logarithmic U''-saturation

$U'' = (L'' \times M'')^{0,5}$ $L'' = 1,06(L + 0,00S)$

$\ln U'' = (\ln L'' + \ln M'')/2$ $M'' = 1,06(M + 0,00L)$

$\log[(L''/U''), (M''/U'')]$ adaptation: $u = 0$

$u_L = 0,3$

$u_M = -0,3$

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