

„achromatic response”-description

function $Q_{lm}[k(u - u_0)]$

with $u = \log L$ ($L =$ luminance)

$u_0 = \log L_u$ ($L_u =$ surround luminance)

$$Q_{lm}[k(u - u_0)] = \frac{l}{\ln \sqrt{2}} \ln q[k(u - u_0)] - m$$

function values with $l = m = 1$:

$$Q[k(u - u_0) \rightarrow +\infty] = -1$$

$$Q[k(u - u_0) = 0] = 0$$

$$Q[k(u - u_0) \rightarrow -\infty] = 1$$