

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
 renzschwelle • $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 26s Y 630cd/m²; pot3

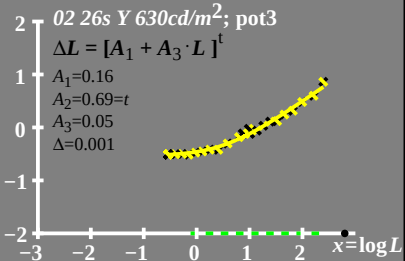
$$\Delta L = [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.16$$

$$A_2 = 0.69 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.05$$

$$\Delta = 0.001$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 26s Y 630cd/m²; pot3

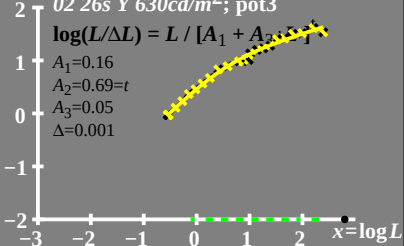
$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_1 + A_2 + A_3]$$

$$A_1 = 0.16$$

$$A_2 = 0.69 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.05$$

$$\Delta = 0.001$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 26s Y 630 cd/m^2 ; pot3

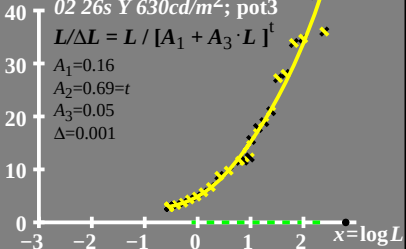
$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.16$$

$$A_2 = 0.69 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.05$$

$$\Delta = 0.001$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 26s Y 630cd/m²; pot3

$$T^* = [A_1 + A \cdot L]^t - 1$$

$$A_1 = 0.16$$

$$A_2 = 0.69 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.05$$

$$\Delta = 0.001$$

