

Line-element examples for grey samples ($0,2 \leq x \leq 5$)

$F_{\mathbf{u}}(x)$ is called the line-element function of $f_{\mathbf{u}}(x)$.

Both functions are normalized to the surround value:

$$\frac{d[F_{\mathbf{u}}(x)]}{dx} = f_{\mathbf{u}}(x) \quad [1]$$

$$F_{\mathbf{u}}(x) = \int \frac{f'_{\mathbf{u}}(x)}{f_{\mathbf{u}}(x)} dx \quad [2]$$

Example for the normalized functions with $x_{\mathbf{u}}=1$:

$$F_{\mathbf{u}}(x) = \frac{F(x)}{F(x_{\mathbf{u}})} = \frac{\ln(1+bx)}{\ln(1+b)} \quad [3]$$

$$f_{\mathbf{u}}(x) = \frac{f(x)}{f(x_{\mathbf{u}})} = \frac{1+bx}{1+b} \quad [4]$$