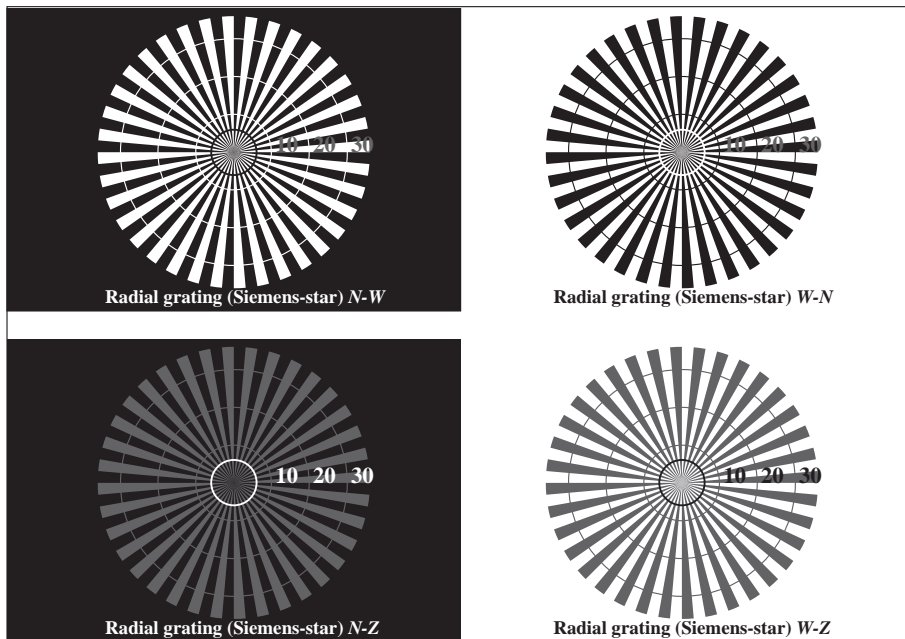


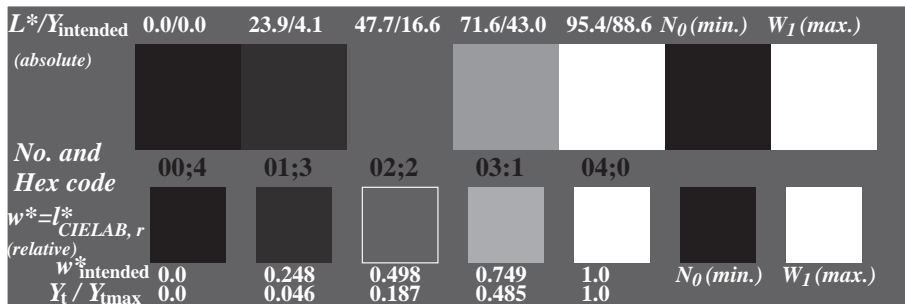
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE70/>  
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIEXYZ, 0.5 exp

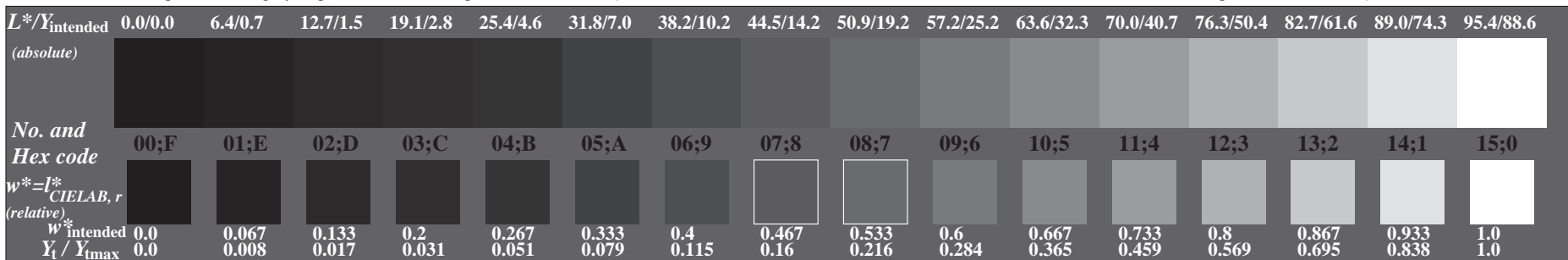
BAM registration: 20040101-CE70/10S/S70E00FP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta  
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range  $L^*:w:L^*:n = 95.4 : 0.0$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$



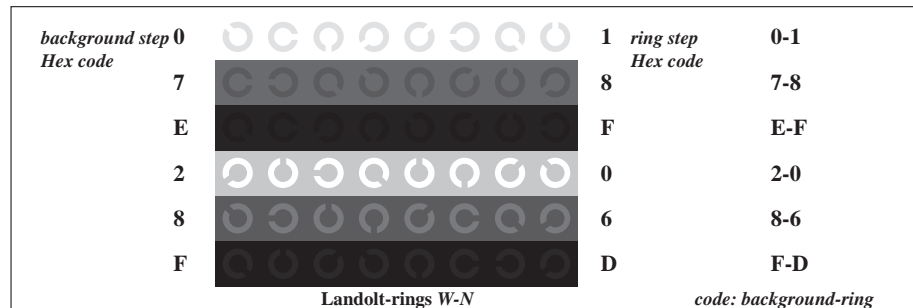
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps +  $N_0$  +  $W_1$ ; PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$



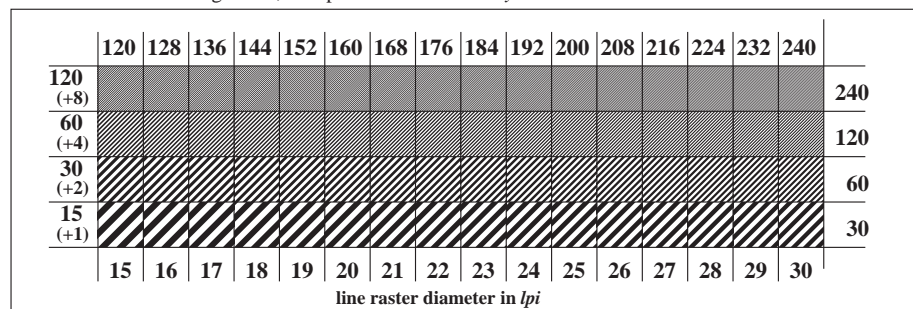
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps; PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range  $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$   
 Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

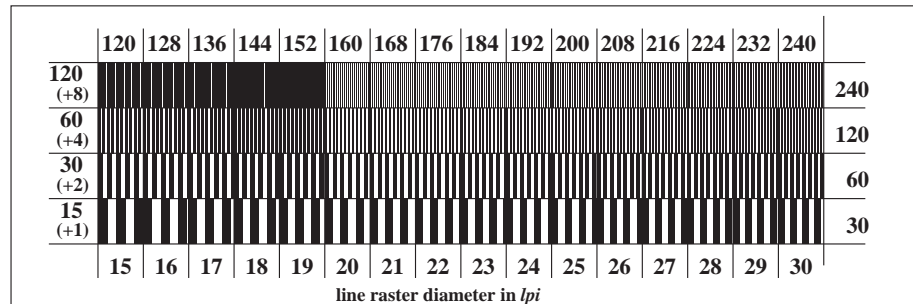
input:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$   
 output: no change compared to input



