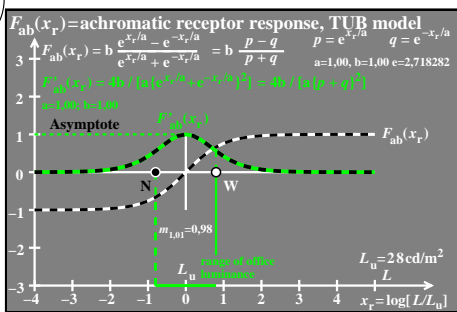


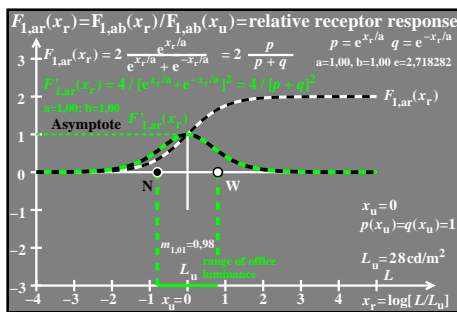
see similar files of the whole serie: <http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/hers.htm>
 technical information: <http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de> or <http://color.li.tu-berlin.de>

TUB registration: 20241201-her0/her010np.pdf / .ps
 application for evaluation and measurement of display or print output

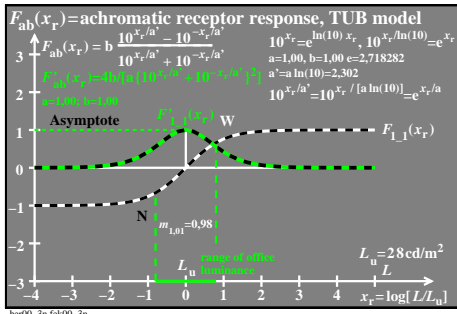
TUB material: code=rh4ta



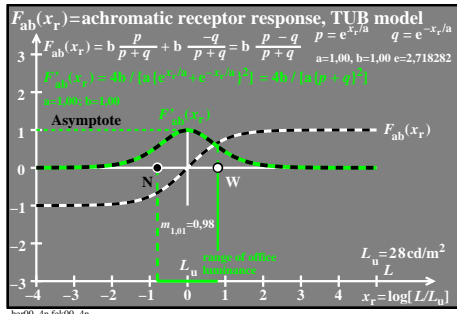
her0-1a fek00-1a



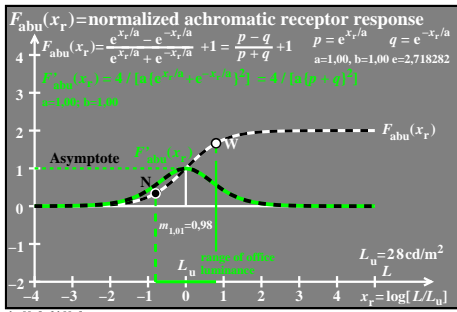
her00-2a fek00-2a



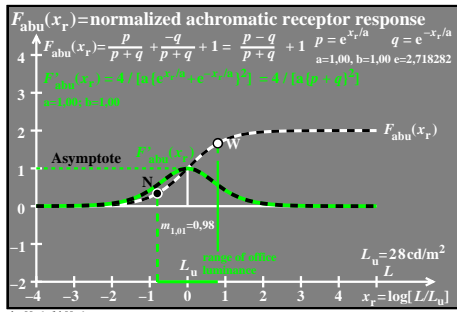
her00-3a fek00-3a



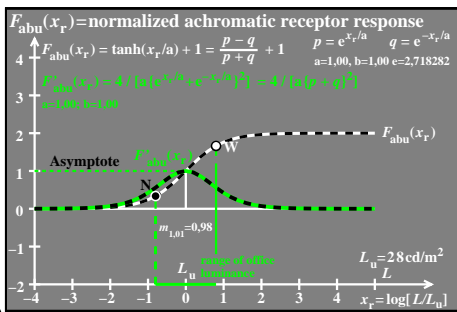
her00-4a fek00-4a



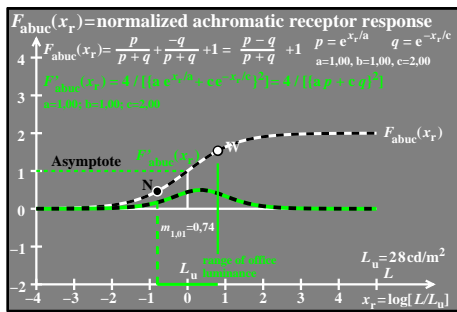
her00-5a fek00-5a



her00-6a fek00-6a



her00-7a fek00-7a



her00-8a fek00-8a

Mathematical equations of hyperbolic functions
 See: *Handbook of mathematical functions, NBS, USA, Sec. 4.5*

$$F_{ab}(x/a) = b \tanh(x/a) = b \frac{e^{x/a} - e^{-x/a}}{e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}} = b \frac{u(x/a)}{v(x/a)} \quad [1]$$

$$F'_{ab}(x/a) = b \frac{u'(x/a) v(x/a) - u(x/a) v'(x/a)}{v^2(x/a)} \quad [2]$$

$$F'_{ab}(x/a) = b \frac{v^2(x/a) - u^2(x/a)}{a v^2(x/a)} \quad [3]$$

$$F'_{ab}(x/a) = \frac{4b}{a [e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}]^2} = \frac{b}{a \cosh^2(x/a)} \quad [4]$$

her01-1a fek01-1a

Mathematical equations of hyperbolic functions
 See: *Handbook of mathematical functions, NBS, USA, Sec. 4.5*

