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 application for evaluation and measurement of display or print output
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Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=300$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) L_T^n - B_a(L_a, \phi)$ [1]
 $B_a(L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]$ (n=0,31) [2]
 $L_{LT}(L_a, \phi) = [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]^{1/n}$ (=(black threshold) [3]

L_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_a(L_a, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi)$	L_{LT}	L_a/L_T	
300	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	99,99	3,75	79,99
300	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	34,60	99,99	3,75	79,99
300	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	34,60	99,99	3,99	75,07
300	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	34,60	100,00	4,45	67,31
300	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	34,60	99,99	5,42	55,33
300	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	34,60	100,00	10,10	29,68
300	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	34,60	99,99	14,37	20,86
300	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	99,99	3,75	79,99

hes30-1a j=0, L_a=300, L_{aj}=300, φ=120', B_a=34,60, B_{YT}^{*}=99,99

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=300$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi) = s_x(\phi) L_T^n - d_{Yra}(\phi)$ [1]
 $B_a(L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]$ (n=0,31) [2]
 $s_x(\phi) = C_T(\phi)$ [3] $d_{Yra}(\phi) = B_a(L_a, \phi)$ [4] (s=scaling factor)

L_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_a(L_a, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi)$	$s_x(\phi)$	$d_{Yra}(\phi)$	
300	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	99,99	22,96	34,60
300	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	34,60	99,99	22,96	34,60
300	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	34,60	99,99	23,12	35,53
300	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	34,60	100,00	23,41	37,21
300	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	34,60	99,99	23,97	40,48
300	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	34,60	100,00	26,23	53,74
300	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	34,60	99,99	27,97	63,91
300	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	99,99	22,96	34,60

hes30-2a j=0, L_a=300, L_{aj}=300, φ=120', B_a=34,60, B_{YT}^{*}=99,99, s_x=22,96, d_{Yra}=34,60

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=200$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) L_T^n - B_a(L_a, \phi)$ [1]
 $B_a(L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]$ (n=0,31) [2]
 $L_{LT}(L_a, \phi) = [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]^{1/n}$ (=(black threshold) [3]

L_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_a(L_a, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi)$	L_{LT}	L_a/L_T	
200	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	30,71	87,99	2,55	78,36
200	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	30,71	87,98	2,72	73,51
200	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	30,71	87,99	3,05	65,36
200	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	30,71	87,81	3,73	53,51
200	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	30,71	87,63	6,99	28,58
200	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	30,71	87,52	9,95	20,09
200	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	30,71	87,19	15,35	13,02
200	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	30,71	87,99	2,55	78,36

hes31-1a j=2, L_a=300, L_{aj}=200, φ=120', B_a=30,71, B_{YT}^{*}=87,99

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=200$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi) = s_x(\phi) L_T^n - d_{Yra}(\phi)$ [1]
 $B_a(L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]$ (n=0,31) [2]
 $s_x(\phi) = C_T(\phi)$ [3] $d_{Yra}(\phi) = B_a(L_a, \phi)$ [4] (s=scaling factor)

L_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_a(L_a, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi)$	$s_x(\phi)$	$d_{Yra}(\phi)$	
200	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	30,71	87,99	22,96	30,71
200	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	30,71	87,98	23,12	31,54
200	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	30,71	87,99	23,41	33,11
200	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	30,71	87,81	23,97	36,07
200	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	30,71	87,63	26,23	47,94
200	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	30,71	87,52	27,97	57,02
200	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	30,71	87,19	30,74	71,70
200	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	30,71	87,99	22,96	30,71

hes31-2a j=2, L_a=300, L_{aj}=200, φ=120', B_a=30,71, B_{YT}^{*}=87,99, s_x=22,96, d_{Yra}=30,71

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=300$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_r, L_r, \phi) = [C_T(\phi) L_T^n - B_r(L_r, \phi)] B_{ra}^*$ [1]
 $B_r(L_r, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_r^n]$ (n=0,31, B_{ra}^{*}=B_{YT}^{*}/B_{LT,ra}^{*}) [2]
 $L_{Yr}(L_a, \phi) = [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_r^n]^{1/n} B_{ra}^*$ (=(black threshold) [3]

Y_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_r(L_r, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_r, \phi)$	L_{Yr}	L_a/L_T	
300	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	99,99	3,75	79,99
300	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	34,60	99,99	3,75	79,99
300	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	34,60	99,99	3,99	75,07
300	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	34,60	100,00	4,45	67,31
300	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	34,60	99,99	5,42	55,33
300	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	34,60	100,00	10,10	29,68
300	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	34,60	99,99	14,37	20,86
300	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	99,99	3,75	79,99

hes30-3a j=0, L_a=300, L_{aj}=300, φ=120', B_a=34,60, B_{YT}^{*}=99,99

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=300$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_r, L_r, \phi) = s_{Yra}(\phi) L_T^n - d_{Yra}(\phi)$ [1]
 $B_r(L_r, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_r^n]$ (n=0,31, B_{ra}^{*}=B_{YT}^{*}/B_{LT,ra}^{*}) [2]
 $s_{Yra}(\phi) = C_T(\phi) B_{ra}^*$ [3] $d_{Yra}(\phi) = B_r(L_r, \phi) B_{ra}^*$ [4] (s=scaling factor)