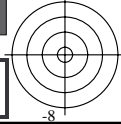
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$

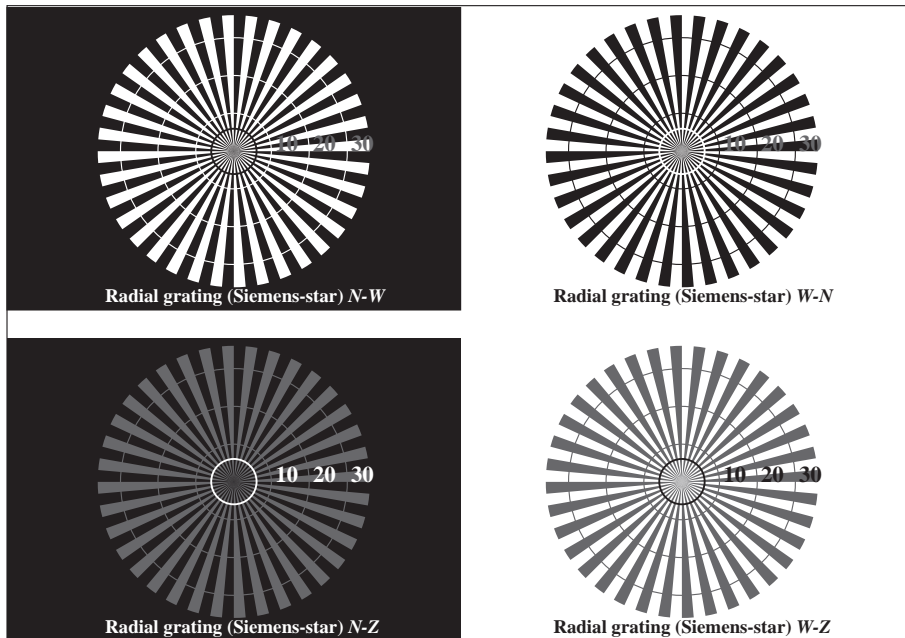


Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$

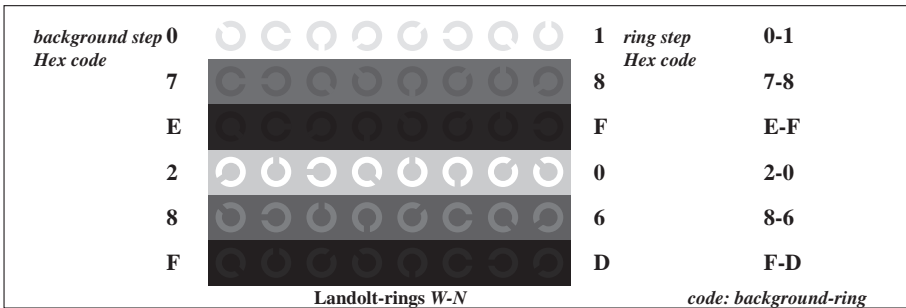


See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE70/>  
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

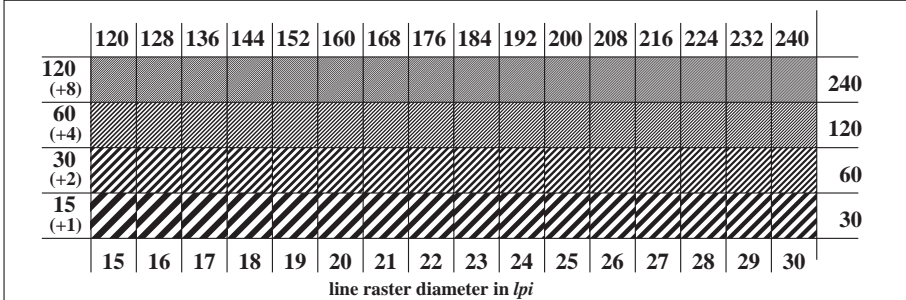
BAM registration: 20040101-CE70/10S/S70E10FP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta  
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range  $L^*:W:L^*\eta = 95.4 : 5.7$



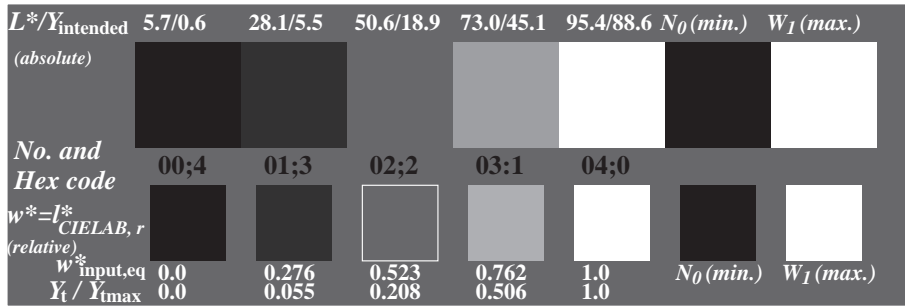
Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$



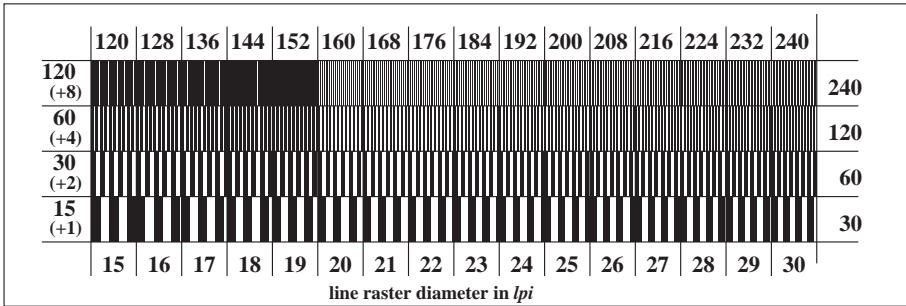
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$



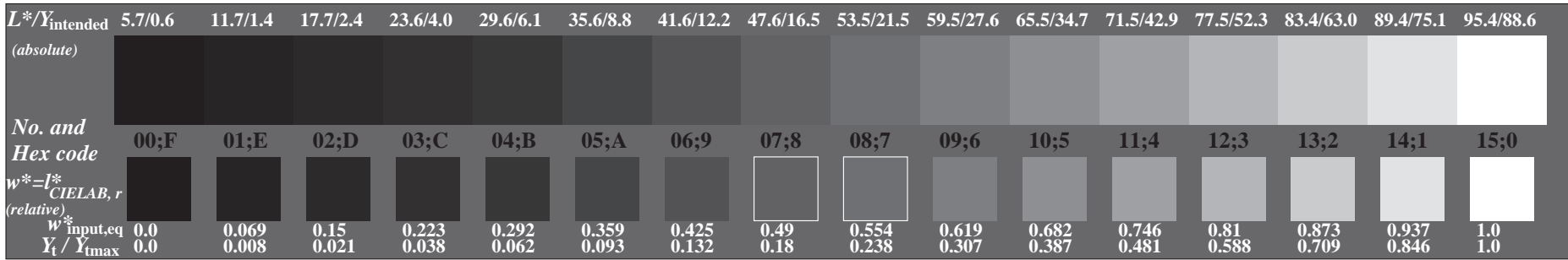
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$



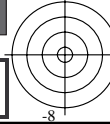
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps +  $N_0$  +  $W_1$ ; PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$

