pot3

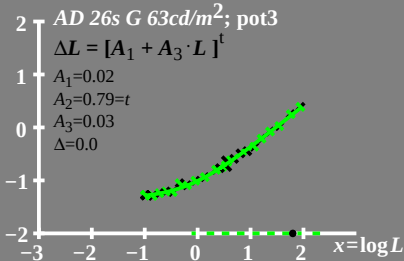
$$\Delta L = [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.02$$

$$A_2 = 0.79 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.03$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

AD 26s G 63cd/m²; pot3

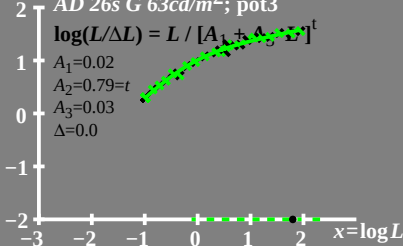
$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_1 + A_2 E + A_3 E^t]$$

$$A_1 = 0.02$$

$$A_2 = 0.79 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.03$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

AD 26s G 63 cd/m^2 ; pot3

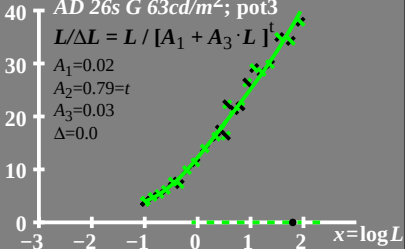
$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.02$$

$$A_2 = 0.79 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.03$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

80 $AD\ 26s\ G\ 63 \text{ cd/m}^2; \text{ pot3}$

$$T^* = [A_1 + A \cdot L]^t - 1$$

60 $A_1 = 0.02$

$A_2 = 0.79 = t$

40 $A_3 = 0.03$

$\Delta = 0.0$

20

