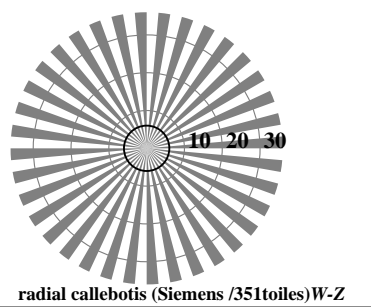
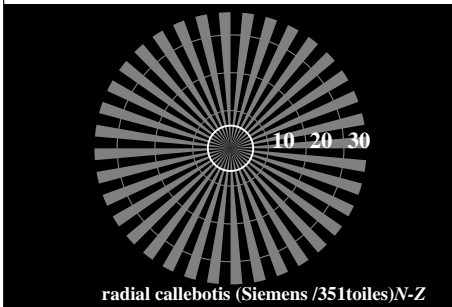
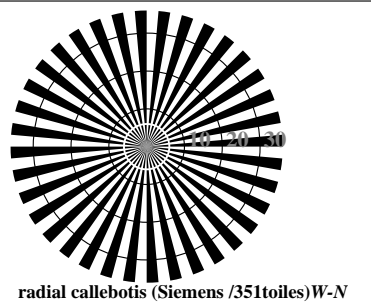
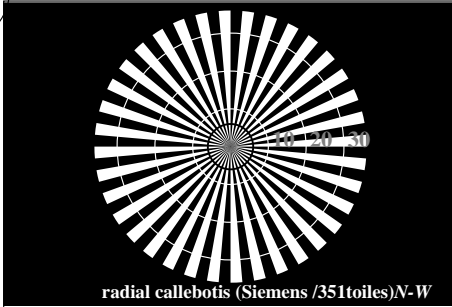
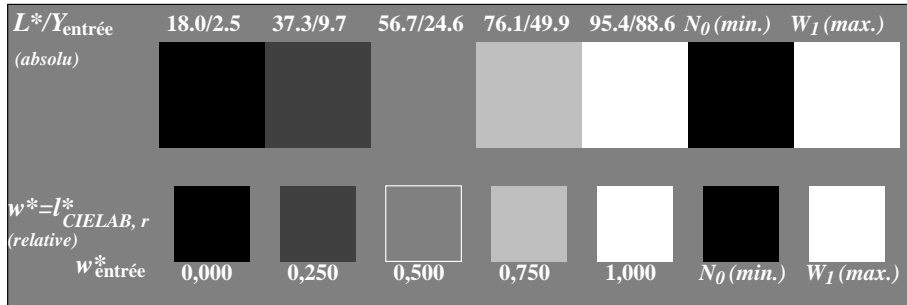


voir fichiers similaires: http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrik/RF99/RF99.HTM
Informations techniques: http://www.ps.bam.de ou http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrik

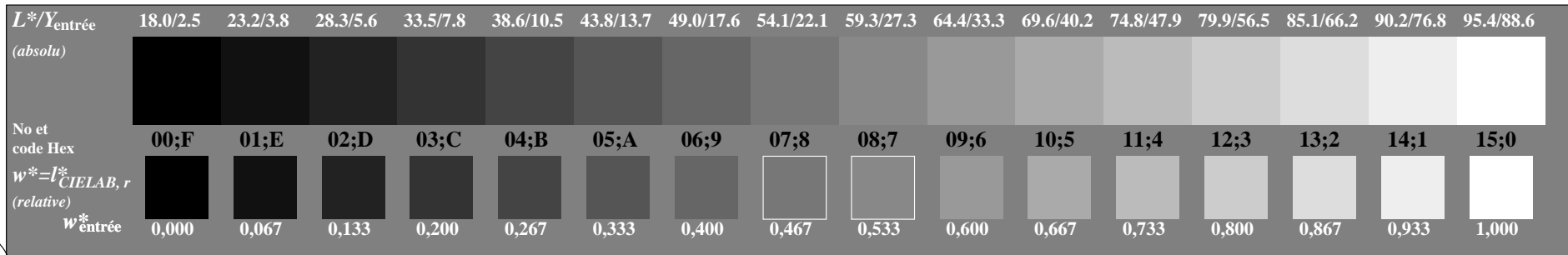
TUB enregistrement: 20150901-RF99/RF99LONP.PDF /.PS
application pour la mesure de sortie sur écran
TUB matériel: code=thata



