

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz- $\bullet L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 renzschwelle

02 26s B 630 cd/m^2 ; pot3

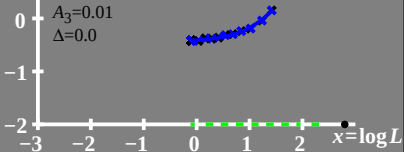
$$\Delta L = [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.67$$

$$A_2 = 2.54 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



log(L/ΔL) Leuchtdichte-Kontrast
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 26s B 630cd/m²; pot3

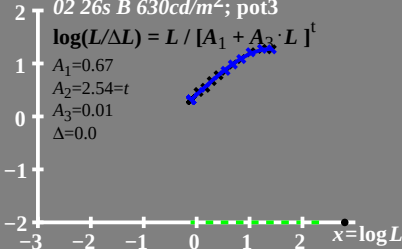
$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_1 + A_2 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.67$$

$$A_2 = 2.54 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle g

02 26s B 630 cd/m^2 ; pot3

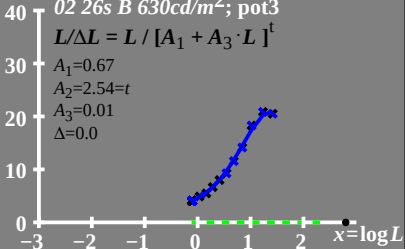
$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.67$$

$$A_2 = 2.54 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 26s B 630 cd/m^2 ; pot3

$$T^* = [A_1 + A \cdot L]^t - 1$$

$$A_1 = 0.67$$

$$A_2 = 2.54 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$

