

$\log[(Y/\Delta Y) / (Y/\Delta Y)_u]$

HAULAB-Y-Kontrast
normiert für $(Y/\Delta Y)_u$

$$C_r/C_{ru} = (Y/\Delta Y)/(Y/\Delta Y)_u$$

2 $100 L^* = s(Y/Y_n)^n - d \quad (Y_n=100, Y_u=12, s=163,9, n=0,31, d=36,8) [1a]$

$L^* = r(Y/Y_u)^n - d \quad (r = s(Y_u/Y_n)^n = 96,32, L^*_u = r - d = 59,4) [1b]$

Y_curve, ij=31, Y_{uij}=12, L*_{uij}=50

1 $k=99, Y_{kij}=200, L^*_{kij}=147,5, (Y/\Delta Y)/(Y/\Delta Y)_u=1,88$

$k=12, Y_{kij}=113, L^*_{kij}=120,5, (Y/\Delta Y)/(Y/\Delta Y)_u=1,00$

$k=1, Y_{kij}=102, L^*_{kij}=116,1, (Y/\Delta Y)/(Y/\Delta Y)_u=0,56$

$k=0, Y_{kij}=101, L^*_{kij}=115,7, (Y/\Delta Y)/(Y/\Delta Y)_u=0,45$

0 $m_{nu} = n = 0,310$

$m_u = 0,287$

0,1 1 10 100 $Y_u=18$ 100

0,250 0,011 $Y_u=12$

0,492
0,275
 $\phi=30'$
 $L_{aw}=40 \text{ cd/m}^2$

Anwendungsbereich

-1 0 1 2 $\log Y$