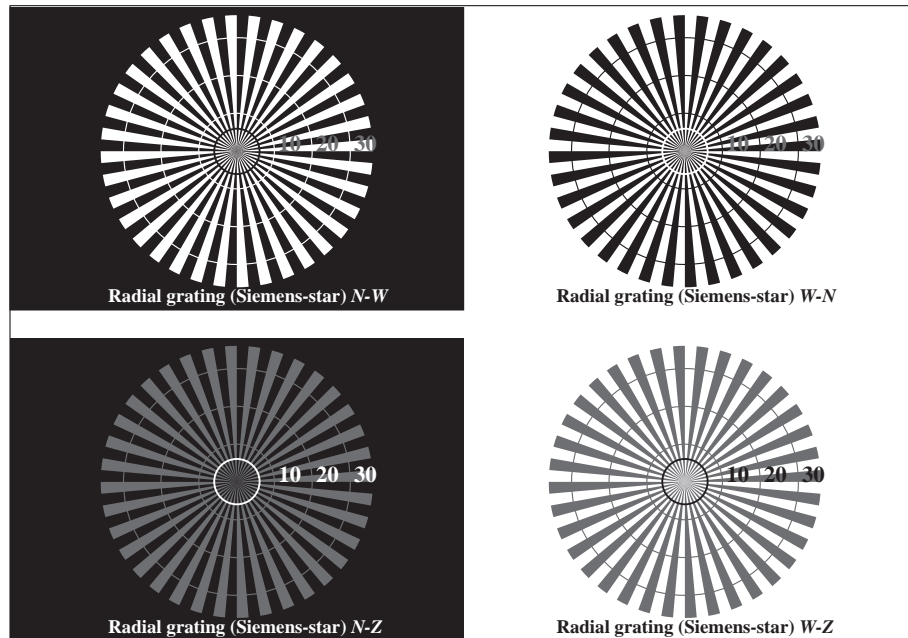


Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$

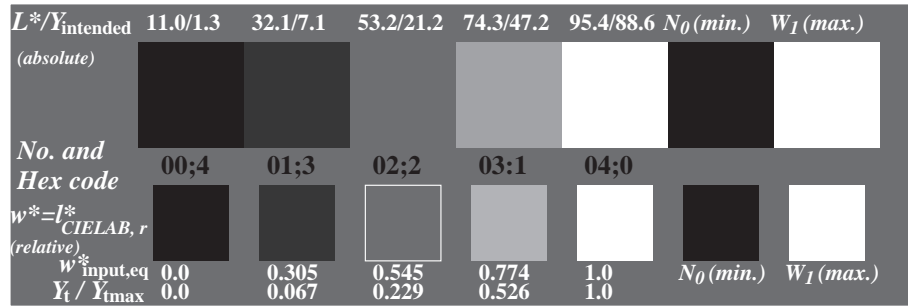


Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps; PS operator:  $000n^* \text{ setcmkcolor}$

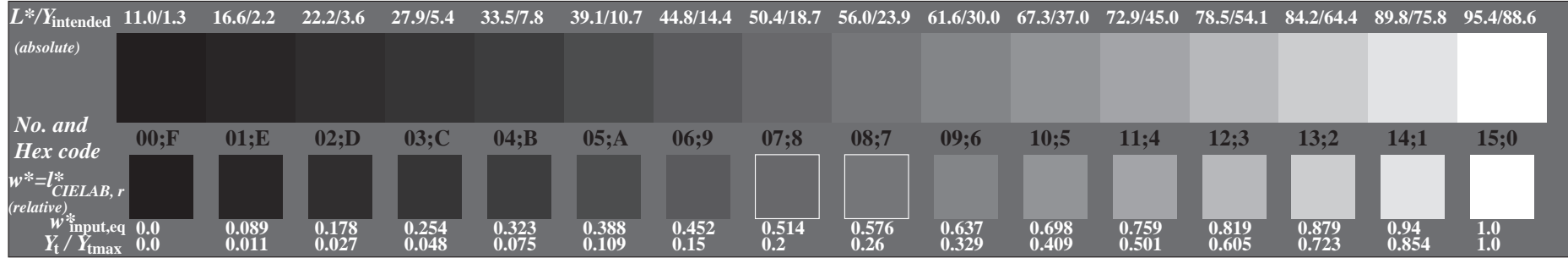




Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor

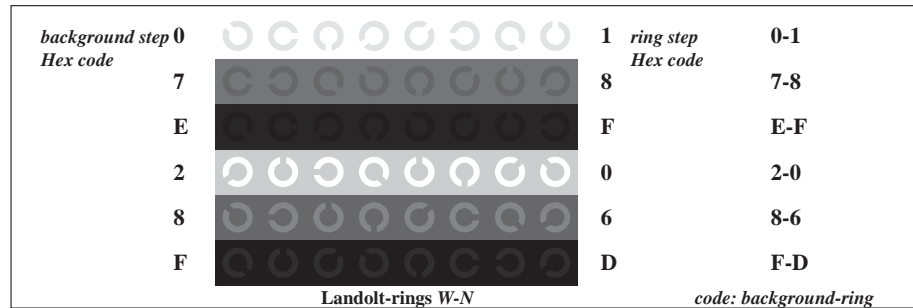


Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L\*-grey steps + N0 + W1; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor

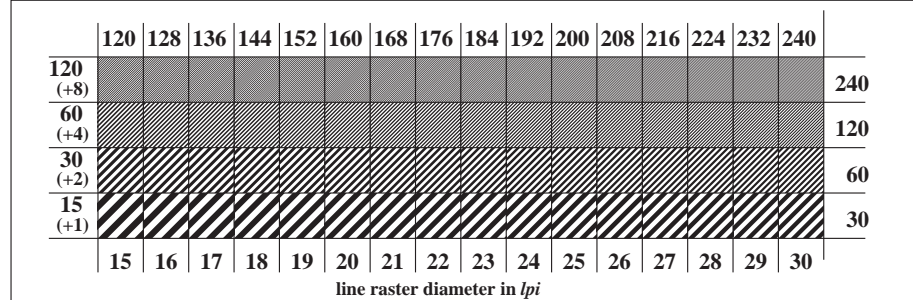


Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L\*-grey steps; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor

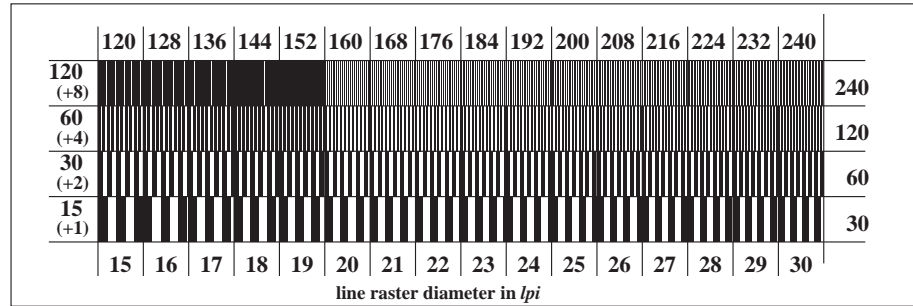
ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range  $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 1.3$   
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Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor



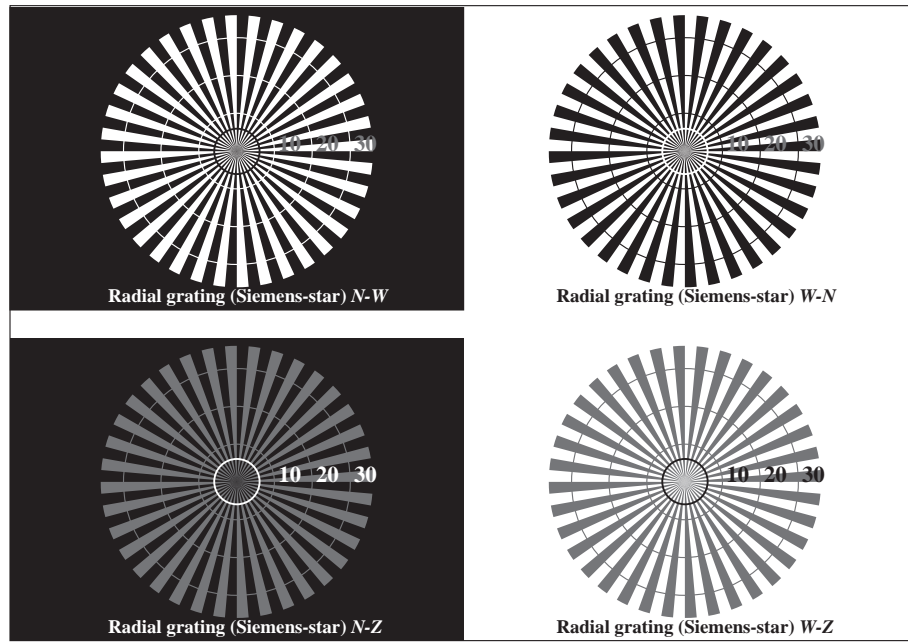
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n\* setcmykcolor

input: 000n\* setcmykcolor  
 output: no change compared to input

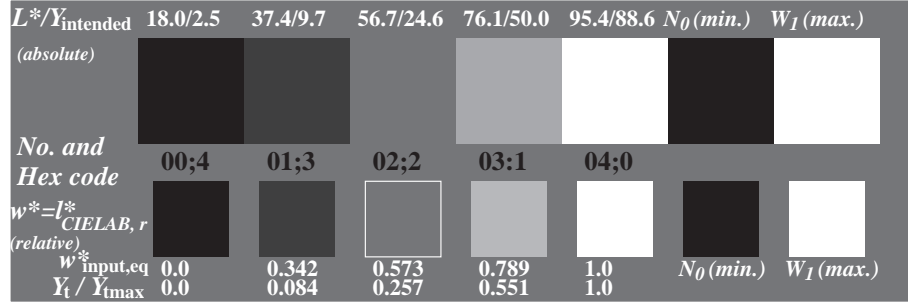
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE70/>  
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIEXYZ, 0.5 exp

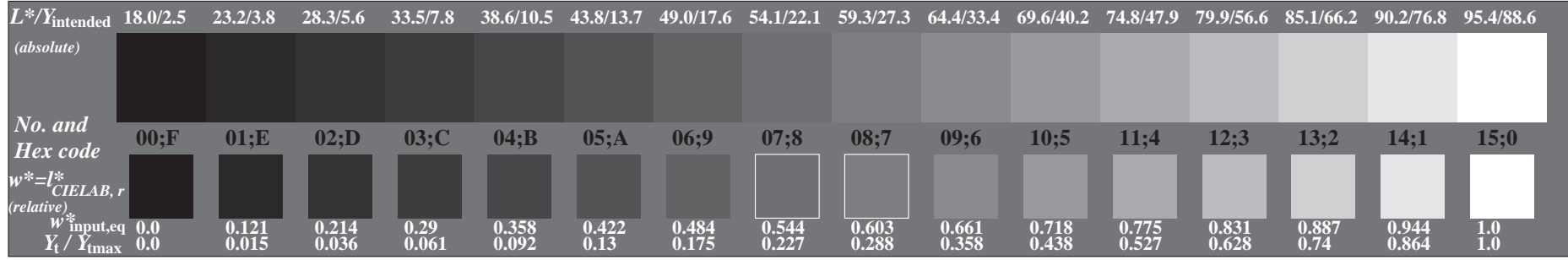
BAM registration: 20040101-CE70/10S/S70E20FP.PS/.PDF  
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range  $L^*:W^*:L^*_n = 95.4 : 11.0$   
 BAM material: code=rh4ta



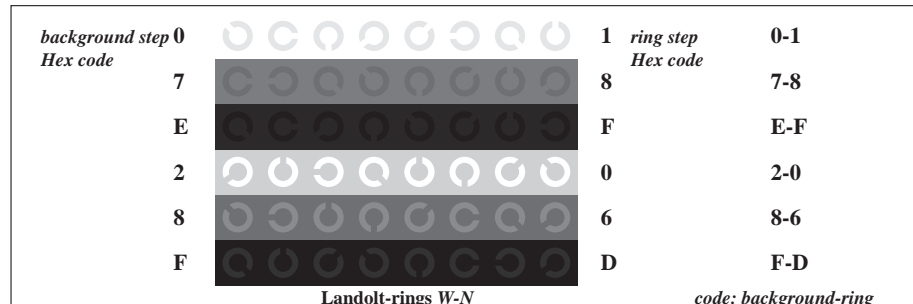
Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



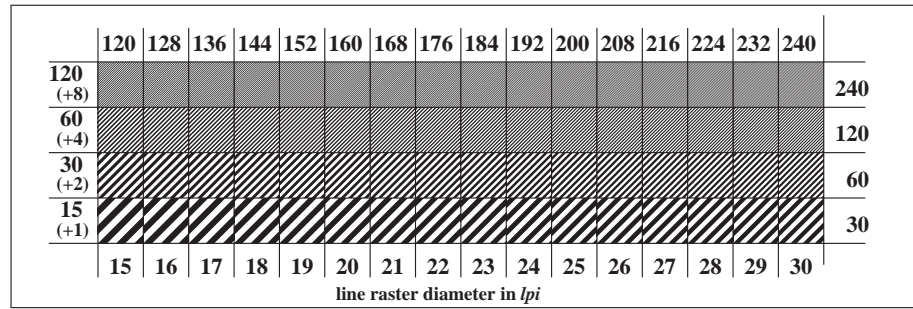
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L\*-grey steps + N0 + W1; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



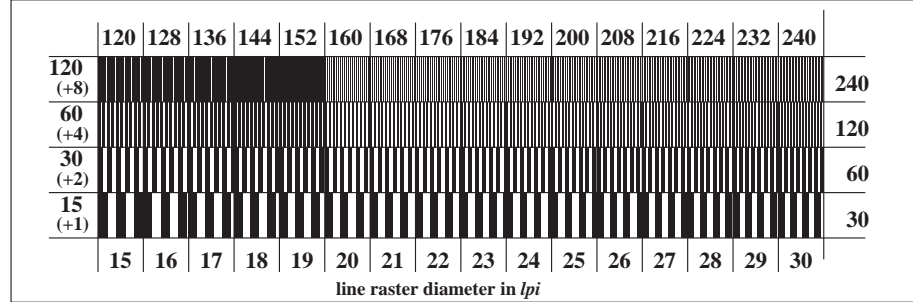
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L\*-grey steps; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n\* setcmkcolor