Y_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_r(L_r, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_r, \phi)$	$s_{Yra}(\phi)$	$d_{Yra}(\phi)$	
300	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	99,99	22,96	34,60
300	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	34,60	99,99	22,96	34,60
300	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	34,60	99,99	23,12	35,53
300	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	34,60	100,00	23,41	37,21
300	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	34,60	99,99	23,97	40,48
300	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	34,60	100,00	26,23	53,74
300	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	34,60	99,99	27,97	63,91
300	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	99,99	22,96	34,60

hes30-4a j=0, L_a=300, L_{aj}=300, φ=120', B_a=34,60, B_{YT}^{*}=99,99, s_{Yra}=22,96, d_{Yra}=34,60

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=200$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_r, L_r, \phi) = [C_T(\phi) L_T^n - B_r(L_r, \phi)] B_{ra}^*$ [1]
 $B_r(L_r, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_r^n]$ (n=0,31, B_{ra}^{*}=B_{YT}^{*}/B_{LT,ra}^{*}) [2]
 $L_{Yr}(L_a, \phi) = [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_r^n]^{1/n} B_{ra}^*$ (=(black threshold) [3]

Y_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_r(L_r, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_r, \phi)$	L_{Yr}	L_a/L_T	
200	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	95,57	2,90	78,36
200	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	34,60	95,45	3,09	73,51
200	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	34,60	95,22	3,47	65,36
200	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	34,60	94,78	4,24	53,51
200	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	34,60	93,00	7,95	28,58
200	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	34,60	91,64	11,31	20,09
200	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	34,60	89,45	17,45	13,02
200	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	95,57	2,90	78,36

hes31-3a j=2, L_a=300, L_{aj}=200, φ=120', B_a=34,60, B_{YT}^{*}=95,57

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=200$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_r, L_r, \phi) = s_{Yra}(\phi) L_T^n - d_{Yra}(\phi)$ [1]
 $B_r(L_r, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_r^n]$ (n=0,31, B_{ra}^{*}=B_{YT}^{*}/B_{LT,ra}^{*}) [2]
 $s_{Yra}(\phi) = C_T(\phi) B_{ra}^*$ [3] $d_{Yra}(\phi) = B_r(L_r, \phi) B_{ra}^*$ [4] (s=scaling factor)

Y_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_r(L_r, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_r, \phi)$	$s_{Yra}(\phi)$	$d_{Yra}(\phi)$	
200	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	95,57	26,10	34,90
200	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	34,60	95,45	26,28	35,84
200	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	34,60	95,22	26,60	37,63
200	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	34,60	94,78	27,24	40,99
200	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	34,60	93,00	29,81	54,49
200	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	34,60	91,64	31,78	64,81
200	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	34,60	89,45	34,94	81,48
200	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	34,60	95,57	26,10	34,90

hes31-4a j=2, L_a=300, L_{aj}=200, φ=120', B_a=34,60, B_{YT}^{*}=95,57, s_{Yra}=26,10, d_{Yra}=34,90

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=1000$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) L_T^n - B_a(L_a, \phi)$ [1]
 $B_a(L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]$ (n=0,31) [2]
 $L_{LT}(L_a, \phi) = [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]^{1/n}$ (=(black threshold) [3]

L_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_a(L_a, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi)$	L_{LT}	L_a/L_T	
1000	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	49,51	145,98	11,91	83,94
1000	100'	23,128	0,0747	0,2494	49,51	146,02	12,68	78,86
1000	90'	23,415	0,1086	0,2526	49,51	146,39	13,85	72,15
1000	60'	23,973	0,1313	0,2657	49,51	146,66	16,69	59,88
1000	30'	26,235	0,1797	0,3188	49,51	147,37	30,80	32,46
1000	20'	27,971	0,2013	0,3555	49,51	147,78	43,81	22,82
1000	10'	30,747	0,2730	0,3984	49,51	149,03	65,96	15,16
1000	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	49,51	145,98	11,91	83,94

hes30-5a j=1, L_a=300, L_{aj}=1000, φ=120', B_a=49,51, B_{YT}^{*}=145,98

Relationship brightness B_{YT}^* and luminance L_T as function of tristimulus value Y_T for the adaptation luminance $L_a=1000$ cd/m²

brightness B_{YT}^* [1]
 $B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi) = s_x(\phi) L_T^n - d_{Yra}(\phi)$ [1]
 $B_a(L_a, \phi) = C_T(\phi) [S_0(\phi) + S_1(\phi) L_a^n]$ (n=0,31) [2]
 $s_x(\phi) = C_T(\phi)$ [3] $d_{Yra}(\phi) = B_a(L_a, \phi)$ [4] (s=scaling factor)

L_T	$C_T(\phi)$	$S_0(\phi)$	$S_1(\phi)$	$B_a(L_a, \phi)$	$B_{YT}^*(L_T, L_a, \phi)$	$s_x(\phi)$	$d_{Yra}(\phi)$	
1000	120'	22,969	0,0718	0,2448	49,51	145,98	22,96	49,51
10								