$$F_{abu}(x/a) = [\tanh(x/a) + 1] / [\tanh(x_u/a) + 1] \quad [1u]$$

$$F'_{abu}(x/a) = \tanh(x/a) \text{ with } \tanh(x_u/a) = 0 \quad [2u]$$

$$F'_{abu}(x/a) = \frac{v^2(x/a) - u^2(x/a)}{a v^2(x/a)} \quad [3u]$$

$$F'_{abu}(x/a) = \frac{4}{a [e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}]^2} = \frac{1}{a \cosh^2(x/a)} \quad [4u]$$

her01-2a fek01-2a

Mathematical equations of hyperbolic functions
 See: *Handbook of mathematical functions, NBS, USA, Sec. 4.5*

$$F_{ab}(x/a) = b \tanh(x/a) = b \frac{e^{x/a} - e^{-x/a}}{e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}} = b \frac{u(x/a)}{v(x/a)} \quad [1]$$

$$F'_{ab}(x/a) = b \frac{u'(x/a) v(x/a) - u(x/a) v'(x/a)}{v^2(x/a)} \quad [2]$$

$$F'_{ab}(x/a) = b \frac{v^2(x/a) - u^2(x/a)}{a v^2(x/a)} \quad [3]$$

$$F'_{ab}(x/a) = \frac{4b}{a [e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}]^2} = \frac{b}{a \cosh^2(x/a)} \quad [4]$$

her01-3a fek01-3a

Mathematical equations of hyperbolic functions
 See: *Handbook of mathematical functions, NBS, USA, Sec. 4.5*

$$F_{abu}(x/a) = \tanh(x/a) = \frac{e^{x/a} - e^{-x/a}}{e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}} = \frac{u(x/a)}{v(x/a)} \quad [1u]$$

$$F'_{abu}(x/a) = \frac{u'(x/a) v(x/a) - u(x/a) v'(x/a)}{v^2(x/a)} \quad [2u]$$

$$F'_{abu}(x/a) = \frac{v^2(x/a) - u^2(x/a)}{a v^2(x/a)} \quad [3u]$$

$$F'_{abu}(x/a) = \frac{4}{a [e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}]^2} = \frac{1}{a \cosh^2(x/a)} \quad [4u]$$

her01-4a fek01-4a

Mathematical equations of hyperbolic functions
 See: *Handbook of mathematical functions, NBS, USA, Sec. 4.5*

$$F_{ab}(x/a) = b \tanh(x/a) = b \frac{e^{x/a} - e^{-x/a}}{e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}} \quad [1]$$

$$\frac{dF_{ab}(x/a)}{dx} = \frac{4b}{a [e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}]^2} = \frac{b}{a \cosh^2(x/a)} \quad [4]$$

$$\frac{dF_{ab}(x_r/a)}{dx_r} = \frac{4b}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \quad x_r = \log(L/L_u) \quad [5]$$

$$\frac{dF_{ab}(x_r/a)}{dx_r} \frac{dx_r}{dL} = \frac{4b}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \frac{\ln(10)}{L} \quad [6]$$

her01-5a fek01-5a

Mathematical equations of hyperbolic functions
 See: *Handbook of mathematical functions, NBS, USA, Sec. 4.5*

$$F_{abu}(x/a) = \tanh(x/a) = \frac{e^{x/a} - e^{-x/a}}{e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}} \quad [1u]$$

$$\frac{dF_{abu}(x/a)}{dx} = \frac{4}{a [e^{x/a} + e^{-x/a}]^2} = \frac{1}{a \cosh^2(x/a)} \quad [4u]$$

$$\frac{dF_{abu}(x_r/a)}{dx_r} = \frac{4}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \quad x_r = \log(L/L_u) \quad [5u]$$

$$\frac{dF_{abu}(x_r/a)}{dx_r} \frac{dx_r}{dL} = \frac{4}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \frac{\ln(10)}{L} \quad [6u]$$

her01-6a fek01-6a

Mathematical equations of hyperbolic functions
 See: *Handbook of mathematical functions, NBS, USA, Sec. 4.5*

$$F_{ab}(x_r/a) = b \tanh(x_r/a) = b \frac{e^{x_r/a} - e^{-x_r/a}}{e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}} \quad [1]$$

$$\frac{dF_{ab}(x_r/a)}{dx_r} = \frac{4b}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \quad x_r = \log(L/L_u) \quad [5]$$

$$\frac{dF_{ab}(x_r/a)}{dx_r} \frac{dx_r}{dL} = \frac{4b}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \frac{\ln(10)}{L} \quad [6]$$

$$\frac{L}{dL} = \frac{4b \ln(10)}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \quad dL = \frac{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2 L}{4b \ln(10)} \quad [7]$$

her01-7a fek01-7a

Mathematical equations of hyperbolic functions
 See: *Handbook of mathematical functions, NBS, USA, Sec. 4.5*

$$F_{abu}(x_r/a) = \tanh(x_r/a) = \frac{e^{x_r/a} - e^{-x_r/a}}{e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}} \quad [1u]$$

$$\frac{dF_{abu}(x_r/a)}{dx_r} = \frac{4}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \quad x_r = \log(L/L_u) \quad [5u]$$

$$\frac{dF_{abu}(x_r/a)}{dx_r} \frac{dx_r}{dL} = \frac{4}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \frac{\ln(10)}{L} \quad [6u]$$

$$\frac{L}{dL} = \frac{4 \ln(10)}{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2} \quad dL = \frac{a [e^{x_r/a} + e^{-x_r/a}]^2 L}{4 \ln(10)} \quad [7u]$$

her01-8a fek01-8a

TUB-test chart her0; Model of normalized response function $F_{ab}(x_r)$ and derivation $F'_{ab}(x_r)$
 Mathematical calculation of the derivation $F'_{ab}(x_r)$, of the contrast $L/\Delta L$, and the discrimination ΔL