See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE70/>  
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

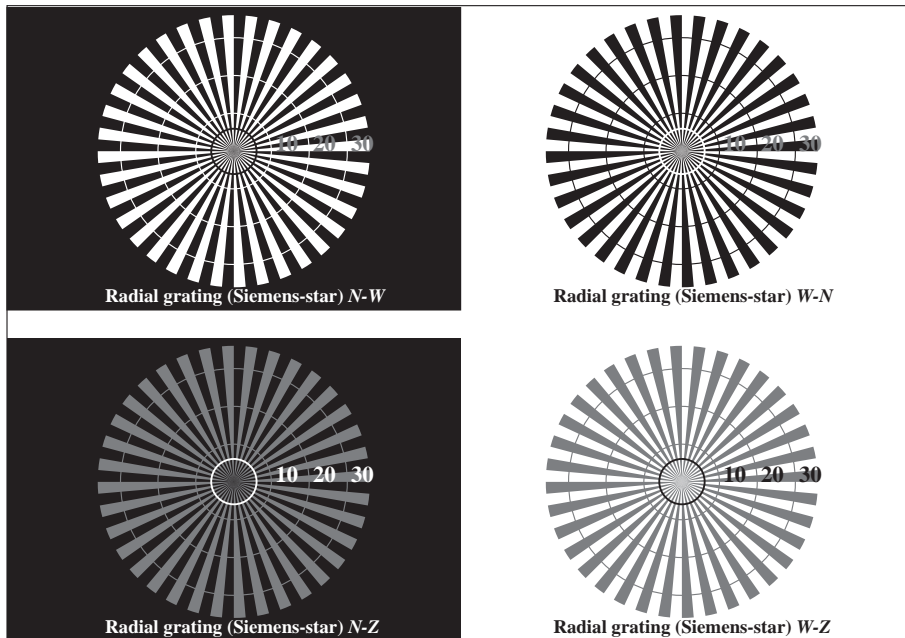
Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIEXYZ, 0.5 exp

BAM registration: 20040101-CE70/10S/S70E30FP.PS/.PDF  
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range  $L^*:W:L^*n = 95.4 : 18.0$   
 BAM material: code=rh4ta

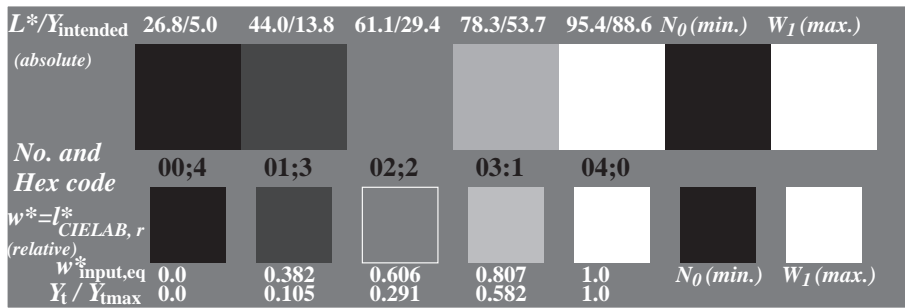
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE70/>  
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIEXYZ, 0.5 exp

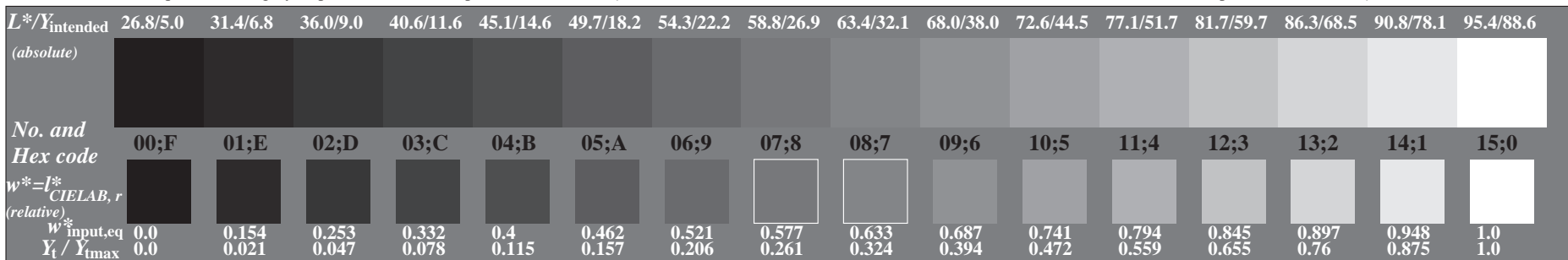
BAM registration: 20040101-CE70/10S/S70E40FP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta  
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range  $L^*:L^*_n = 95.4 : 26.8$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor

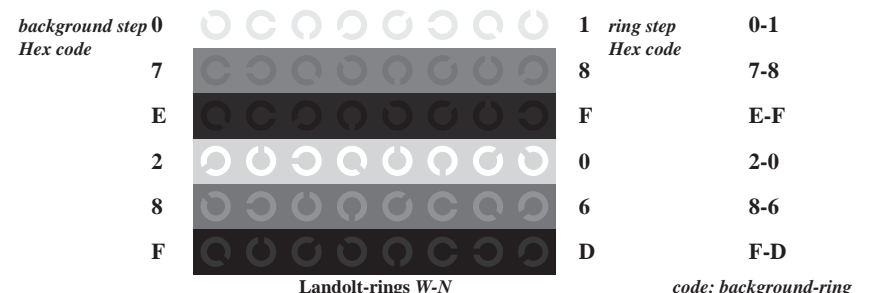


Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps +  $N_0$  +  $W_1$ ; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor

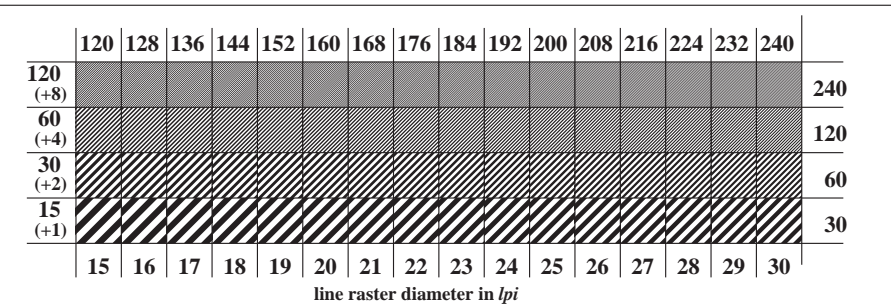


Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor

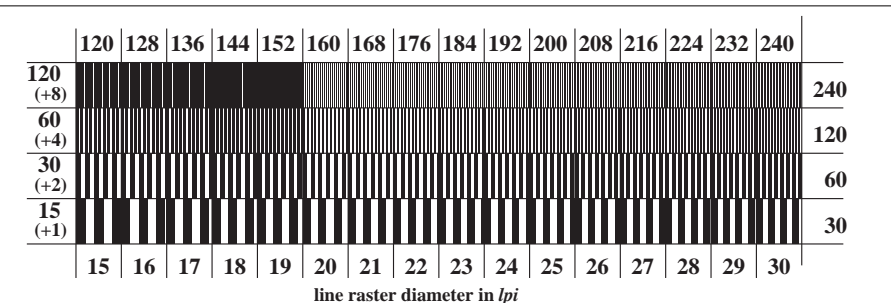
ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range  $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 5.0$   
 Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor



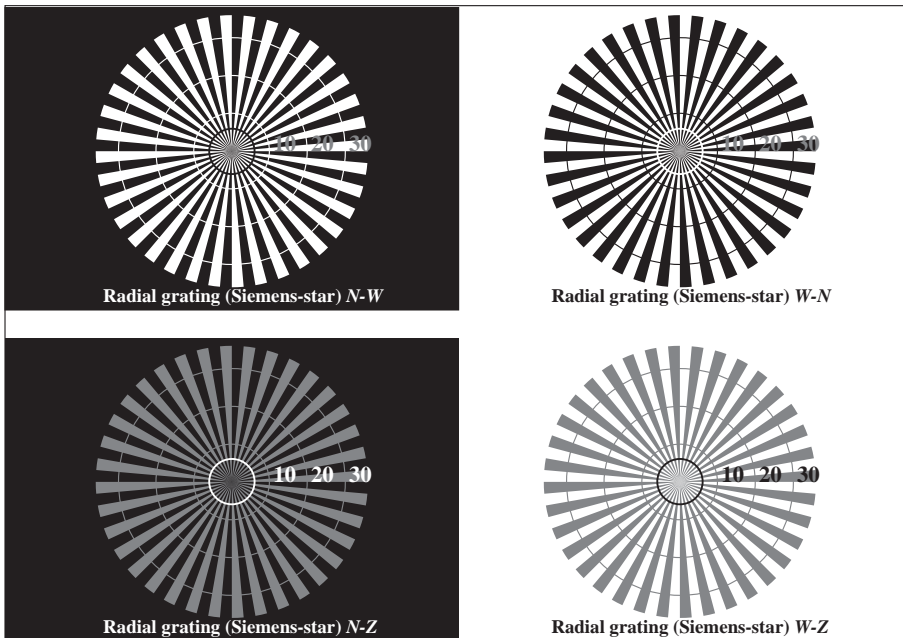
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n\* setcmykcolor

input: 000n\* setcmykcolor  
 output: no change compared to input

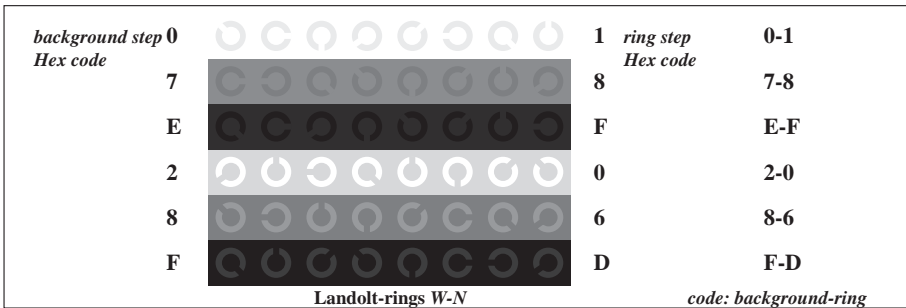
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE70/>  
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIEXYZ, 0.5 exp

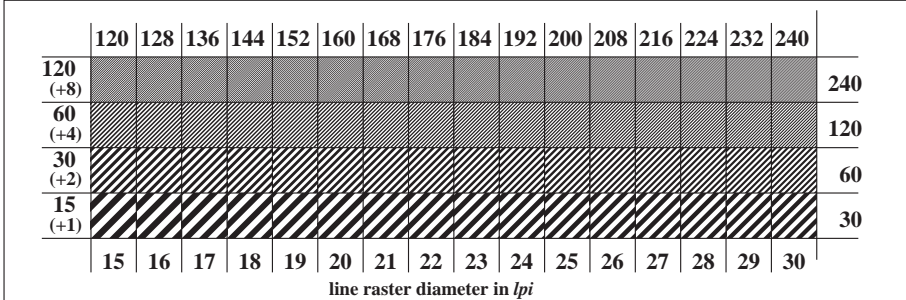
BAM registration: 20040101-CE70/10S/S70E50FP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta  
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range  $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 38.0$



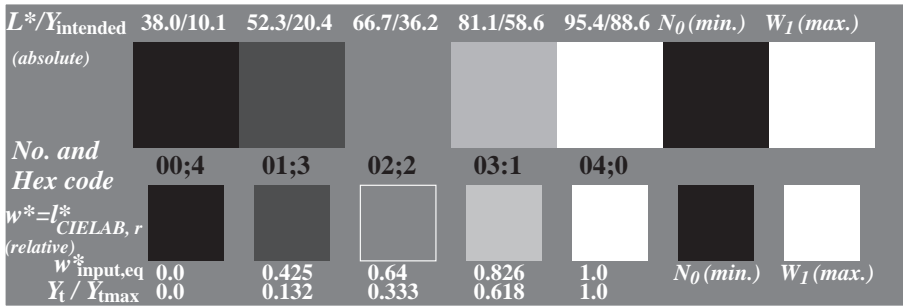
Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor



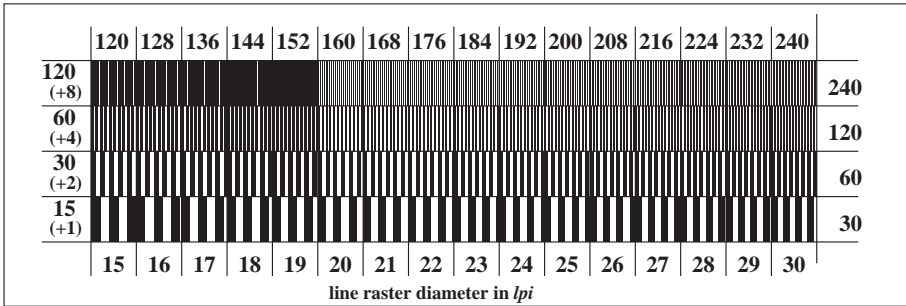
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor



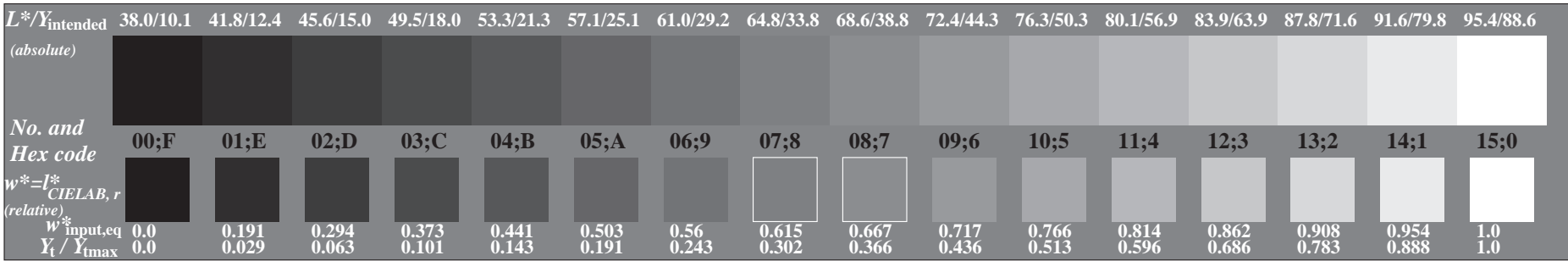
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps +  $N_0$  +  $W_1$ ; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n\* setcmykcolor

