

V Skalierungsfaktor

$$L^* = V (L_s/s)^n [(1-s+s L/L_s)^n - 1] \quad [1]$$

$$n = -0,25 \quad [2]$$

$$V = 1/(0,036 n L_u^{-0,30}) \quad [3]$$

$$L_s = 0,025 L_u^{0,705} \quad [4]$$

$$s = 1/[1+(n V L_s^n)^{1/(1-n)}] \quad [5]$$

$$L_u = 0,1; 1; 10; 100; 1000 \text{ cd/m}^2 \quad [6]$$

$$dL = [1/n V] [L_s/s]^{1-n} [1-s+s L/L_s]^{1-n} \quad [7]$$

V Skalierungsfaktor

Umfeld-Leuchtdichte

L_u [cd/m²]



55.69
0,1

111.11
1

221.7
10

442.34
100

882.59
1000

$$L^* = V (L_s/s)^n [(1-s(L-L_s)/L_s)^n - 1] \quad [8]$$

$$dL = [1/n V] [L_s/s]^{1-n} [(1-s(L-L_s)/L_s)^{1-n}] \quad [9]$$

Infeldleuchtdichte L [cd/m²]

0,001

0,01

0,1

1

10

100

1000

10000

-3

-2

-1

0

1

2

3

4

→ log L [cd/m²]