

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz- $\bullet L_g=6,3\text{cd/m}^2$
 renzschwelle

02 26s Y 6,3cd/m²; pot3

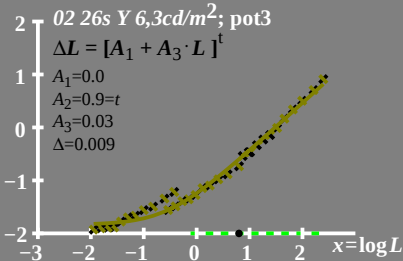
$$\Delta L = [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1=0.0$$

$$A_2=0.9=t$$

$$A_3=0.03$$

$$\Delta=0.009$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 26s Y 6,3cd/m²; pot3

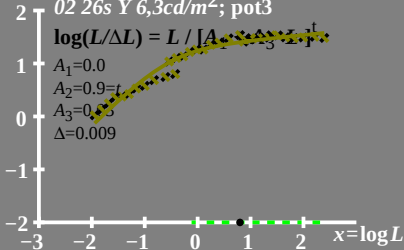
$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_1 + A_2 \cdot t + A_3 \cdot t^2]$$

$$A_1 = 0.0$$

$$A_2 = 0.9 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.5$$

$$\Delta = 0.009$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

02 26s Y 6,3cd/m²; pot3

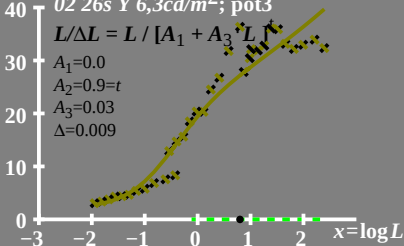
$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]$$

$$A_1 = 0.0$$

$$A_2 = 0.9 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.03$$

$$\Delta = 0.009$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 6,3 \text{cd/m}^2$

02 26s Y 6,3cd/m²; pot3

$$T^* = [A_1 + A \cdot L]^t - 1$$

$A_1 = 0.0$

$A_2 = 0.9 = t$

$A_3 = 0.03$

$\Delta = 0.009$