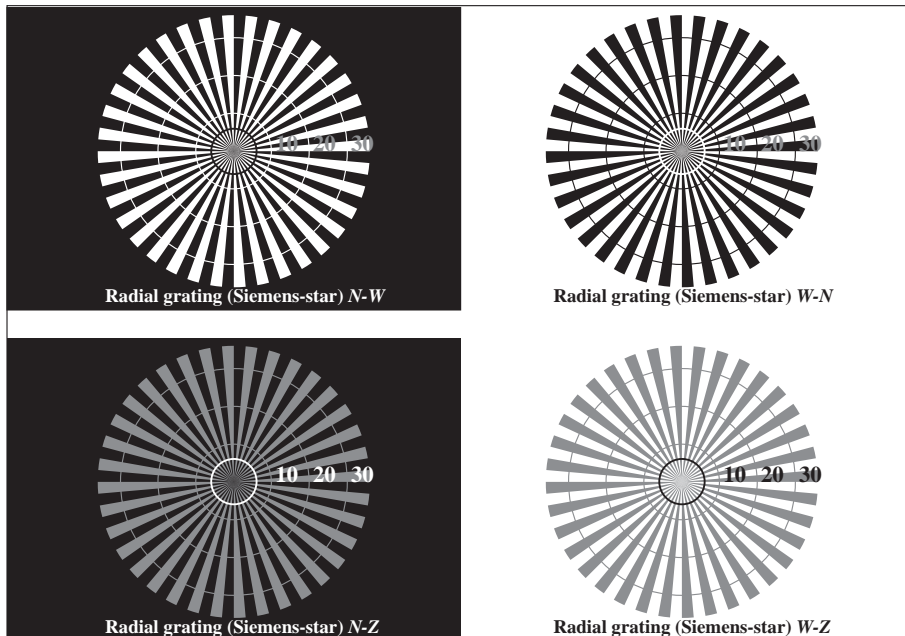


Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps; PS operator: 000n\* setcmykcolor

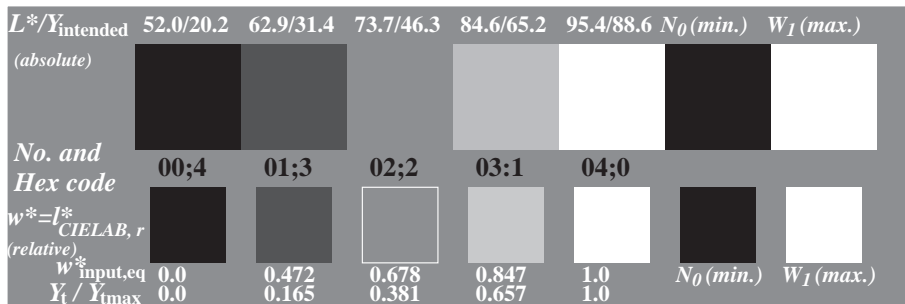
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE70/>  
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIEXYZ, 0.5 exp

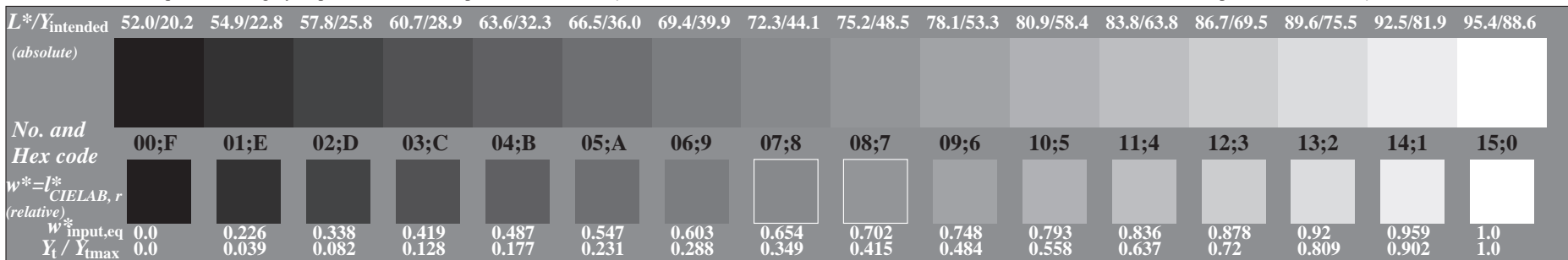
BAM registration: 20040101-CE70/10S/S70E60FP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta  
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range  $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 52.0$



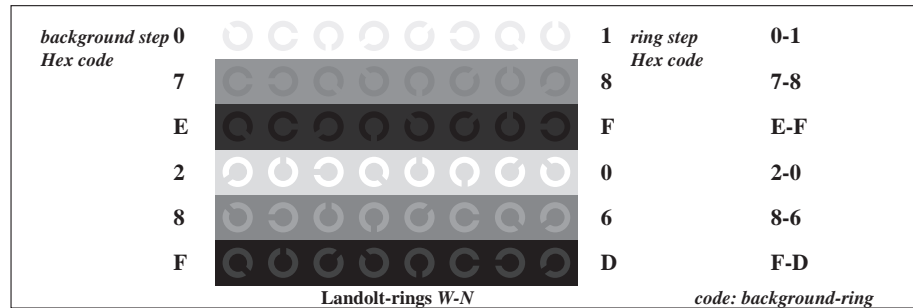
Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



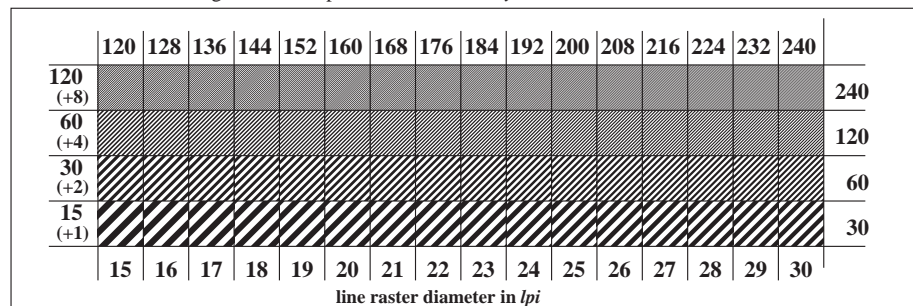
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps +  $N_0$  +  $W_1$ ; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



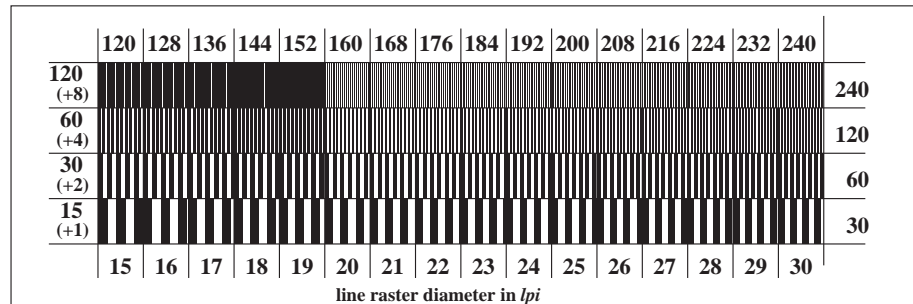
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor

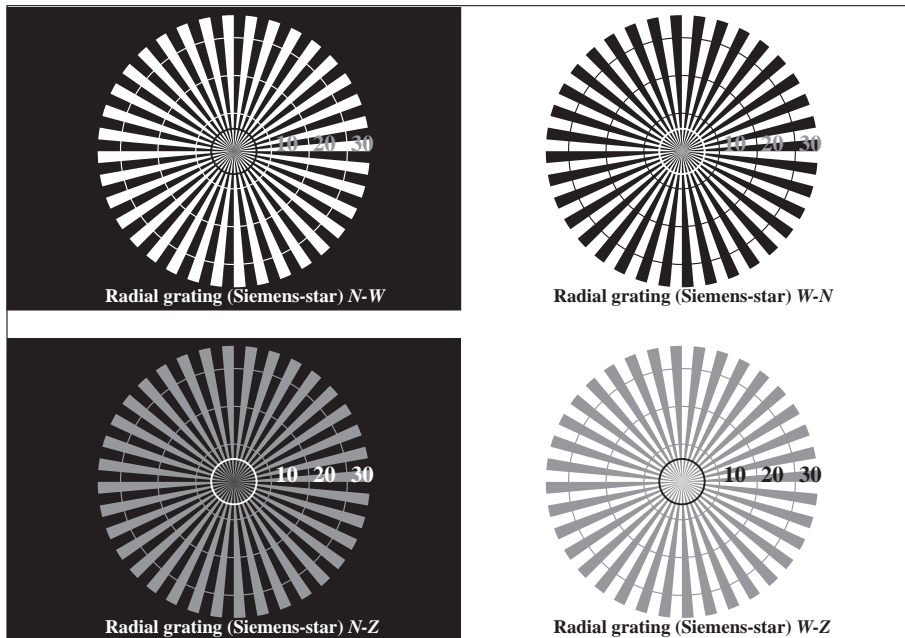


Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n\* setcmkcolor

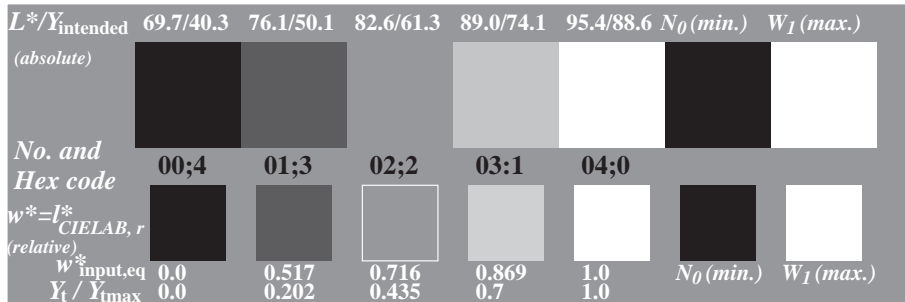
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE70/>  
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIEXYZ, 0.5 exp

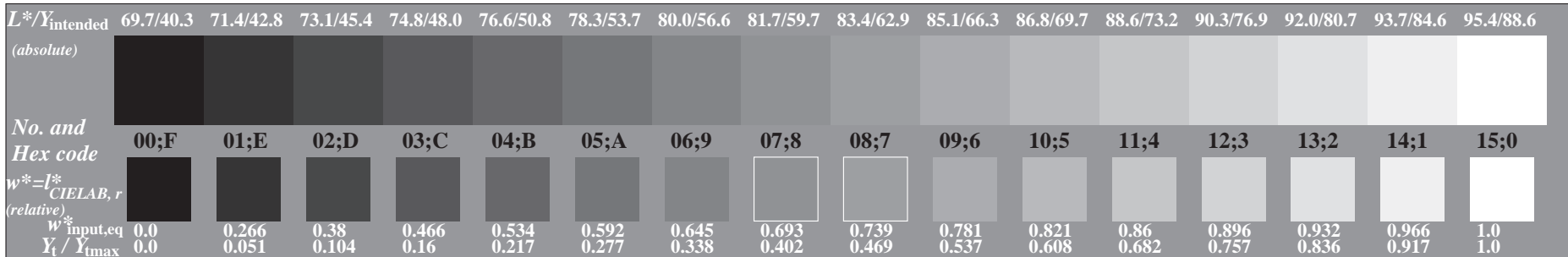
BAM registration: 20040101-CE70/10S/S70E70FP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta  
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range  $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 69.7$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor

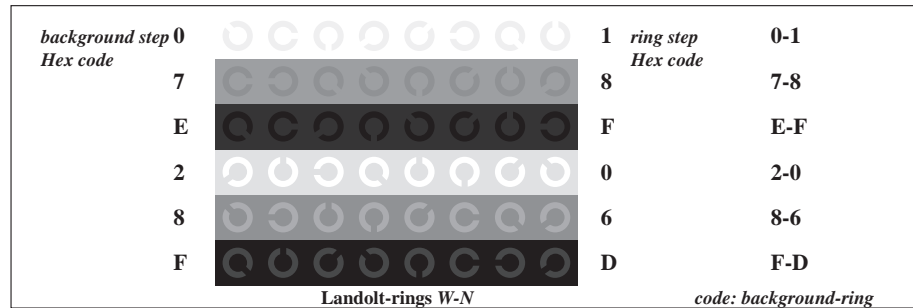


Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps +  $N_0$  +  $W_1$ ; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor

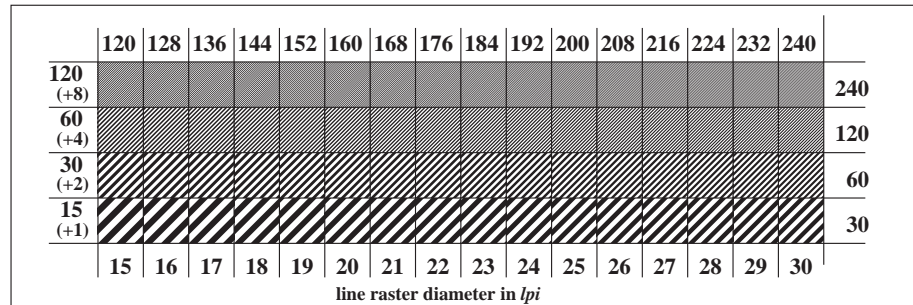


Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant  $L^*$ -grey steps; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor

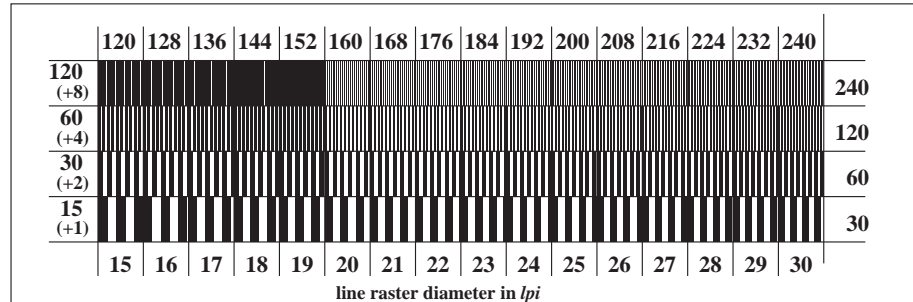
ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range  $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 40.3$   
 Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n\* setcmkcolor



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n\* setcmkcolor

input: 000n\* setcmkcolor  
 output: no change compared to input