RF990-3, Fig. A1W-: Élément A: radial callobotis N-W, W-N, N-Z et W-Z; PS operator: w* setgray



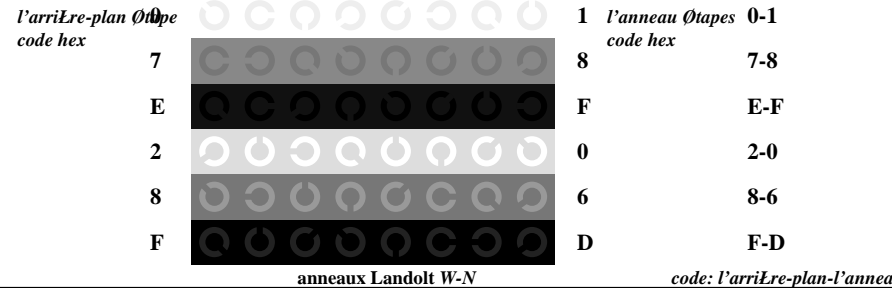
RF990-5, Fig. A2W-: Élément B: 5 équidistants L^* gris étapes + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: w* setgray



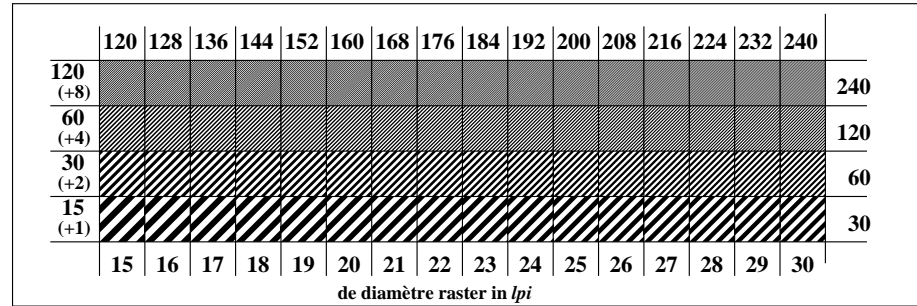
RF990-7, Fig. A3W-: Élément C: 16 équidistants L^* gris étapes; PS operator: w* setgray



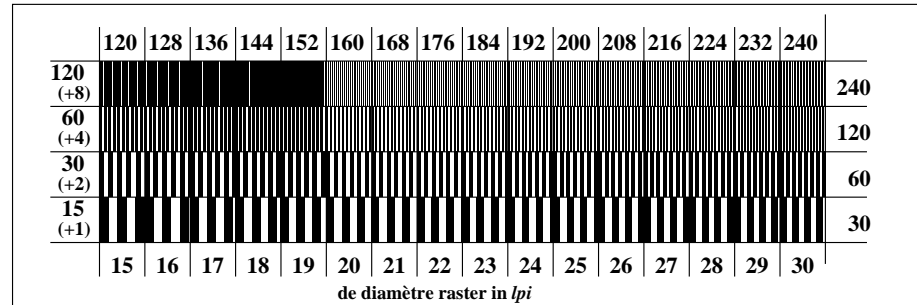
graphique RF99; ME16(ISO 9241-306), 3(ISO/IEC 15775)
achromatic graphique de test N



RF991-1, Fig. A4W-: Élément D: anneaux Landolt W-N; PS operator: w* setgray



RF991-3, Fig. A5W-: Élément E: Linge raster sous 45° (ou 135°) degré; PS operator: w* setgray



RF991-5, Fig. A6W-: Élément F: Linge raster sous 90° (ou 0°) degré; PS operator: w* setgray

entrée : rgb/cmyk -> rgb/cmyk
sortie : aucun changement

